

ROOSEVELT SENDS POSTWAR CUSHION PLAN TO CONGRESS FOR EARLY STUDY

Submits Cradle-to-Grave
Social Security Pro-
posals Also, and Urges
Full Consideration at
This Session.

AID FOR SOLDIERS AND WAR WORKERS

Resources Planning
Board Envisions Big-
Scale Work Projects,
Retention of Tax Set-
Up and Price Control.

WASHINGTON, March 10. (AP).—President Roosevelt sent to Congress today Resources Planning Board reports calling for cushioning the postwar economy and for expansion of social security to cover individuals from birth to the grave.

He transmitted two proposals, one dealing with postwar plans and wartime planning activities and the other with the question of security, work and relief policies.

Because of their basic importance to the national welfare during and after the war, Roosevelt said in a message, "It is my earnest hope that the Congress will give these matters full consideration during this session." He added:

"We must not return to the inequities, insecurity and fears of the past, but ought to move forward toward the promise of the future."

Demobilization Proposals.
The Resources Board set forth recommendations both for demobilization of the armed forces and of civilians in war work. It looked forward to demobilization day as meaning that job guarantees must be provided, disarming wages paid for war workers, and with rationing and price control retained in the transition period.

The board, which is headed by Frederic A. Delano, the President's uncle, suggested that retention of a graduated tax structure and broadened tax base will be needed, with major emphasis on the individual income tax and less reliance on the corporate income levy together with a sharp reduction in consumption taxes.

It envisioned the development of plans now for large-scale public works project after the war, covering everything from housing to interconnecting power lines.

Six Social Steps.
In the field of social security, the board called for these six immediate steps:

Enactment of permanent and temporary disability insurance.
Extension of coverage of old-age insurance.

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Snow and 18 to 22

THE TEMPERATURES.

2 a. m.	47
3 a. m.	46
4 a. m.	45
5 a. m.	44
6 a. m.	43
7 a. m.	42
8 a. m.	41
9 a. m.	40
10 a. m.	39
11 a. m.	38
12 noon	37
1 p. m.	36
2 p. m.	35
3 p. m.	34
4 p. m.	33
5 p. m.	32
6 p. m.	31
7 p. m.	30
8 p. m.	29
9 p. m.	28
10 p. m.	27
11 p. m.	26
12 midnight	25

Normal maximum this date, 50; normal minimum, 33.
Yesterday's high, 58 (5:15 p. m.); low, 25 (6:30 a. m.).
Weather in other cities—Page 5D.

Official forecast for St. Louis and vicinity: Colder tonight and tomorrow; lowest temperature tonight 18 to 22; light snow to night.

Missouri: Colder tonight, snow flurries in extreme southeast portion; somewhat colder in southeast portion, little change in temperature in other portions to morning forenoon.

Illinois: Cold wave, with temperatures falling to 5 to 10 above in northwest and west central portions, and decidedly colder, with temperatures falling to 20 to 25 above, in remainder of State to night and tomorrow forenoon; snow in northeast and central portions, and rain changing to snow in extreme south portion.

Sunset, 7:03; sunrise (tomorrow), 7:19.

Stage of the Mississippi at St. Louis, 6.7 feet, a rise of 0.6; the Missouri at St. Charles, 10.4 feet, a fall of 0.8.

All weather data, including forecast and temperatures, supplied by U. S. Weather Bureau.

MILK FOR TOTS, IF NOT HOT TOTS.

POST-DISPATCH WEATHER SERVICE, U. S. PAT. OFF.

3 Killed, One Hurt



BETTY LOU McCLAIN (left), injured, and her sister, BEVERLY ANN, burned to death.



VIRGINIA EVELINE McCLAIN (left) and her sister, LINDA MAE, both killed. (Additional pictures in the Everyday Magazine.)

LOBBYISTS 'CHASED' FROM FLOOR OF MISSOURI HOUSE

Told They May See Members Before or After Sessions but Not in Chamber.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, March 10.—Several hard-working lobbyists who were busy in the side lobbies of the House talking to Legislators, and summoning members from the floor for conferences, were "chased" from the House chamber this afternoon by Speaker Howard Elliott, who said he was doing it "for the protection of the members."

Elliott said he had observed considerable lobbying in progress and that complaints had been made to him about these activities. He said the House rule barring lobbyists from the floor and side lobbies would be strictly enforced and that the lobbyists must use the upper galleries if they desired to observe House members at work.

"There is plenty of time to see members after adjournment without coming in here on the House floor," the Speaker said.

SELF-STYLED INFORMER FOUND TO BE HIMSELF A FUGITIVE

Wanted \$100 From F. B. I. for His Information on Another Man

He Said Was Wanted.

CHICAGO, March 10. (AP).—A self-styled informer was a double loser in a scheme he proposed to the Federal Bureau of Investigation yesterday.

Spencer Drayton, Chicago F. B. I. chief, said that a man came to his office and offered to disclose the whereabouts of a fugitive—for a price. He set his price at \$100, but when he refused to identify himself, or the supposed fugitive, Drayton had him fingerprinted and found the man was himself a fugitive.

Drayton said the man was Robert Lahey, 35 years old, a bartender of Monaca, Ill., who served a term at Jackson (Mich.) Prison for automobile larceny and who was wanted for violation of the Dyer Act. "I thought I could pick up a little easy money," Drayton said Lahey told him after his identity had been disclosed.

CONDITION OF J. P. MORGAN REPORTED SLIGHTLY IMPROVED

BOCA GRANDE, Fla., March 10. (AP).—A "slight but definite improvement" in the condition of J. P. Morgan, who is suffering here from a recurrence of an old heart ailment, was reported by his representative today.

A bulletin issued at 10:50 a. m. in New York read:

"There has been a slight but definite improvement over the past 24 hours in Mr. Morgan's condition."

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THREE CHILDREN BURN TO DEATH IN SOUTH SIDE FLAT

Mother, Fourth Daughter Severely Injured When Coal Oil Stove Explodes, Starts Fire.

NEIGHBOR SAVES TWO FROM FLAMES

Turned Back in Efforts to Rescue Little Girls From Home at 2805A Geyer Avenue.

Three children were burned to death and their mother and an older sister were injured seriously, shortly before 11 o'clock this morning, when fire from an exploding coal oil stove swept through their second-floor flat at 2805A Geyer avenue.

The children are the daughters of Charles McClain, a laborer. Those who were killed were: Linda Mae, 10 months old; Virginia Eveline, 2 years old, and Beverly Ann, 3.

The mother, Mrs. Dorothy McClain, 23, suffered severe burns over her entire body, and another daughter, Betty Lou, 6, was cut on her face and head by flying glass.

Police learned from Mrs. McClain, at City Hospital, that she was attempting to refill the stove in a rear bedroom of their four-room flat when the stove exploded, spraying her with flaming oil and setting fire to furnishings.

Neighbor's Efforts

Werner Zinn, owner of a bakery at 1901 California avenue, oblique across the street from the flat, heard the explosion. When he saw flames leaping from the windows he told a Post-Dispatch reporter, he ran into the flat.

In a second-floor hallway, he met Betty Lou, whose dress was covered with blood from the cuts on her face, but who was not burned. He carried her outside and re-entered. This time, he found Mrs. McClain, dead, standing in the flaming room, her clothing virtually burned from her body.

"I had to argue with her to get out of the place," he said. "I could hear the other children screaming, but I couldn't see them and I couldn't get through the flames to them. Finally, I just dragged Mrs. McClain down the stairs and outside."

Zinn, an auxiliary fireman of Civilian Defense, made three more attempts to get into the flat before firemen arrived, he said, but each time was driven back by the rapidly spreading fire.

Bodies Found in Kitchen

The charred bodies of the three little girls were found huddled together under the kitchen sink by firemen who reached them about half an hour after the fire started.

Flames were brought under control in an hour. Firemen estimated damage to the building at \$1500 and to the contents \$200.

The father was called from his work at National Bearing Metals Corporation, 4930 Manchester avenue, and taken to the hospital by police.

66 FROM TORPEDOED U. S. SHIP LANDED IN BRITAIN; 9 MISSING

Announcement on Survivors is Made in London by United States Shipping Board.

LONDON, March 10. (AP).—Sixty-six survivors of a torpedoed United States freighter have landed at a British port, the United States Shipping Board announced today. Nine of the crew are missing.

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HOUSE COMMITTEE APPROVES 20 PCT. WITHHOLDING TAX

No Abatement Provided, Option Given for Doubling Up to Achieve Pay-as-You-Go.

CANCELING LEVY LEFT TO CHAMBER

'The Mountain Has Labored and Brought Forth a Mouse,' Say Republican Dissenters.

WASHINGTON, March 10. (AP).—The House Ways and Means Committee approved today a compromise income tax collection plan imposing a 20 per cent withholding levy on taxable portions of all wages and salaries and leaving to each individual the option of remaining a year behind in tax payments or doubling up taxes in one year and going on a pay-as-you-go basis.

No tax abatement is provided. The withholding levy against pay envelopes and salary checks would become effective July 1.

The committee thus abandoned all long-debated current tax collection proposals, and transferred to the House floor the issue of whether one tax year should be canceled to put all taxpayers on a pay-as-you-go basis, as proposed by Beardsley Ruml, New York banker.

Approving the compromise plan were 15 Democrats and one Republican, Gearhart of California. Nine Republicans were in opposition.

Republicans Issued a Statement

Saying "The mountain has labored and brought forth a mouse," and "It is obvious that the House will have to take the matter into its own hands if taxpayers are to be made current."

The 20 per cent withholding levy (covering both income and victory taxes) would not be an additional tax, but a means of collection against actual taxes.

Explanation of Plan.

A spokesman for the Ways and Means Committee gave this explanation:

"The plan continues the existing system of collecting the individual income tax with the following exceptions:

"1. Collections in 1943—Start withholding as to wages and salaries on July 1, 1943, at a 20 per cent rate (on the taxable portion of this income). The tax collected at the source will be applied against the current 1942 tax due from the taxpayer (last part of 1942). To the extent that any tax collected at the source exceeds the 1942 tax liability it will be credited against the tax for 1943 or subsequent years.

"2. In the case of new taxpayers whose entire tax liability has been withheld at the source, the amount withheld will be credited against the tax for 1943 or subsequent years.

"3. In the case of taxpayers whose entire tax liability has been withheld at the source, the amount withheld will be credited against the tax for 1943 or subsequent years.

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REDS ADMIT 100-MILE NAZI ADVANCE FIERCE FIGHTING ON BANK OF DONETS MOSCOW PRINTS LEND-LEASE STORY

IZVESTIA QUOTES STETTINIUS; U. S. REPORT READ OVER DOMESTIC RADIO

Aftermath of Standley's Complaint People Were Not Fully Informed—Envoy's Statement Not Published.

MOSCOW, March 10. (AP).—Two days after the statement by Admiral William H. Standley, United States Ambassador, that the Russian people were not being properly informed of American lend-lease aid to the Soviet Union, Izvestia, Government newspaper, printed today an article supplied by Tass from New York and based on an article by Edward R. Stettinius Jr., American lend-lease administrator, in the American Magazine.

The statement was carried under the headline: "Stettinius statement on American food supplies," and represented the most inclusive light thrown here thus far on aid to the Soviet Union. It was printed on the back page (the space usually given to all foreign news except that of the utmost importance).

Izvestia has a circulation of about 3,000,000.

The article was not printed in Pravda, organ of the Communist party, or in Red Star, organ of the Red Army.

Standley's statement of Saturday concerning shipments of planes, tanks, trucks, jeeps, motorcycles, military tractors, rails and telephones, for the Red Army.

(However, the Moscow radio broadcast at length last night the later Stettinius report. It was recorded by Reuters news agency and the Soviet monitor in London.)

Standley asserted at a press conference that Russia's failure fully to acknowledge American aid not only was unfair to the American people but might tend to endanger from the tax year (last part of 1942) to the extent that any tax collected at the source exceeds the 1942 tax liability it will be credited against the tax for 1943 or subsequent years.

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War Front Shifts in Russia



Black area south of Kharkov indicates territory regained by Nazis (arrows) who have pushed the Russians back to the bank of the upper Donets River. In the north, Red Army troops report fresh gains in their drives against Vyazma and Staraya Russa.

Associated Press Wirephoto.

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RUSSIANS REPORT GERMANS THROWN BACK AT ONE POINT SOUTH OF KHARKOV

City's Communications Cut in Several Areas, Enemy Says, Claiming Destruction of Three Tank Armies.

LONDON, March 10. (AP).—Russian troops pinching off the German salient west of Moscow have captured Bely, 80 miles north-east of Smolensk, a special communique recorded by the Soviet monitor said tonight.

By EDDY GILMORE

MOSCOW, March 10. (AP).—Forced to fall back for about 100 miles over newly-won ground south of Kharkov and in the Donets basin, the Red Army today was fighting its bitterest defensive battles since the beginning of its series of winter offensives last November.

Soviet dispatches claimed, however, that the heavy German rush, reinforced by 375,000 men, was being held after the surrender of eight key towns despite the fact that the enemy had superior numbers in the area and was attacking violently. In at least one sector south of Kharkov it was said the Germans had been forced to retreat.

The Russians said the German advance had been made since the end of February and that it had cost the enemy 20,000 troops.

Latest Nazi Claims.

(A DNB news agency broadcast from Berlin, recorded by the Associated Press, claimed that all Kharkov's railway communications to the south, southwest, west and northwest had been cut by the advancing Nazi Army and said three Russian tank armies had been destroyed between the Donets and Dnieper rivers in recent fighting.

(The Berlin radio said German forces were in Lyubotin, only 12 miles west of Kharkov, recaptured by the Russians Feb. 16 after it had been in German hands 16 months.)

On the central front the Red Army continued to push westward from Gzhatsk, 100 miles west of Moscow, and southward and south-westward from Rzhev and got within striking distance of the tip of the German salient at Vyazma.

East of Vyazma the Russians arrived at Temnikino and Tuma-kovo, which are only about 12 or 15 miles from the German base.

Withdrawal From Bely.

(The German high command, carrying out another of its withdrawals "according to plan," announced the withdrawal from Bely, 80 miles southwest of Rzhev, and about the same distance northwest of Vyazma. The communique claimed fresh advances in the Kharkov sector, however.)

Further to the north Marshal Semeon Timoshenko's hard-hitting

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WASHINGTON STILL IN DARK AS TO WHY STANDLEY LASHED OUT AT RUSSIANS

Envoy's Charge of Lack of Credit for Aid Viewed as Possible Move to Open Way for U. S. Observers.

By RAYMOND P. BRANDT
Chief Washington Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Admiral William H. Standley, American Ambassador to Russia, is having the same trouble over non-recognition of American lend-lease help that Herbert Hoover had in 1921 to 1923 over American relief supplies which saved millions of lives in famine areas.

Official circles here are still non-plussed by Standley's blunt statement for direct quotation that he had failed to find any real acknowledgment in the Soviet press of American lend-lease aid.

One explanation has been that the Admiral hoped that an expression of Russian appreciation would aid passage of the pending lend-lease authorization for a year; another has been that he may have hoped to open the way for American observers in Russia. On the latter point it may be significant that Under Secretary of State Welles, in asserting yesterday that the State Department had not been consulted by Standley, added that "the understanding which exists between all of the United Nations . . . would not be worth very much if it was not based on complete trust between all of the Allies."

Russians Secretive.
Whether the Admiral's press conference turns out fortunately or unfortunately, many officials, including prominent Army and Navy officers, believe the Soviet Government has been needlessly secretive and has shown a lack of trust in us.

For instance, Russia is the only one of the United Nations which has not permitted Army Services of Supply men to establish bases and workshops for the servicing of American lend-lease trucks, tanks, airplanes and other mechanical equipment. Such goods are transported to the border, say trucks at Iran, where they are put in shape by S. O. S. men and then driven into the Soviet Union by Russians.

At one isolated point an American official recently asked his Russian opposite number why American officers could not visit certain Russian fortifications. The American pointed out that we were all allies. The Russian, however, answered that his country had once been allied with Germany, and added: "What would have happened if we had shown the Germans our fortifications?" The American had no ready reply.

Admiral Standley's remarks puzzled the Office of War Information, which had been led to believe that the Soviet Government would welcome the establishment of an OWI office in Moscow. In fact, negotiations were going along so well that the OWI was looking for a top-notch man to head the group.

Parallels of 1921-23.

By giving only formal notice of American lend-lease aid, the Soviet Government is carrying out the policy it followed, with more reason, during 1921 to 1923, shortly after the Allied-sponsored White invasions and the Polish war. Under the Riga Agreement of 1921 with the American Relief Administration, the Russians agreed to "facilitate the Russian people with the aims and methods" of the ARA, but when the ARA tried to put up American posters in the feeding stations, as had been done in the feeding stations in other European countries, the posters disappeared almost as quickly as they were put up.

Instead of praising American relief in their newspapers, especially during 1923, the section of the Government used the press to criticize the ARA management. After the ARA left Russia, there was persistent party propaganda for a while that the Soviet Government had paid for all the supplies and that it had paid the Americans to distribute them.

Strong Government Now.

In those days the Soviet Government was none too stable. Lenin was ill and there was a fight within the party as to who should succeed him. That condition no longer exists; Stalin is supreme in Russia and can afford to acknowledge the aid his country is receiving in a common cause. Americans who have returned from Russia have publicly agreed that this aid at present is small in proportion to the efforts the Russians themselves are making.

It is hard to believe the Russians think that the non-recognition of American aid will strengthen them at the peace conference. That aid will be a mere matter of mathematical calculation. It is easier to believe that the Soviet Government has not got over its earlier fears of foreigners. If Standley has been able to make them see they have nothing to fear from this country, his brusque remarks, while not diplomatic, may bring a better understanding between the two countries.

Moscow Prints Lend-Lease Story

Continued From Page One.

Izvestia dispatch said, but by last December the majority of such shipments were to Russia.

The most recent previous statement by Stettinius to appear in Soviet newspapers was published March 5, under a New York date line of March 2. It said:

"In connection with the discussion taking place in Congress about the prolongation of lend-lease aid, Stettinius made a statement."

"In the statement he reviewed aid given by the United States to Allied countries according to the principle of lend-lease."

"Touching on aid to the Soviet Union, Stettinius said the larger part of the armament which was used by the Red Army to hold back and then rebuff the Hitlerites was produced in Soviet Russia."

Lend-Lease Contribution.

"Simultaneous with these events, the United States and England began sending materials and armament to the Soviet Union, although not a large one, in inflicting blows upon the enemy."

"Up until now," said Stettinius, "sufficient aid has not been shipped to the Soviet people. We must do literally everything in our power in order to increase the supplies."

"The price of materials sent by the United States to the Soviet Union, according to Stettinius, amounted to \$1,500,000,000 as of Jan. 1, 1943."

"United States supplies to countries in the Middle East, the story continued, 'consisted of \$1,500,000,000. This includes supplies of armament and materials to Australia, New Zealand, the English troops in Egypt and the Middle East and to China and India.'"

"Pertaining to supplies to England, Stettinius stated that up to Jan. 1, this year, the United States had sent to England according to the lend-lease law various materials worth \$2,440,000,000."

"Into North Africa for use of the civilian population, Stettinius said \$8,000,000 of materials had been sent. This does not include the armament of French troops in North Africa."

Reciprocal Process.
The article also said Stettinius pointed out that "lend-lease aid was a reciprocal process in which each United Nation participates according to its possibilities."

"Concluding, he stated that in the interest of victory the United States must exert to the utmost its resources and man power. Our comrades of the United Nations, he said, 'are fulfilling their role. We also are fulfilling our role. I consider any privations we undergo, we, the people behind the front line, must not consider as sacrifices, but must consider as a fulfillment of the great duty before ourselves.'"

Today's story, credited to the American Magazine, after pointing out that the majority of lend-lease supplies were being sent to the Soviet Union by December, said "this policy will be continued during a period of time."

Detailed Figures.
"During 1942," the story continued, "America exported 1,112,000,000 pounds of pork, in other words 10 per cent of the whole American production in the same year; 615,000,000 pounds of dairy products have been exported which formed 8.4 per cent of the whole American dairy production. All this amount of dairy products was shipped to the Soviet Union."

"Besides these totals, Stettinius wrote that 723,000,000 pounds of fats and vegetable oil, or 13.2 per cent of American production, was exported, and 450,000,000 dozens of eggs, or 10 per cent of American egg production, were exported to England and the Soviet Union."

"The United States also shipped 156,000,000 pounds of fish, 415,000 pounds of corn, 393,000,000 pounds of wheat, 51,000,000 cans of vegetables, 89,000,000 pounds of canned fruits and fruit juices. In general the whole of the food supplies shipped by the United States was 5 per cent of its production."

In this article Stettinius also was quoted by Tass as saying that lend-lease will ship more this year than last, but the story did not say where it would go.

Stettinius emphasized that food supplies to the Soviet Union and England are neither loans, nor charity, but measures dictated by the United States' own interests, Tass asserted.

Background of Episode.
Ambassador Standley's statement Monday that the Russians were endeavoring to give the impression they were fighting the war alone and were not telling the people the extent of American aid was made in the middle of a press conference in answer to a 'correspondent's question.

The Ambassador's secretary, Edward Page, previously had told American and British reporters who saw Standley in his study that it was a routine conference after the envoy's return from Kuibyshev and that he expected no news to come from it.

Standley is a plain speaker, however, and says what he thinks when he wants to. Correspondents in Moscow know they almost always will get a story at his press conference if he is asked questions.

Not Evasive.
He is not the type of diplomat who gives evasive replies, and he says yes or no in straight-out language, seldom speaking off the record.

So very few of his remarks at the press conference were off the record, and he gave the impression he was speaking plainly on a subject of deep interest to him. He spoke without emotion and laughed and smiled several times during the questioning.

There were no Russian reporters

One Reason Reds Don't Thank Us: They Dislike 'Big-Brother' Air

Other Factors, Cassidy Says, Are Desire for Second Front, Failure of Allies to Deliver All Aid Pledged.

By HENRY C. CASSIDY
Chief of the Associated Press Moscow Bureau, who now is in the United States.

NEW YORK, March 10 (AP).—The Soviet Government has its own way of letting its people know about Allied aid—not through anything it says itself, but through what other Allied leaders say.

Admiral William H. Standley, United States Ambassador, who was quoted from Moscow yesterday as telling a press conference he "failed to find any real acknowledgment" of American assistance in the Soviet press, evidently referred to lack of statements of appreciation by Russian leaders.

None has been made publicly by any prominent Soviet statesman. But the press has published frequent references from abroad to Allied supplies—references which have been made available to millions of Russian readers.

Factors in Attitude.
Russian reluctance to comment on the flow of Allied material goes back to the original supply conference in Moscow in September, 1941. An American delegate to the conference told me he was surprised by the casual way in which the Soviet authorities accepted offers of American and British aid.

This attitude is attributed by Moscow observers to three factors: 1. The Soviet Union does not wish its allies to take a big-brotherly air in sending supplies to Russia.

2. The main desire of the Soviet Union is to see the United States and Great Britain open a second land front in Europe.

3. Actual Allied deliveries to the Soviet Union apparently have not reached original estimates, because of losses en route and other factors.

I have heard responsible Russians comment that our assistance, in supplies alone, was roughly equal only to that given by Hungary to Germany, and that the Allied material on hand corresponded only to the output of Saratov, a single Soviet industrial city on the Volga.

Stettinius' Figures Published.
But figures given by Edward R. Stettinius Jr., Lend-Lease Administrator, in Washington last Jan. 20, estimating that the United States and Great Britain had consigned 5800 tanks and 4600 planes to Russia, were published Jan. 23 in Pravda, Communist Party organ and most important Soviet newspaper.

From Moscow newspapers in my possession, I find a speech made in New York Nov. 19 by W. Averell Harriman appeared in the Soviet press Nov. 24, saying: "Food has been taken from the slim British diet to send to the Russian people. . . . More is on the way."

President Roosevelt's Columbus day speech last Oct. 12 was given at the meeting, but there never have been.

After the conference Standley talked informally to two of the American correspondents and said he was considering the plan of submitting to Soviet papers a list of non-military supplies sent here, as well as Red Cross supplies and donations by civilians and private relief groups.

WIDE REPRINTING OF REPORT INDICATED

LONDON, March 10 (AP).—An official American account of aid to Russia was broadcast by the Soviet domestic radio last night after United States Ambassador Standley had complained in Moscow that the Russian people were not being told the full story of help provided by lend-lease.

The Russian broadcast of the recent statement from Washington by Lend-Lease Administrator Edward R. Stettinius Jr. was made not only directly to the Russian people, but was likewise given at slow speed—an indication that it was to be copied and printed in the provincial press.

The broadcast recited Stettinius' statement of last Saturday in which he said the United States had sent more than 3200 tanks and almost 2600 planes to Russia as of Jan. 1, and huge amounts of other supplies, including 81,000 trucks, jeeps and other military vehicles. He also detailed the amounts of such articles as boots, field telephones and other equipment for war.

Supreme Court Admits Wave.
WASHINGTON, March 10 (AP).—A Wave was admitted for the first time today to practice before the Supreme Court. She is Ensign Lucille Pryor of Indianapolis, on active duty's office here. Her duties consist of handling tax problems dealing with Navy contracts.

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NEW CONTROVERSY ON AID TO REDS POSSIBLY SCREEN FOR ANOTHER ALLIED BLOW

By PAUL GHALI
The Chicago Daily News-Post-Dispatch Special Radio, Copyright, 1943, BERN, March 10.

If American Ambassador Admiral William H. Standley's words must be given their full value—and the Ambassador's words usually are—European observers today can no longer doubt the existence of serious divergencies between the Allies.

The first reaction in this neutral capital was that it was out of the question for an accredited diplomat to pronounce such words without some ulterior motive. Otherwise, the Admiral was only playing into Axis hands by supplying it with the very propaganda which it wanted.

A subtle motive which could lie behind Standley's words, as found by perhaps optimistic observers, was an attempt to lead the Axis up the garden path on the very eve of an Allied landing in Europe. A Swiss newspaper yesterday afternoon pointed out that a British-Russian controversy immediately preceded the North African landing and that Prime Minister Churchill subsequently described it as a "trick" played on the Axis.

top display in the foreign news pages of the same newspapers Oct. 14, with his mention of men of the merchant marine bringing war material and provisions to the defenders of Stalingrad and other United Nations forces.

Other speeches by President Roosevelt and Prime Minister Churchill, with references to Allied aid to the Soviet Union have appeared periodically in the newspapers of Moscow and other Soviet cities.

Correspondent's Tours.
The Soviet authorities have taken another way of acknowledging Allied assistance. They have escorted foreign correspondents on trips to see American and British tanks and planes. On other visits to the front, they have pointed out American trucks and jeeps, and even such less conspicuous equipment as field telephones.

The stories of these trips were written for foreign newspapers, and did not appear in the Soviet press, but the men who drove the tanks, flew the planes and talked over the telephones told the correspondents freely that they liked the equipment and wanted more.

As for the food which is being sent, the Moscow Bureau of the Associated Press received a message, at the time when American aid was first put on sale publicly in exchange for meat ration tickets. It was from an 80-year-old woman who said: "An old Russian hopes you will thank your Americans for the nice land they are sending us."

The Soviet Government has not been talking much about Allied aid, but the Russian people, to all appearances, know about it and appreciate it.

NO COMPROMISE POSSIBLE, SAYS JAPANESE GENERAL

By the Associated Press.
"There can be no mediation and no compromise in the Greater East Asia war," Maj. Gen. Nakao Yahagi, chief of the Japanese Army's press section, declared in a Tokyo broadcast recorded today by the Associated Press.

Gen. Yahagi spoke at Hibiy public hall in Tokyo on the thirty-eighth Japanese Army day commemorating the Battle of Mukden in the Russian-Japanese War.

"We have no other choice but to stake the life of our nation for all time to come and to battle for final victory," Yahagi said.

HOUSE APPROVES BILL TO EXTEND LEND-LEASE ACT

Vote Is 407 to 6—Move to Require Congressional Approval of Settlements Beaten.

WASHINGTON, March 10 (AP).—A measure extending the Lend-Lease Act another year was passed by the House today after it rejected a move to give Congress veto power over any final settlement between nations on the mutual-aid pact.

House approval, which sends the bill to the Senate, came on a roll-call vote of 407 to 6, after adoption of a plan to write international law into the bill gave up their fight following the first test. They were beaten, 178 to 118, on their effort to require congressional approval of lend-lease settlements.

The proposal was advanced by Representative Vorys (Rep.), Ohio, in the form of a rider. It gained almost its entire support from the Republican minority. Several Republicans, however, among them Representative Eaton (Rep.) New York, ranking minority member of the House Foreign Affairs Committee, argued against its adoption.

The Senate Foreign Relations Committee wrote into its favorable report on a companion bill a warning that Congress reserves its constitutional authority to review and ratify any agreements executive agencies make on postwar economic policies.

30,000 CARTRIDGES, 50 SHELLS A MINUTE FEBRUARY OUTPUT

WASHINGTON, March 10 (AP).—American ordnance manufacturers today had a mark of 50 high-explosive shells a minute and 500 cartridges a second—30,000 a minute—to shoot at during March production.

That was their production record during February. Under Secretary of War Robert T. Patterson reported yesterday, disclosing that the shops and arsenals turned out 419,000 bombs, 7800 weapon-bearing combat vehicles and 1,244,000,000 cartridges in the month. In January and February, he said, they produced 150,000 machine guns, 134,000 sub-machine guns, 5000 tanks, 28,000 Army trucks, 2000 anti-tank guns and five million pairs of marching shoes.

Reporting that production is 300 per cent higher than a year ago, Patterson said the 1943 goal of 57 billion dollars worth of arms ammunition, supplies and installations would be met—despite the fact that Hitler "told us it could not be done."

NAZI REPORT EVACUATION OF ST. NAZAIRE BY CIVILIANS

NEW YORK, March 10 (AP).—The German radio reported last night that the civilian population in the French port of St. Nazaire, site of one of Hitler's Bay of Biscay U-boat bases, was being evacuated as the result of continued Allied bombing attacks.

At Lorient, another submarine base less than 100 miles northwest of St. Nazaire on the same coast, all civilians were evacuated several weeks ago.

The broadcast said about 55,000 persons already had left St. Nazaire and that only about 10,000 were there when British bombers raided the city last Sunday night.

The Secretary General of the French Emergency Council was quoted as saying he was working out a plan for the complete evacuation of all cities and towns along the coast.

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BUD GREER
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Come on, it will pay you

8th Army's 'Turn to Attack,' Gen. Montgomery Declares

Continued From Page One.

AL anywhere and of course NO SURRENDER.
"We Have Plenty of Tanks."
"The enemy has never yet succeeded in any attack against a co-ordinate defensive layout and he will not do so now. We have plenty of tanks, provided defended localities hold firm. Then we will smash the enemy attack and cause him such casualties that it will cripple him; we will in fact give him a very 'bloody nose.'"

"4. IT WILL THEN BE OUR TURN TO ATTACK HIM. And having been crippled himself he will be unable to stand up to our attack and we will smash right through him."

"5. This attack of the enemy therefore really helps us and is one more step forward toward the end of the war in North Africa. I did not expect for one moment the enemy would attack us; it seemed absurd. But he has done it and we must show our gratitude in no uncertain way."

"6. Let us show him what the famous Eighth Army can do."

"7. Good luck to each of you and good hunting."

BRITISH PROBING MARETH DEFENSES

By HAROLD V. BOYLE
ALLIED HEADQUARTERS IN NORTH AFRICA, March 10 (AP).—The British Eighth Army, after dealing crippling blows to Marshal Erwin Rommel's armored forces, has begun harassing and probing activities all along the Mareth Line in southern Tunisia, an Allied headquarters announcement said today.

Decisively repulsed last Saturday when he abandoned 50 of his tanks in an attempt to thrust into the British positions from his fixed fortifications, Rommel lost two more tanks in the latest clashes with Allied patrols, the communiqué said.

"We knew we had won the first round and the enemy is showing no willingness to come up for round two," an Allied military source commented today.

"We know he has lost more armor than he can afford," Little Air Action.
Elsewhere on the 350-mile Tunisian front activity was not heavy, and even most of the armor were forced by bad weather to take a day off.

Allied patrols were "extremely active" in northern Tunisia where the British First Army is stationed, particularly in the Sedjenane area, the communiqué said. The Germans showed little activity there.

In the south the French completed their occupation of Tozeur and sent out reconnaissance parties toward Gafsa, 60 miles to the northeast.

A communiqué from French headquarters said its forces in a surprise attack captured prisoners in the immediate vicinity of Metlaoui, on the railroad about half way between Tozeur and Gafsa.

Axis Ship Goes Down.
Only patrols were flown by the American and British air forces

70-SHIP ALLIED CONVOY REPORTED BY NAZI RADIO TO HAVE LEFT GIBRALTAR

LONDON, March 10 (AP).—The German radio, quoting dispatches from La Linea, Spain, said yesterday that one of the largest British convoys ever assembled at Gibraltar had left there Monday and headed into the Atlantic.

The convoy comprised about 70 merchant vessels and a number of escorting destroyers, said the Berlin broadcast recorded by the Associated Press here.

The broadcast added that a badly damaged United States destroyer had arrived at Gibraltar and unloaded a number of dead and injured.

No Allied planes were lost and there were no claims that any Axis aircraft were shot down.

An official announcement said that another large Axis merchant vessel in the convoy attacked by American bombers between Sicily and Tunisia three days ago had been sunk.

This raised the total to three ships sunk and four set on fire. British planes from Malta, sent to attack the stricken vessel, found it burning fiercely and low in the water and reported that no further attacks were necessary, the announcement said.

A British Middle East communiqué issued at Cairo said the Sicilian port of Palermo and other Italian targets were bombed by the R. A. F. Monday night.

Fires were started in Palermo harbor and Agrigento and Licata were attacked, the communiqué said. No planes were lost, it said.

PLANE PLANT WORKERS WIRE PAY PROTEST TO WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON, March 10 (AP).—Thousands of telegrams from workers in West Coast aircraft plants, protesting against a recent War Labor Board wage order affecting them, are pouring into the White House.

Presidential Secretary Stephen Early said today they were being referred to James F. Byrnes, Economic Stabilization Director and the President's reviewing agent on WLB decisions.

The WLB order, issued March 8, granted a 4½-cent-an-hour increase to 30,000 Boeing workers at Seattle and an average increase of 7½ cents an hour to 110,000—about half-of the workers in eight California plants. The workers had asked for a 22½-cent increase in the starting or basic hourly wage of 62½ cents, contending that figure would be comparable to the basic wages in shipyards.

MUNICH BOMBED HEAVILY BY R.A.F.; 11 AIRCRAFT LOST

Big Fires Set in Center of City—West Germany Raided—Light Attacks on England.

LONDON, March 10 (AP).—Britain's biggest bombers took to the air last night to blast Munich, cradle of the Nazi party and site of important war industries, in the twelfth Royal Air Force assault on the continent in 14 nights, it was announced today.

"Aircraft of the bomber command made a heavy attack on industrial objectives at Munich," a British Air Ministry communiqué said.

"Other aircraft bombed targets in Western Germany and laid mines in enemy waters."

"Eleven of our aircraft are missing. Meanwhile, taking the trail of the night bombers, a heavy flow of R. A. F. traffic continued across the Channel throughout the afternoon, indicating Nazi targets in France were taking a heavy pounding by day."

Canadians who participated in the attack on Munich said the entire heart of the city appeared to be "one big fire" at one time, with one explosion shooting flames nearly 2000 feet into the air and starting a column of fire visible for 60 miles despite other big fires around it.

"The flash lasted four or five seconds and that's a long time," said one of the pilots.

"The flash was so intense we could have read a newspaper in our 'kite' and we were 20,000 feet up," said another.

It was the second consecutive night thrust by the R. A. F. into Southern Germany, the 1300-mile round trip to Munich following a heavy assault on Nuremberg Monday night. Swiss press reports said the old center of Nuremberg was razed in that attack. Last night's raid was believed to have been at least as heavy.

The German high command reported 12 Allied planes were shot down by night flyers and anti-aircraft and said the population of Munich suffered losses.

German bombers caused some damage and several casualties last night in the coastal districts of Eastern and Southern England, but activity was limited, it was authoritatively announced. One enemy bomber was shot down into the sea.

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COMMITTEE HEARS 2 MORE LOAN EXECUTIVES, AWAITS RULING ON SUBPENA POWERS

B. E. Henderson, Max P. Shelton Defend Present Rates After Barnes' Refusal to Produce American Investment Books.

The small-loan and lobby investigation committee of the Missouri House of Representatives, denied access to the records of the American Investment Co., top holding company for the several Public Loan Corporations and other small loan firms, turned to other aspects of the small-loan business today pending a ruling from the Attorney-General clarifying its powers.

As the first witness at today's session of the committee, at Hotel Jefferson, B. E. Henderson, president of the Household Finance Corporation, appearing voluntarily, returned to the witness stand.

He began with a dissertation on the methods he said were used by loan sharks to discredit regulated small-loan companies, and referred to several books which, he said, had been written on the subject of small loans under the sponsorship of loan sharks.

Exchange Over Book.
It happened that Representative Raymond J. Lahey of St. Louis had before him one of the titles mentioned by Henderson. "Do you condemn this book?" he asked.

"Very much," said Henderson. "I want you to know it condemns you," said Lahey. "It's an expose of money rackets in the United States."

Henderson referred to the pending bill in the Legislature, proposed by the Missouri Bankers' Association, which would permit banks to make small loans at a discount charge of 8 per cent. Assuming repayment of the loan in equal monthly installments over a year this figure at 15.67 annual interest.

But, Henderson said, the discount is really the minimum rate and there is no ceiling. He said there was nothing in the law to regulate fees or other charges in connection with such loans, and, unless there was a provision for refunding a portion of the discount on loans paid in advance of the due date, it was impossible to figure the interest rate.

"When you get around to considering the bank bill I'd like to be heard," Henderson said. "If the banks can actually lend money for less than we can the public is entitled to know about it."

\$500 Maximum Discussed.
There was some discussion of proposals to increase to \$500 the amount small loan companies are permitted to lend, now fixed at \$300. If that were done, Henderson said, the small-loan companies could make their loans at 2 1/2 per cent a month on the first \$300, and 1 per cent on the remainder.

Lahey asked what Henderson would think of a law which would give the State Finance Commission power to examine the books of small-loan companies periodically and adjust their permissible interest rates accordingly. Henderson said he thought there had already been too much delegation of authority to individuals in this country.

When Henderson mentioned that the companies which make automobile loans, under the Missouri loan and investment act were "not regulated at all," Representative John J. Endres said he had been thinking of one law to regulate all lending agencies outside of banks.

Henderson was followed by Max P. Shelton of Webster Groves, president of the Missouri Association of Personal Finance Companies, and vice-president of the Citizens' Loan Corporation, a small-loan agency with headquarters at Springfield, Mo.

Shelton said there was no profit for the companies in smaller loans even at the rate of 3 per cent a month, but the association encouraged its members to make them "as a social obligation." He favored maintaining the present rates and said if the maximum rate were reduced to 1 1/2 per cent a month "every company in Missouri would go out of business."

The committee had before it a motion by Lahey to subpoena the records which American Investment declined to produce voluntarily, but action on the motion was deferred because there was doubt whether the committee could enforce a subpoena if it issued one.

Acts on Counsel's Advice.
Before Lahey made his motion Donald L. Barnes, president of the American Investment Co. and the several Public Loan Corporations which it owns, was recalled as a witness for the purpose of formally refusing to produce the American Investment books.

He acted on the advice of counsel, Oliver T. Remmers, who told the committee it was authorized by the resolution which created it to investigate only those companies which lend money to the citizens of Missouri. American Investment, a holding company, does not do that and its records are beyond reach of the committee, Remmers said.

In the course of the discussion among committee members it developed also that there had been omitted from the resolution as adopted a clause Lahey had incorporated in his original resolution which would have given the committee power to punish for contempt. The resolution as adopted was a substitute for Lahey's and was offered by the Republican floor leader, Randall R. Kitt.

The language of the Kitt resolution, however, does empower the

committee to subpoena witnesses and compel production of records, without giving the committee itself power to punish for contempt. Those familiar with legislative procedure at Jefferson City hold that under the terms of this resolution the committee, if a subpoena were not obeyed, might ask the House itself to punish for contempt.

Testimony by Henderson.
Henderson, who lives in Chicago, testified his company operates in 205 cities and has eight Missouri offices. All Missouri offices made their loans, until Feb. 1, at less than the maximum rates permitted by Missouri law, Henderson said. Since the loans have been at the maximum rates, 2 1/2 per cent a month on loans over \$100, and 3 per cent a month on loans of less than \$100.

Henderson attributed the increase Feb. 1 to war conditions, rising costs, and a decline in the volume of loans. At the time of the change Lahey was in the midst of his fight in the Legislature to halve the interest rates which small loan companies are permitted to charge.

"What do you suppose would happen to borrowers if your bill passed?" Henderson demanded of Lahey at one point. "It has been tried in West Virginia with a 2 per cent rate, in New York with a 2 1/2 per cent rate, and in New Jersey with a 1 1/2 per cent rate. In every instance loan sharks piled in and drove legitimate capital out."

"What's the best cut we can give the people, then?" asked Lahey. "You could cut to 2 1/2 if you increased the ceiling on small loans to \$500," said Henderson. "A \$300 ceiling with a 2 1/2 per cent rate is essentially too low, and if you tried it you'd find you had the loan sharks back."

Shows Various Rates.
Henderson provided members of the committee with copies of the 1942 report of his company, which set out, among other things, the permissible interest rates in the states in which it operates.

One of these is Wisconsin, where the rates are 2 1/2 per cent on the first \$100 of loan balance, 2 per cent on the second \$100 and 1 per cent on the remainder, up to and including \$300.

Household operates 22 offices in Wisconsin. The Wisconsin rate was described previously by David B. Lichtenstein, vice-president of American Investment and the Public Loan group, as so low that it established a monopoly for one company.

Chairman Walter E. Bailey of the investigating committee asked Henderson if he knew of any other small-loan companies which function under the holding company-operating company-loan office setup of the Public Loan group. He said there were several, mentioning the Beneficial Operating Co. of New Jersey, and the Family Loan Co. of Wilmington, Del.

"I can see the necessity for it," said Henderson. "I've been told by lawyers for years that legal evasion is practiced throughout the United States. Perhaps some day Household may get to that setup, but we haven't yet."

Views on 2 1/2 Pct. Rate.
Bailey asked the witness if his company would withdraw from Missouri if the rate here were reduced to 2 1/2 per cent a month, or 30 per cent a year, the level at which it stood prior to a 1939 increase.

"We couldn't make loans below \$100 at 2 1/2 per cent," said Henderson. "We simply couldn't."

Lahey tried to get Henderson to testify that small-loan companies made it a practice to build up the loans of borrowers above the \$100 level, no matter at what figure they started, but Henderson refused to agree that this was done. He invited Lahey to visit any Household office and examine the loan records for himself.

Henderson testified profits of his company had decreased each year since 1938, dropping to 7.54 per cent of loan balances last year when the company earned \$5,231,041. His salary for the last five years, he said, had been \$75,000 a year, with a \$50,000 bonus each year, but this year he would be held to \$67,200 under the Federal regulation which limits net salary incomes after taxes and other expenses to \$25,000.

Representative Emmett L. Bartam of Maryville questioned Henderson about the cost of carrying small-loan accounts, and got two different figures, computed on different bases. The cost per year per \$100 of each account, Henderson said, was \$28.03. The cost of servicing and collecting the average loan on Household books, Henderson said, was \$19.66 a year.

Lists Four Sources of Bills.
The witness said he had been in the small-loan business for 36 years and had a great deal of experience with "unworkable cut rate bills." They usually came, he said, from four sources, the uninformed, the misinformed, the self-serving legislator seeking publicity, and the high rate loan sharks. Lahey demanded to know in what category Henderson placed him.

"After listening to you for two days," said Henderson, "I would say in the first two."

Asked what interest rate Household would pay on the bills, Henderson said, "I don't know."

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Witness



By a Post-Dispatch Staff Photographer.
B. E. HENDERSON

hold paid for borrowed capital. Henderson said it was 2.19 per cent a year. Lahey asked if he did not regard the 12 per cent paid in some years by Public Loan to American Investment as too high.

"I don't think you can call that interest," Henderson responded. "It's been stated here repeatedly that part of that was profits. I don't see what difference it makes."

An associate of Henderson interjected that the \$13,000 reported by Public Loan as its 1941 net profit had no meaning, because that was after the payment of interest on capital borrowed from American Investment.

"Some people in the Legislature make a great point of that \$13,000," Lahey responded. "I'll be glad to tell them when I get back that it has no meaning."

"Praise the Lord and pass the resolutions," said Representative William B. Weakley of Clarksville, twitting Lahey for his persistence.

CHESTER C. DAVIS CONSIDERED FOR CHIEF OF CIVILIAN SUPPLY

Special to the Post-Dispatch, March 10.—Chester C. Davis, president of the Federal Reserve Bank in St. Louis, is under consideration by War Production Board officials here for the post of Director of Civilian Supply, it was learned here today.

While Davis has been sounded out for the vital new war emergency post, he has declined to accept it thus far, it was said. He has held informal chats with key officials while visiting here several times during the past month on banking matters.

Davis formerly was Farm Administrator and later served as a member of the Federal Reserve Board of Governors, resigning the latter position shortly before accepting appointment as president of the Federal Reserve Bank in St. Louis. He is highly regarded in administration circles as an executive and administrator.

Davis, reached at his office in the Federal Reserve Bank, declined to comment on the report.

BRAIN OPERATION PERFORMED ON CHILD FLOWN FROM CUBA

ANN ARBOR, Mich., March 10 (AP).—Dr. Max M. Peet, University of Michigan Hospital brain specialist, today removed a large malignant tumor from the brain of Isabel Salvador Sole, 3-year-old daughter of a Cuban physician.

Dr. Peet said the operation was "successful in every way," but that because the tumor was malignant it still would require X-ray treatment and "it will probably grow back."

The child was rushed here by plane from Havana Sunday.

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ROOSEVELT GIVES OWI PROPAGANDA CONTROL ABROAD

Months - Long Dispute With Donovan's Office of Strategic Services Is Settled.

WASHINGTON, March 10 (AP).—President Roosevelt resolved in favor of the Office of War Information today an undercurrent dispute between that civilian agency and the Office of Strategic Services over which should control the propaganda offensive abroad.

By executive order, he gave Elmer Davis' office responsibility for the planning, development and execution of "all phases of the Federal program of radio, press, publication and related foreign propaganda activities involving the dissemination of information."

White House Secretary Stephen Early said the Office of Strategic Services, headed by Col. William J. (Wild Bill) Donovan, would continue to handle military matters in co-operation with the Army and Navy. This office is a military operation, under the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

The dispute has been in White House hands for months. The Chiefs of Staff brought the issue to a head late in 1942 by issuing a directive asserting that the Office of Strategic Services should be the central agency for planning and directing propaganda and psychological warfare in actual and prospective zones of American military operations abroad.

OWI argued in reply that, under the terms of its own directive from the President, it could not become merely an arm of the Donovan agency.

In assigning the propaganda field to OWI, the new White House order directed that the program in areas of "actual or projected military operations" would be coordinated with military plans through the proper agencies of the Army and Navy and would be subject to approval of the chiefs of staff.

OWI's authority shall not extend to the Western Hemisphere, the order specified, except in the United States and Canada. This preserved the Latin-American sphere for Nelson Rockefeller's Office of the Co-ordinator of Inter-American Affairs.

The company recently announced it planned to file with the commission a new schedule calling for 10-cent cash fares, two tokens for 15 cents, a 5-cent fare for children between the ages of 5 and 12 years, a 5-cent fare for students who have not graduated from the twelfth grade or passed their twelfth birthday, and who carry school identification cards, and a military fare of 5 cents for all men and women of the armed forces of the United States who are in uniform.

The present fare schedule of the company includes a cash fare of 10 cents, four tokens for 35 cents, a weekly pass for adults for \$12.50, shopper passes, good in non-rush hours, for 75 cents; student and military passes, 50 cents, and one-day passes, good on Sunday or a holiday, for 25 cents.

Public Service Co. Says Its Proposal Would Mean Saving to Many. The elimination of passes and substitution of a lower fare for tokens would mean an actual sav-

ing to "a great portion" of the public without imposing undue hardship on the rest of the commuters, the Public Service Co. declared in a statement today.

Announcing its willingness to continue the present schedule of fares until a complete inquiry has been completed by the State Public Service Commission, the company expressed the opinion the investigation and hearings will show that use of passes is causing enough unnecessary riding to create a serious excess traffic load.

The new rate proposals made by the company, it was further contended in the statement, would result in decreased revenues rather than increased returns. Full co-operation with the Public Service Commission in the fact-finding inquiry was pledged. The company also has advised Mayor Becker of its intention to continue present schedules pending the commission hearings.

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The new rate proposals made by the company, it was further contended in the statement, would result in decreased revenues rather than increased returns. Full co-operation with the Public Service Commission in the fact-finding inquiry was pledged. The company also has advised Mayor Becker of its intention to continue present schedules pending the commission hearings.

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STATE TO SURVEY P. S. CO. FARES TO END PASS DISPUTE

Public Service Commission to Order Investigation Today, Chairman Says.

By the Jefferson City Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, March 10.—An investigation of the fares and operating practices of the St. Louis Public Service Co. by the Missouri Public Service Commission, on its own initiative, as a means of ending the controversy over the company's proposal to file a new fare schedule and abandon sale of weekly passes for its street car and bus lines, was announced here last night by Chairman Frederick Stueck.

A formal order for the inquiry, directing the commission engineering, accounting and transportation rate experts to begin immediately studies of the company fares and operations, will be issued today, Chairman Stueck said.

Stueck said Sam W. Greenland, general manager of the St. Louis Public Service Co., assured the commission by telephone last night that the company would make no further move toward filing with the commission its proposed new schedule, including abandonment of sale of passes, pending completion of the commission inquiry.

The commission investigation does not contemplate a valuation of the Public Service Co. property for rate-making purposes, Stueck said.

Scope of Inquiry.
The chairman said the studies to be made by the commission experts would include the volume of travel under normal conditions before the war, what increase is attributable to wartime conditions and transportation restrictions, depreciation charges by the company, the percentages of present street car and bus travel represented by cash fares, sale of tokens and sale of passes, the financial experience of the company, dividends paid and other factors contributing to a decision on the proper fares.

This inquiry by the commission will require 60 to 90 days before the investigation can be brought to the point of public hearings, it was said. After the preliminary inquiry by the commission staff is completed, the commission will hold public hearings in St. Louis, Stueck said. Members of the commission are Chairman Stueck of St. Louis, John A. Ferguson of Cape Girardeau, Kyle D. Williams of Springfield and Miss Agnes Mae Wilson of Trenton.

Company's Proposal.
The company recently announced it planned to file with the commission a new schedule calling for 10-cent cash fares, two tokens for 15 cents, a 5-cent fare for children between the ages of 5 and 12 years, a 5-cent fare for students who have not graduated from the twelfth grade or passed their twelfth birthday, and who carry school identification cards, and a military fare of 5 cents for all men and women of the armed forces of the United States who are in uniform.

The present fare schedule of the company includes a cash fare of 10 cents, four tokens for 35 cents, a weekly pass for adults for \$12.50, shopper passes, good in non-rush hours, for 75 cents; student and military passes, 50 cents, and one-day passes, good on Sunday or a holiday, for 25 cents.

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CLARK FOR TELLING ALLIES 'WALLACES CAN'T BIND U.S.'

Considers Offering Resolution by Which Congress Could Serve Notice of Its Stand—'Too Early for Pledges.'

By a Washington Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Senator Bennett Clark of Missouri is considering whether he should introduce a concurrent resolution in the Senate to put the United Nations on notice as to our form of government, so there could be no charge of "bad faith," as in 1919, should the pledges and promises of the executive branch of the Government fail to obtain legislative approval.

Clark denied that he contemplated pledging legislative support for postwar establishment of a system of international security, including social, economic and military protections, as had been reported by the Washington political commentator of the New York Times. Clark said he had drafted no tentative concurrent resolution and that he did not know whether he would eventually introduce the measure he had been mulling over in his mind.

"What I have been thinking about," Clark told the Post-Dispatch, "is a simple concurrent resolution to let our Allies know that we are not going to join a League of Nations or some other international organizations just because our Vice-President, who is an estimable gentleman, says so. We should let our Allies know that our Vice-President does not speak with the same authority as the Deputy Prime Minister of England, who expresses the views of his Government."

"Our Allies are chargeable with notice of our form of government, and they should know that the Wallaces and the Welleses cannot bind this country."

Thinks It Would Help.
"I realize there will be postwar changes, but it is too early for Congress or anybody else to make definite pledges of what will be done two, three, or four years from now. I want to do everything to win the war as quickly as possible, and I think it would help rather than hinder if our Allies understand what the administration can and cannot do."

Clark's statement differed radically from the report of his views in a column and editorial in the New York Times, which implied that Clark might change from an "isolationist" to "internationalist."

Clark's position is similar to his anti-Roosevelt foreign policy stand before Pearl Harbor. He voted to continue the mandatory arms embargo, for a popular referendum before taking part in an overseas war, to limit national guard service to the United States and its possessions, to limit use of the armed forces to the Western Hemisphere, for a two billion dollar loan to the anti-Axis powers, instead of lend-lease, against transfer of Axis ships to Britain, and to limit extension of draft service to six months.

Clark presumably will be a candidate for re-election next year. His views about giving notice to our Allies as to the position of the legislative in the American form of government, indicates he will stand on his legislative record.

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47 JAP PLANES ATTACK ALLIED AIRPORT AT WAU

Damage Slight—Foray
Indicates Increasing
Enemy Air Power in
New Guinea Area.

ALLIED HEADQUARTERS IN AUSTRALIA, March 10 (AP).—A force of 47 Japanese planes attacked the Allied mountain outpost at Wau, New Guinea, yesterday but caused only light casualties and small damage, Gen. Douglas MacArthur's headquarters announced today.

The target of the raiders—which included 26 bombers and 21 fighters—was the tiny turf airfield at Wau, which is about 35 miles southwest of the Japanese base at Salamaua on New Guinea's northeast coast.

The raid was the first in the Wau area in a month and followed closely official warnings that the Japanese have been building up their air strength in the Southwest Pacific and should not be underrated despite the recent drubbing they received in the Bismarck Sea convoy battle.

Attack Tactics.
The raiders struck shortly after noon. Bombers, in a tight "V" formation, made a single pass in their customary pattern of bombing.

There was no indication, however, that the assault was coordinated with any increase in Japanese land activity in the Wau area, which has been on a small scale since the enemy was driven back several weeks ago in an attempt to take the airport.

On Feb. 6 a large force of Japanese planes attempted to destroy the air base and in one of the biggest single day's fights of the war, 41 enemy bombers and fighters were shot down or seriously damaged.

Emphasizing air strength of the enemy, the Japanese on Monday sent nine bombers and 13 fighters against the flank of Allied units south of Buna and sank a small cargo ship in Oro Bay.

Bomber Downs Four Zeros.

Today's Allied communique was one of the shortest issued in many days. The only other activity it mentioned was a brush between nine Japanese Zeros and an Allied heavy bomber on reconnaissance over Gasmata, New Britain. The Allied plane shot down four of the enemy planes and probably another, returning safely to base, the communique said.

All four officers of the bomber were wounded but enlisted men aboard escaped unscathed. Technical Sgt. William Boly of Murphysboro, Ill., the radio man, was credited with probable destruction of the fifth plane.

U.S. Dive Bombers, Torpedo Planes Heavily Attack Jap Base at Munda

WASHINGTON, March 10 (AP).—Two more heavy bombing raids which started large fires at the Japanese air base at Munda on New Georgia Island were reported by the Navy today in a communique which told also of raids on enemy bases at Kahili and Ballale in the Central Solomons.

The latest raid on Munda, in

bombs on United States positions on Guadalcanal Island. No casualties resulted.

"2. On March 9th:

"(A) During the morning, Liberator heavy bombers (Consolidated) dropped bombs in the enemy areas at Kahili and Ballale in the Shortland Island area and at Munda and Vila in the Central Solomons. Results were not observed. All United States planes returned.

"(B) Later in the morning, a large force of Dauntless dive bombers (Douglas) and Avenger torpedo bombers (Grumman TBF) with

Wildcat escort (Grumman F4F) attacked the air field at Munda on New Georgia Island. Hits on supply dumps and anti-aircraft positions started large fires. All United States planes returned."

"Adjutant" Defined as Large Bird. WINNIPEG, Man., March 10 (AP).—A regimental magazine tells of a young recruit, taking an Army

intelligence test, who defined an "adjutant" as a "large bird of uncouth appearance." Dictionaries

don't make him wrong. They list one definition of adjutant as a large stork found in India.

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69c Rayon Serged and Rayon Slick-Slack in popular shades

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79c Celanese Rayon Tafeta in white, pastel, lining and darker shades

88c Printed Rayon Shantung weaves in colorful patterns

79c Rayon Faille and Linen-Like Weave Rayons

69c Rayon "Sandmaid" Crepes; look like wool, soft as silk

69c Printed Thick 'n' Thin Rayons

79c Solid Color Rayon Shantung in many colors

69c Rayon "Breezeblown" Novelty Semi-Sheer Rayons

Full Bolts or Remnants. All are 39 inches wide

49c to 59c Popular Cotton Weaves

49c Printed Narrow Wale Pique

59c White Waffle Weaves

49c Printed Seersucker Crepes

49c Ding Dong Printed Dimities

59c Woven Dotted Sheer Swiss; Colors

69c Woven Checked and Plaid Seersuckers

49c Printed Sheer Musline

49c Printed Check Sheer Lawns

69c Printed Waffle Weaves

49c Printed Broadcloths

49c Printed Slub Weaves

All are 36 inches wide Full Bolts, Part Bolts Remnants and Sample Pieces

57¢ YD.

38¢ YD.

Woven Chambrays and Gingham

Also fine printed piques, printed hanky lawns, Dye O Dot sheers and others; 36 inches wide. Yard ——— 49¢

69c-79c Rayon Ninons, Ninonettes

Remnant lengths up to 10 yards; 39 and 45 inches wide; wanted shades for blouses, curtains, etc. Yard ——— 39¢

29c Remnants Print Percales

Fairy print percales; also glazed printed chintz; floral, staple patterns; color-fast; 36 in. wide; 1 to 6 yd. lengths; yd. ——— 22¢

\$2.39 TO \$2.98 SPRING COATINGS AND SUITINGS

Some are all wool, others are wool and rayon—all are 54 inches wide. Smart weaves and colors for suits, coats and dresses. Mostly one-of-a-kind, so plan to be among the first to make selections. 1 to 10 yard lengths.

\$1.77 YD.

New Hand-Screened Print Rayon Jerseys
Gorgeous patterns and colorings in these popular printed rayon jerseys; white and colored grounds; 39 in. wide. **\$1.57** Yd.

Printed Bemberg Rayon Sheers

Geometrics, monotones and conventional patterns on white, pastel or darker grounds; 39 in. wide; washable; yard **88¢**

69c and 79c Spun Rayon Novelties

Washable! Novelty weaves; good selection of colors; all are 39 inches wide. Yard ——— 49¢

Superior New Print or Plain Rayons

"Peasantry" Butcher Weave Rayon Sports Fabrics

"Belvalin" Novelty Weave Rayons, white and pastels

"Shanoray" Novelty Weave Rayons, white and pastels

Novelty Weave Acetate Rayons in wanted shades

"Jeresera" Printed Rayon Novelty Weaves

"Belva Shan" printed Rayon Shantung

"YoShan and Linspun" Rayon prints in linen-like weave

"Wonogobes" Printed Rayon Weave; white and colored grounds

All are 39 inches wide

77¢ YD.

Popular New Sheer or Sports Cottons

A. B. C. Tuxedo Batiste

Printed Corded Sheers

Printed Novelty Lawns

White Piques

2-Ply. White Broadcloth

Printed Novelty Sheers

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Printed Sheer Batiste

Tuscany Batistes

Printed Check Weave Lawns

Printed Sheer Voiles

36 or 38 inch Widths

Full Bolts or in Remnant Lengths

28¢ YD.

Sheer Rayons & Rayon Romanes

77¢ Yd.

Acetate rayon novelties for dresses, blouses, etc.; pastel shades as well as black and navy. 39 inches wide.

Butcher Weave & Sharkskin Rayons

69¢ Yd.

Rayon sharkskin, the almost-every-occasion fabric in white. Butcher weave rayons for street or sports wear in wanted shades; 39 inches wide.

Irregs. 69c Print Chintz

44¢ Yd.

Ameriglaze quality; attractive patterns for dresses, drapes, spreads, etc.; 36 inches wide; permanent glaze; cut from full bolts.

32c Remnants 80-Sq. Print Percales

25¢ Yd.

Florals, monotones, allover, geometrics, etc., on white and colored grounds; color-fast; 36 inches wide; 1 to 5 yard lengths.

"Comer" Chambrays and *Sanforized Denims

36¢ Yd.

Woven rayon and cotton chambrays in monotone and colorful stripes or solid colors; denims are in stripes or solid colors; 36 inches wide, 2 to 10 yard lengths. *Maximum Shrinkage 1%.

29c-35c Broadcloths or Chambrays

22¢ Yd.

36-inch white broadcloth; 32-inch woven striped and plain chambrays; also 30-inch pastel color plisse crepes; all are washable. Remnants.



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ECONOMIC POWER STRUGGLE SHAPING UP, ARNOLD SAYS

Retiring Prosecutor Asserts Fight Is More for Industrial Control Than for Profit.

WASHINGTON, March 10 (AP).—Retiring from the job of Assistant Attorney General in charge of antitrust prosecution, Thurman Arnold believes that power—not profit—is the main motivating force behind today's economic battles.

Confirmed yesterday by the Senate as a Judge of the District of Columbia Court of Appeals, Arnold told officials attending a testimonial dinner last night that "Cartel leaders are gathering from all parts of the world to protect their system of high prices and low turnover" against the "new enterprise that is coming after the war."

He asserted the world was on the verge of a new industrial age which might bring a higher standard of living than ever before known, due largely to the development of light metals and chemicals. Stating that fear "of the tremendous productive energy of the new world" had incited a battle on the home front," he said:

"The great struggle between economic forces which is going on behind our armies in the field is not a struggle for profits—it is a struggle for domination of industry after the war."

BRITAIN INDORSES PROPOSED TALKS ON POSTWAR AIMS

Continued From Page One.

The United States and the Soviet Union, the London Daily Mail termed his address "the most useful speech of his career."

Repeating Wallace's words that a third world war was likely to follow unless the present Allies get together, the paper said:

"There he gets to the heart of the matter. Nations which unite to fight a common peril in war tend to fall apart in peace. . . . We go a step further than Mr. Wallace. We would say that if the United Nations are not really united now they may not only lose the peace but they may fail to win the present war."

The News Chronicle printed a personality sketch of the Vice-President.

The Mirror cartoon pictured Wallace exhorting a "reactionary" to accept the outstretched hand of "peaceful co-operation for the well being of mankind" instead of the bloody hand of "more wars."

The Times devoted nearly three columns in its wartime edition of only 10 pages to an exhaustive argument for "truly close collaboration" among Britain, Russia and the United States.

Welles' Statement.

Nearly all the newspapers gave prominent display to Under Secretary of State Sumner Welles' statement that Ambassador William H. Standley's assertion in Moscow that the Russian people are not being told the full story of American aid was made without consultation with Washington.

Declining comment on Standley's assertion, Brendan Bracken, British Minister of Information, told the House of Commons that "we have had the fullest possible co-operation from the Russian Government" and sales of a British weekly published in Russia to tell the Soviet people of Britain's war effort are increasing daily.

In a historical analysis of the British policy in Europe for the past three centuries, a correspondent in the Times asserted that "experience proves most emphatically that no Western power, however great, can safely act on the Eastern flank of Germany except in genuine and close understanding with Russia."

If lasting peace is to come to Europe, the Times correspondent concluded, there must be, contrary to the experience of 1919 to 1939, a "truly close collaboration" among Russia, Britain and the United States.

In an editorial indorsing this conclusion, the Times said, "... security in Eastern Europe is unattainable unless it is buttressed by the military power of Russia. . . . realization of security will depend on the joint and continuous vigilance of Britain and Russia."

British diplomacy, then, has two tasks, the Times continued. The first is "to develop a spirit of growing confidence in relations between Britain and Russia" and the second is "to interpret to the United States the common interest of Britain and Russia in European security and the means of attaining it."

In an oblique reference to Russia's insistence upon territorial adjustments in Poland and the Baltic states, the Times also declared that Russia after the war must enjoy the same right as its allies to judge for itself "the conditions which she deems necessary for the security of her frontiers," including the presence of friendly governments in the "lands between her frontiers and those of Germany."

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Reds Admit 100-Mile Nazi Advance in Donets Area

Continued From Page One.

offensive pushed the Germans closer to their fortress of Staraya Russa below Lake Ilmen by capturing Staro Ramushevo and Novo Ramushevo, only 15 miles from their objective.

Below Kharkov there were indications that the Germans' unslacked attacks, supported by at least 25 divisions—the Russians said 12 of these divisions had come from Western Europe recently—were not likely to cut off the Russian force which had thrust toward the Dnieper.

This force was commanded by Col. Gen. Nikolai Vatutin and it has been the most mobile of the armies fighting on that front.

The Russian high command said it had given the order to evacuate Pavlograd, 35 miles east of the Dnieper bend; Krasnodar, 35 miles from Poltava; Lozovaya, a key junction on the Kharkov-Crima railway; Krasnoarmeisk and Kramatorsk, two important towns north of Stalino; Barvenkovo, Slavyansk and Lisichansk, and there was reason to suppose that the Soviet forces in the area got back safely.

New Russian Positions.

After the retreat from this series of railroad towns, the Russians said they had taken up new positions on a line along the north bank of the Donets and were exacting heavy losses as the Germans attempted to force crossings at many places.

The river was thawing some time ago and was believed to afford a good barrier now, and the Russians had spread mines thickly behind their retreating columns.

These were said to have played havoc with German tanks, blowing up eight at one place. The Russians were beating back every effort of the Germans to retake Kharkov.

East of Vyazma on the central front, the Russians commanded places on both the railway and the Smolensk highway and were in position to put Vyazma in immediate danger.

Resistance was determined, however, and a Red Star, Army newspaper, dispatch said it took four hours to capture Temkino, with the Germans burning villages as they retired.

South of Bryansk and southwest of Orel, the Russians were still on the offensive, and reported the capture of a populated place in the region of Sevsk.

The Russians listed seven German infantry, four tank and one motorized divisions among the 12 reported shifted from the Western front to the Eastern lines, and said that the veterans of the German-Russian war included in the recuperated 13 divisions were eight tank and five infantry divisions.

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ITALIANS REPORT LOSSES OF 54,836 ON RUSSIAN FRONT DURING FEBRUARY

By the Associated Press.

ITALIAN casualties in February were announced officially as 59,850, the Rome radio said yesterday in a broadcast recorded by the Associated Press.

These included 4392 killed, 14,464 wounded and 40,994 missing.

The heaviest toll—54,836—was reported on the Eastern (Russian) front where 3125 were listed as killed, 12,793 wounded and 38,918 missing. On the North African front the Italians said they lost 436 killed, 579 wounded and 1364 missing.

HOUSE COMMITTEE APPROVES 20 PCT. WITHHOLDING TAX

Continued From Page One.

the 1943 tax when their returns are filed in 1944. This would affect approximately four million new taxpayers.

"3. The plan would do the same thing with those taxpayers who have paid in full their 1942 obligation by July 15.

Effect on Others.

"4. In the case of those taxpayers whose tax liability is above the withholding rate and those in the first bracket having income other than wages and salaries, they will go ahead and pay their third and

fourth installments in 1943, on Sept. 15 and Dec. 15, but the amount of these payments would be the affected part of 1942 obligation, minus payments made under the withholding levy.

"5. The committee is considering a plan to offer a small discount to taxpayers who elect to pay off the past year in full and bring themselves to a current basis. No decision has been reached on the amount of this percentage. (Although 5 or 10 per cent has been

discussed). The committee is considering also moving the date for filing returns back from March 15 to an earlier date and the possibility of persons with income other than wages and salaries paying taxes for one year in the subsequent year by a single payment at the time of filing the return, or at the election of the taxpayer, on a monthly basis instead of the present quarterly payments."

Cats Start Blackout.
WAYNESBORO, Pa., March 10 (AP).—A section of this town had its lights out several minutes before a blackout started. A little searching disclosed the "siren" that caused the false alarm—two cats on a backyard fence.

GLASSES REPAIRED—
Optical Precision
Charge Accounts Invited
Erker's
410 OLIVE Guild Opticians 518 N. Grand 711 N. 4th. Opposite Union Market

SALE
Buy U. S. War Bonds & Stamps
Men's and boys' high-grade samples and factory rejects. Save 50%. Open Mon. and Sat. until 9 p. m.

MORRIS SRENCO, INC.
711 N. 4th. Opposite Union Market

Equal Pay for Women Bill Passed.

OLYMPIA, Wash., March 10 (AP).—The Washington Legislature, after Senate approval yesterday, sent to Gov. Arthur B. Langlie a measure making it unlawful to pay women less than men for the same work.

Rengo Belt FOUNDATIONS
for all figures at all good stores
MADE BY CROWN CORSET CO.—N. Y.

Neumode NO SEAMS TO TWIST! Barelegs 55¢
You'll find these stockings ideal to wear with toeless or open-back shoes.
HOSIERY REPAIRED: Silk, from 20c • Nylon, from 25c
EIGHTH AND LOCUST
228 Collinsville, E. St. Louis 6639 Delmar, University City 215 West Third, Alton

answers to your war-time questions

SBF VICTORY CENTER

Want war-time information in a hurry? Want to know about the WAAC? Point-rationing? Waste fats? The Red Cross? Bring your war-time questions to our popular new Victory Booth. Bring also your old hosiery, keys, compacts and playing cards. And, above all, bring your dimes for War Stamps, your dollars for War Bonds—for Victory!

STIX, BAER & FULLER

LOOK FOR THE BLUE STAR ★ SBF PRIVATE BRAND

compare this LEADER uniform

at \$3.98

... an example of the excellent quality-plus-value you get in Stix, Baer & Fuller's private ★ brands:

☐ Sanforized white poplin (shrinkage not over 1%)
☐ long and short-sleeve styles
☐ sewed-in dress shields
☐ shoulder-strap tabs
☐ 10-gore skirt
☐ removable buttons (toggle back)
☐ coat style . . . buttons all the way down
☐ set-in belt (more flattering)
☐ top pocket for hankie—patch pocket on skirt
☐ sizes 12 to 44

SBF Uniforms—Second Floor

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NAZI PRESS PLAYS UP U.S. OFFICIALS' WORDS ON RUSSIA

Remarks by Wallace and Standley Headlined as Showing Distrust and Fear Toward Reds.

BERN, March 10 (AP).—The Nazi press, which with the Italian press has been trying recently to build a picture of differences if not outright antagonism among Britain, the United States and Russia, has seized on the declarations by Vice-President Henry Wallace and Admiral William H. Standley, United States Ambassador to Russia.

The Berlin correspondent of Die Tat said yesterday that not since the outbreak of war has the German press so played and headlined declarations by Americans.

The Berliner Nachrichtenblatt termed Wallace's speech "sensational" and commented that "never has the United States' dependence on Moscow appeared greater," adding that it was "hypocritical" because "the British and Americans are afraid of the Soviets."

The same newspaper, commenting on the statement in Moscow by Admiral Standley, said he spoke "in vain" of what Churchill and Roosevelt had done because Stalin was "determined to be independent of the help of the democracies."

Fribourg's La Liberté, first among the neutral Swiss press to comment on "uneasiness" between Moscow and the other Allies, described it as "astounding."

This paper said Standley's statement that the Russians apparently were trying to create the impression at home and abroad that they were waging the war alone was a complaint that "showed that the Soviet silence is beginning to weigh on the Allies."

ROOSEVELT SENDS POSTWAR CUSHION PLAN TO CONGRESS

Continued From Page One.

age and survivors insurance and continuing efforts to provide more adequate minimum benefits.

Reorganization of the unemployment laws to provide broadened coverage, larger payments, incorporating benefits to dependents, payments of benefits for at least 26 weeks, and replacement of the present Federal-state system by a wholly Federal administrative organization and a single national fund.

Creation of an adequate general public assistance system through Federal financial aid for general relief available to the states on an equalizing basis and accompanied by Federal standards.

Strengthening of the special public assistance programs to provide more adequately for those in need, and distribution of Federal aid to correspond to differences in needs and financial capacity among the states.

Adequate measures to insure the security of those serving in the armed forces and their families.

Text of Message.

The text of the President's message follows:

"To assist the Congress in the development and consideration of appropriate legislation to achieve normal employment, to give assurance for all our people against common economic hazards, and to provide for the development of our national resources, I am transmitting herewith two reports of the national resources planning board.

"The first, 'National Resources Development—Report for 1943' presents the results to date of the board's work on postwar plans and a record of wartime planning activities. The board proposes measures to meet the problems of the transition period from war to peace and for the longer range development of an expanding economy. It is appropriate that each year the immediate programs contained in the budget of the United States should be considered by the Congress in the light of much longer range plans and programs. To facilitate such use of this report, I recommend that the report be printed, in accordance with past custom.

"We can all agree on our objectives and in our common determination that work, fair play and social security after the war is won must be firmly established for the people of the United States of America.

"Men in the armed forces and all those engaged in the war effort rightly expect us to be considering their future welfare.

"We Need to Look Forward."

"We fight today for security for our nation, and at the same time we can endeavor to give our citizens and their families security against attacks from without, and against fear of economic distress in old age, in poverty, sickness, involuntary unemployment and accidental injuries. We need to look forward to the accomplishment of these objectives—world peace, dem-

ocratic society and a dynamic economy.

"The second report transmitted herewith, on 'security, work and relief policies,' has been developed over the last three years by the National Resources Planning Board, at my request, with the co-operation of the Federal agencies concerned and with the help of citizens with special knowledge and competence in this field. It reviews the accomplishments and experience of the last 10 years, pointing out some of the weaknesses of our security system, and suggesting ways of improving and strengthening the whole program.

"Because of their basic importance to our national welfare during the war and after the war, it is my earnest hope that the Congress will give these matters full consideration during this session. We must not return to the inequities, insecurity and fears of the past, but ought to move forward towards the promise of the future. When the Congress has agreed on procedures for the consideration of these problems, the executive agencies responsible for the administration of programs in these fields are prepared to provide the Congress with all assistance within their power in devising appropriate ways and means to accomplish these high purposes."

FREE GOVERNMENT GARDEN SEED PLAN OUT FOR THIS YEAR

Not Enough Time to Set Up Distribution System, Wickard Rules.

WASHINGTON, March 10 (AP). Sorry, folks, but there'll be no free garden seed from your Senator or Congressman this spring.

Maybe he'll have them next year, if Chairman Smith (Dem.), South Carolina, of the Senate Agriculture Committee can persuade Congress to revive the seed distribution plan, which last functioned in 1923.

He propounded the idea a week ago to stimulate the Victory garden program—"but Secretary of Agriculture Wickard says there isn't enough time to set up an organization this spring," Smith explained. "I'll try and fix it up for next spring."

Special Spring Course Professional Modeling Starts March 25-27. Enroll Now! ARTHUR MURRAY

ROBT. COWLES, Director 7742 FORSYTHE — CA. 4442

THREE BELLEVILLE FOUNDRIES IDLE WHEN 400 WALK OUT

Three gray-iron foundries in Belleville remained idle today, due to a strike of more than 400 employees begun yesterday. Workers walked out when the companies failed to meet an AFL Molders' Union demand that they double the number of mold shifters in the plants, a union member told a reporter.

A scarcity of mold shifters exists, it was explained, because many of them have been taken into military service. Those who remained at work complained that they were overburdened. The companies wanted to send some molders home, union members said, in an effort to reduce the work of the mold shifters.

Plants affected are those of the Oakland Foundry Co., Harmony Foundry Co., and the Egyptian Foundry & Manufacturing Co., all in Belleville.

The King Cole Room FOR LUNCHEON OR DINNER The Popular Hotel for BANQUETS, DINNERS, SUPPER — DANCES Good Transportation & Parking Facilities

HOTEL KING'S-WAY 4294 NATURAL BRIDGE KING HIGHWAY AT W. PINE

ADmits CRIMINAL ATTACK ON YOUNG WOMAN IN AUTO

Police announced today that a machinist at a war plant had admitted a criminal attack on an 18-year-old student nurse last night in his automobile at a secluded spot near a Maramee River bridge in St. Louis County.

The young woman told police

the man accosted her as she was walking in the 700 block of Kingshighway and persuaded her to get into his car on the promise that he would take her to her destination in the city. When she saw he was not taking her there, she said, she attempted to get out of the moving car, but found there was no door handle. The machinist was traced through the license number of his automobile, which she obtained.

Used Washing Machine Parts Wringer Rolls, 49c WASH MACHINE Parts CO. 4119 GRAVOIS — LAcrosse 6266 Open 8:30 A. M. to 6 P. M. Daily

FROM OUR FACTORY TO YOU SAVE A DOLLAR OR TWO PAINT for Less

REPUBLIC PAINT & OIL CO. 1204 S. BROADWAY GA. 3639 10th & Brady Ave., E. St. Louis, Ill. EAST 9307 4294 Natural Bridge

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C. E. Williams

(SIXTH AND FRANKLIN)

ENJOY WALKING

WILLIAMS WALK-ON-AIR SHOE

Smart Pump Ties

Copyrighted by C. E. Williams

SPECIAL LOW PRICE Here Only

Beautiful Spring Styles. Fine Kid with Gabardine. Smart Patent Trims. White, Brown or Black Kid Styles.

INCLUDING SIZES 3 TO 10 AAA to E and EEE (But not in every style)

Please Bring Ration Book

Stores Hours—9:00 to 5:00

Washer Machine Parts

Wringer Rolls, 49c

WASH MACHINE Parts CO.

4119 GRAVOIS — LAcrosse 6266

Open 8:30 A. M. to 6 P. M. Daily

Office Equipment

BOUGHT SOLD RENTED

Large Stock

Repairing Refinishing Upholstering

FEDERAL OFFICE EQUIPMENT CO. CH 6464 1120 PINE ST.

Chairs

\$25.00 High-back Occasional Chairs	\$16.95
\$95 Blue Satin Damask Pullman Chair	\$59.95
\$64.50 Green Damask Wing Chair	\$32.25
\$59.50 Gold Satin Damask Wing Chair	\$29.75
\$49.50 Blue Button-Tufted Barrel Chair	\$24.75
\$14.95 Spring-Seated Occasional Chairs	\$7.48
\$69 Tapestry Pillow-back Lounge Chairs	\$49.50
\$50 Channel-Back Barrel Chairs	\$37.50
\$79 Rose Loompoint Easy Chair	\$49.50
\$85.00 Large Tapestry Victorian Chairs	\$49.50
\$27.50 Spring-Filled Damask Platform Rocker	\$17.95
\$95.00 Tan Genuine Leather Easy Chair	\$59.00
\$125.00 Extra Large Dunbar Wing Chair	\$69.00
\$50.00 Fan-back Swedish Modern Chairs	\$39.95

Desks

\$39.50 Walnut Period Kneehole Desk	\$29.95
\$60 Mahogany Period Kneehole Desk	\$39.50
\$52.50 9-Drawer Walnut Period Desk	\$39.75
\$49.75 Walnut Typewriter Kneehole Desk	\$39.75
\$75.00 Slight Leather-Top Mahogany Desk	\$49.95
\$60.00 9-Drawer Walnut Kneehole Desk	\$44.50
\$49.75 Mahogany Period Style Desk	\$39.95
\$150.00 Large Mahogany Leather-Top Desk	\$89.00
\$69.95 Fine Louis XV Walnut Kneehole Desk	\$49.95
\$132.00 Knotty Pine Credenza Commode Desk	\$85.00
\$44.50 Leather-top Bleached Mahog. Desk	\$34.95
\$39.50 Modern Walnut Kneehole Desk	\$27.50
\$39.50 Walnut Period Kneehole Desk	\$29.95

The Most Important Announcement In Union-May-Stern's History!

Our Greatest Purchase! Our Greatest Sale!

We Bought the ENTIRE FURNITURE STOCK of Chicago's Renowned

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & Co.

(WHOLESALE DIVISION) COMPRISING THE FINEST NAMES IN FURNITURE

ONE OF AMERICA'S LARGEST MERCHANDISING INSTITUTIONS

Savings of 25% to 50%

A Sale Second to None in Our History

... and we cannot urge you too strongly to take advantage of savings that may not be repeated for many a day. This is not just another sale! It is an event that should make every thrifty home-maker sit up and take notice ... for here is some of the finest furniture made—the kind that will make your dream of a lovely home come true ... and it's yours for a fraction of its real worth!

There are handsomely styled Living-Room, Bedroom and Dining-Room Suites ... individual pieces of all kinds ... in modern and graceful period styles ... all built by master craftsmen! Furniture from America's best known makers of quality furniture ... variously priced, but in each instance you pocket a substantial saving! Come in tomorrow and be convinced! You may buy on deferred payments if you desire.

UNION-MAY-STERNE

OLIVE AT TWELFTH

Some Quantities Limited! All Items Quoted Are Subject to Prior Sale!

OPEN NIGHTS TILL 9

Dining Room Suites

\$225 9-Pc. Walnut 18th Century Suite	\$148.00
\$225 9-Pc. Modern Lined Oak Suite	\$112.50
\$169 8-Pc. Modern Walnut Dining Suite	\$119.00
\$750 9-Pc. Mahogany Sheraton Suite	\$395.00
\$150 8-Pc. 18th Cen. Walnut Veneer Suite	\$99.00
\$250 9-Pc. Fine Walnut Veneer Suite	\$189.00
\$425 9-Pc. Robt. W. Irwin Mahog. Suite	\$295.00
\$650 10-Pc. Drexel Mahogany French Suite	\$395.00
\$200 9-Pc. 18th Century Mahogany Suite	\$149.00
\$225 9-Pc. Modern Pencil Stripe Wal. Suite	\$169.00
\$185 8-Pc. Walnut Veneer Period Suite	\$97.50
\$250 9-Pc. Fine Walnut Period Suite	\$189.50
\$750 9-Pc. Mah. & Satinwood Regency Suite	\$495.00

Rugs, Floorcoverings

\$39.95 9x12 Heavy Mohawk Axmin. Rugs	\$28.85
\$39.95 9x12 Extra Heavy Axminster Rugs	\$38.00
\$49.95 9x12 Mohawk and Alex. Smith Axmin.	\$38.00
\$59.95 9x12 Artlook Wilton Velvet Rugs	\$38.00
\$59.95 9x13.6 Heavy Leaf Broadlooms	\$44.00
\$59.95 12x10.6 Heavy Leaf Broadlooms	\$44.00
\$59.95 9x14 Assorted Leaf Design Broadlooms	\$44.00
\$59.95 12x11.3 Leaf Design Broadlooms	\$44.00
\$69.95 9x15 Fine Leaf Design Broadlooms	\$49.95
\$69.95 12x12 Fine Leaf Design Broadlooms	\$49.95
\$69.95 9x12 De Luxe Axminster Carpets	\$49.95
\$79.95 9x12 Fine Royal Wilton Rugs	\$59.95
\$99.00 9x12 Carved Wilton Mohawk Rugs	\$74.00
\$4.95 9x12 Felt-Base Rugs (Slight Irregs.)	\$2.99
\$1.00 Inlaid Kolorflor Floorcovering, sq. yd.	74c

LIVING ROOM SUITES

\$169—2-Pc. Blue Loompoint Suite (Tufted Backs and Seats) \$84.50

\$195—2-Pc. Custom-Built Modern Green Loompoint Suite \$129

\$275—2-Pc. Blue Loompoint Charles o' London Suite \$195

\$245—2-Pc. Karpen Custom-built Blue Loompoint Suite \$184

\$245—2-Pc. Cocoa Brocatelle Louis XV Suite, Carved \$189

\$255—2-Pc. Custom-built Striped Blue Mohair Suite \$195

\$295—2-Pc. Custom-built Massive Rose Tapestry Suite \$219

\$269—Striped Rose Mohair Suite \$189

\$350—2-Pc. Blue Boucle Chas. o' London Suite \$249

BED ROOM SUITES

\$149—2-Pc. Rose Tapestry Suite (Tufted Backs and Seats) \$74.50

\$285—2-Pc. Dusty Rose Loompoint Custom-built Suite \$189

\$250—2-Pc. Pullman Rose Loompoint Suite, modern style \$189

\$195—2-Pc. Figured Tapestry Bed-Davenport Suites \$149

\$275—2-Pc. Custom-built Loompoint Period Suites \$189

\$285—2-Pc. Custom-built Dusty Rose Boucle Suite \$189

\$265—2-Pc. Channel-back Loompoint Suites \$188

\$295—French Rose Brocatelle Suite \$225

\$295—2-Pc. Brocatelle Suite (Cocoa Sofa & Blue Chair) \$225

BED ROOM SUITES

\$169—4-Pc. Shaded Lined Oak Suite; Antique Finish \$129

\$108—3-Pc. Colonial Maple Bedroom Suite \$79

\$350—4-Pc. Genuine Mahogany Chinese Chippendale Suite \$262

\$189—3-Pc. Modern Walnut Suite (with Cedar-lined Chestrobs) \$149

\$325—4-Pc. Drexel Mahogany 18th Century Suite \$225

\$350—4-Pc. Handsome Burl Walnut Chippendale Suite \$225

\$750—7-Pc. Satinwood & Swirl Mahogany Regency Suite \$495

\$299—3-Pc. Fine French Aspen Suite, Handsomely Carved \$149

\$189—5-Pc. Swedish Modern Twin-Bed Suite \$139

\$349—4-Pc. Myrtle Burl French Style Suite \$249

\$225—4-Pc. Modern Wal. Suite—Bed, Dresser, Vanity, Chest \$149

\$359—4-Pc. Genuine Mahogany 18th Century Suite \$275

\$169—4-Pc. Mod. Wal. Twin-Bed Suite; 2 Beds, Dresser, Robe \$119

\$444—4-Pc. Drexel 18th Century Genuine Mahogany Suite \$325

\$475—4-Pc. Mahogany Period Suite with Marquetry Inlay \$345

\$375—3-Pc. Saginaw Pine French Aspen Suite \$189

\$209—3-Pc. Modern Pencil-stripe Walnut Suite \$159

\$189—3-Pc. Walnut Chiffonade Suite \$159

MUCH OF OUR OWN STOCKS ALSO ADDED TO ROUND OUT SELECTIONS! UP TO 12 MONTHS TO PAY!!

FALSE TEETH

FIT LIKE NEW! At last One application cushion plastic makes loose plates fit comfortably for weeks. Not a tender—just a better! Lasts much longer. Economical! Users enthusiastic! Get Dentur-Eze today. At drug stores. \$9.95. Large size only \$14.95.

DENTUR-EZE

VOTE SET APRIL 6 ON PLAN TO CURB DONNELL'S POWER

**Amendment Proposes
That Legislature Stay
in Technical Session to
Avoid Need of Call.**

By CURTIS A. BETTS
State Political Correspondent of
the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, March 10.—The issuance of a call yesterday by Gov. Forrest C. Donnell for a vote April 6 on a proposed constitutional amendment opens the way for a drastic limitation of the power of the Governor over legislation and for complete control by the Legislature over its own sessions.

Since the adoption of the present Constitution in 1875, the Legislature could not be convened in special session except on call by the Governor, and then could consider only such matters as the Governor suggested in the call. Under the proposed amendment, the Legislature could hold itself in technical session all the time, but the Governor would have no power to convene it in special session during a period of recess. Holding this power, it could take up any matter at any time.

Encountered an Obstacle.
Members of the Senate, seeking some means to hold to themselves the power to meet when they pleased, encountered an obstacle to their plans in a provision of the Constitution that bills passed by the Legislature should not become effective until 90 days after adjournment of the session. This meant that, if the Legislature should recess instead of adjourn when it completed its work, the bills it had passed would not go into effect until later.

To correct that, a resolution, proposing an amendment making the effective date 90 days after they were signed by the Governor, was adopted. The Governor fixed the time for voting on the amendment April 6, the day of many municipal elections throughout the State and the day on which delegates to the Constitutional Convention will be chosen.

Working of Amendment.
If the amendment is approved by the voters, it will be possible for the Legislature, on completion of its work, or at any time thereafter, to recess to some future date, or even to some date to be decided by the president pro tem of the Senate and the Speaker of the House.

The Legislature, being in recess during that period, would not be subject to being convened by the Governor to consider legislation he might desire, but it could be convened under its own resolution to consider legislation that might be objectionable to the Governor.

A further infringement on the Governor's prerogatives under the present Constitution lies in the fact that it would require that the Governor approve or veto bills within 10 days of their passage, whereas under present Constitutional provisions he has 30 days in which to approve or veto bills passed within the 10 days preceding adjournment.

DRIED FRUIT POINT VALUES CALLED TOO HIGH IN PROTEST

NEW YORK, March 10 (AP).—The Association of Food Distributors, Inc., protested against high point values placed on dried fruit in a telegram to the OPA yesterday, asserting that accumulated stocks were "threatened with spoilage" because housewives were unable to absorb them.

"There was no consumer hoarding of dried fruits prior to March 1," the association said, "and none is possible now because of high perishability."

VANDERVOORT'S

SOIL-OFF
Cleans your painted walls and woodwork like you dust!



Will not injure paint, dull the glass, or harm the hands.

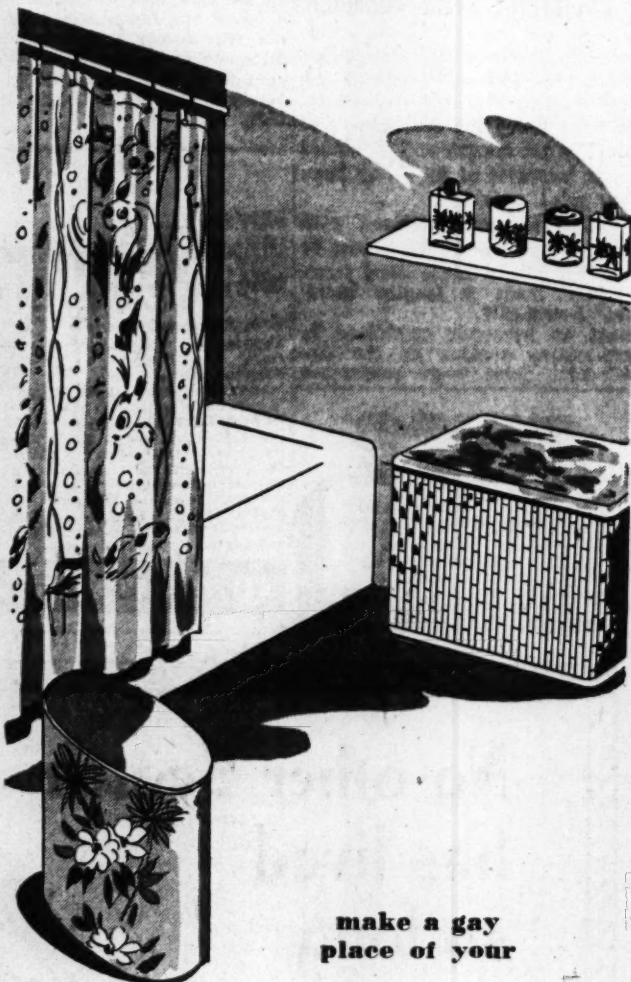
SAVES 2/3 YOUR TIME

- NO WATER
- NO RINSING
- NO DRYING

1 qt. 60¢

SVB's Housewares—Fourth Floor
Factory Representative—First Floor

Mail and phone orders filled (CEntel 7450, WEster 3300 and EAst 1504).



make a gay
place of your

BATHROOM

... whether you "do" with a one-bath house or two or three, you'll find freshness and color in bath accessories effect wonders. We even know women who keep potted plants on bathroom window shelves as morale-builders! You might try...

Walt Disney's FANTASIA shower curtain in your choice of 9 shimmering colors! As gay as FANTASIA itself. Absolutely waterproof. Easily kept spotless!

\$4.98

Borg Bathroom Scales, accurate, durable, compact! Choice of blue, ivory, rose, green, or white. Weighs up to 250 pounds.

\$3.98

With magnifying glass in plastic frame.

\$4.98

Pretty 4-piece toilet set in hand-decorated glass: 2 lotion bottles, a cotton jar and a tumbler. Choice of colors. Set.

\$1.98

Bench type clothes hamper of woven reed enameled glossy white; green pyrolin lid! Specially lined to protect clothing.

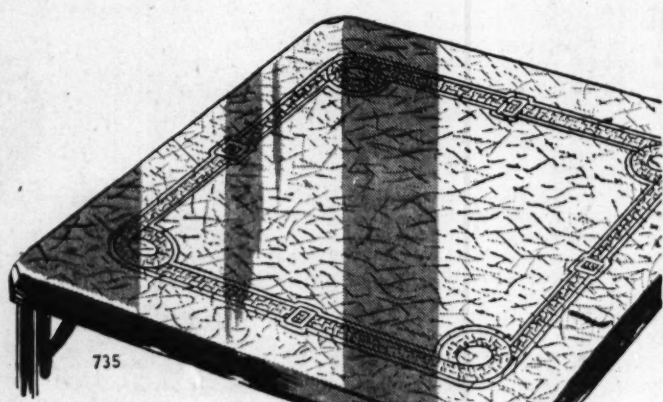
\$2.29

\$1.19 Decorated Waste Basket, oval shaped, hand-decorated metal in a wide variety of colors and decorations. Your choice.

\$1.00

Mail or Phone Orders Welcome!
CE. 7450; EA. 1504; WE. 3300

SVB's Housewares—Fourth Floor



**Samson de luxe
card tables**

**\$3.50
each**

- 735, ivory color, embossed border
- 752, ivory, rawhide effect center, with wood* border
- 782, combination wood* grains
- 783, bird's-eye maple* center
- 799, burl walnut*

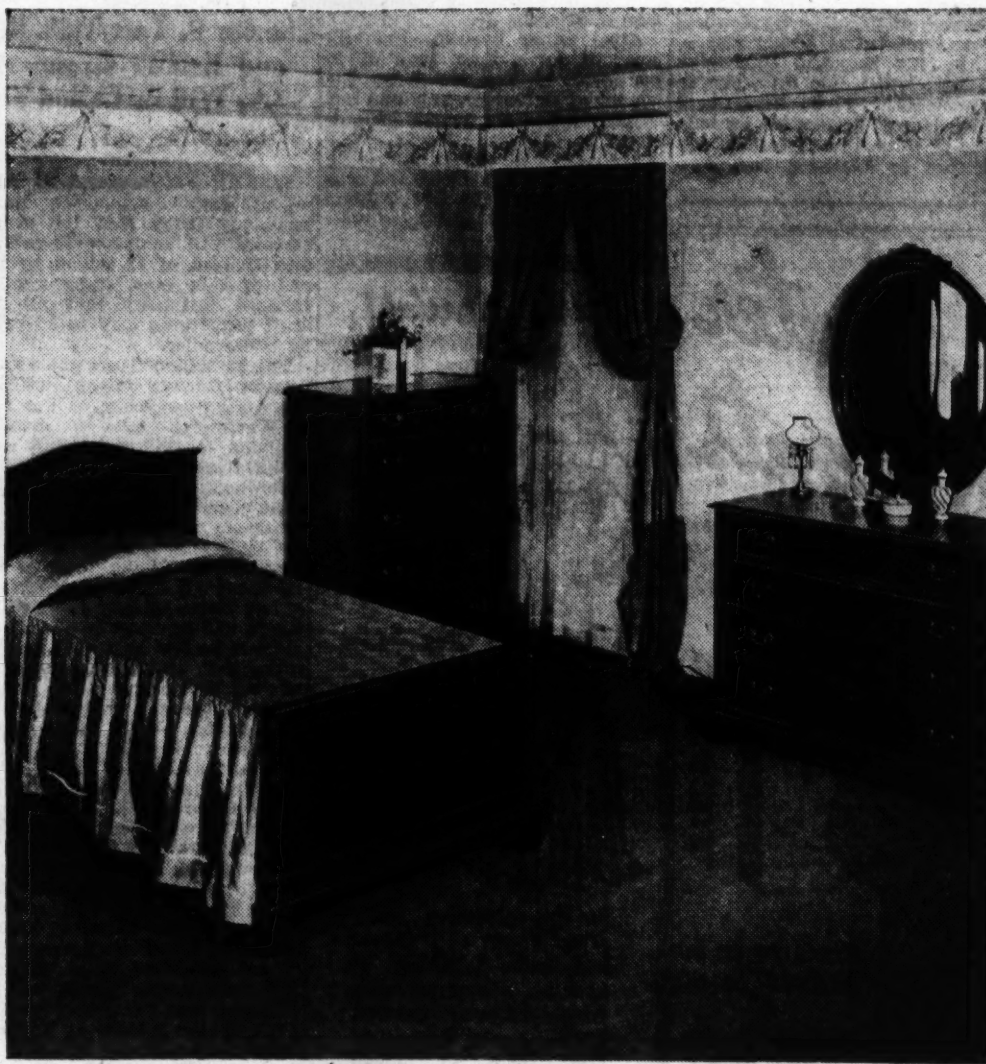
*all wood grains are simulated.

Each table style has a stainproof, washable, colorfast surface; continuous top with smooth, rounded edges; protected corners; reinforced binding; sturdy oversize fluted legs; new double brace which eliminates wobble; rounded gliders on legs. These are Samson features to look for when you buy.

SVB's Stationery—First Floor

SCRUGGS • VANDERVOORT • BARNEY

NINTH TO TENTH • OLIVE TO LOCUST



4-piece Chippendale

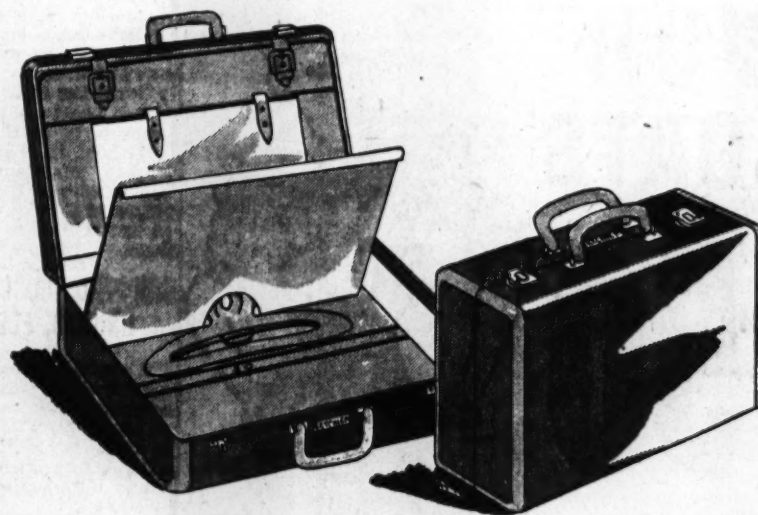
Mahogany Bedroom Group \$151

Dresser with Mirror, Chest and Bed

It is unusual to find furniture of such beauty, excellence in proportions, fine craftsmanship and authentic design at this price! To appreciate it, you should examine minutely the smooth, open-grain veneers which top these pieces. You should touch the hand-rubbed finish. We're enthusiastic about this group! From open stock, add these matching pieces:

Twin Beds, each **\$34.50** Night Stand, **\$16.50**
Vanity and Mirror, **\$72.00** Vanity Bench, **\$12.50**

SVB's Furniture Department—Fifth Floor



Popular Sky Chief Luggage

men's 2 suiter

\$22.50

companion bag

\$17.98

An excellently made bag that will hold 2 suits wrinkle free on one side with ample room for smaller articles on other side. Covering of water-repellent rayon gabardine twill. Olive drab and navy blue with suntan cowhide leather trim.

Aniline-Dyed British Brown Cowhide

Men's 2 Suiter, **\$35.00**
Men's Companion Bag, **\$26.50**

SVB's Luggage Center—Fourth Floor

**SALE! reg. \$1
Playing Cards**

2 decks 89¢

Your choice of a variety of attractive, popular designs. All are gilt-edged. Give a pair as a prize, a gift to your week-end hostess, or stock up, yourself!

SVB's Stationery—First Floor

**48¢ to \$4 Imperial
Wall Papers**

1/3 off

Known for their soft, water-color tints! Recognized for their economy! In patterns suitable for every room and purpose. Bring room measurements, please.

SVB's Daylight Shop—Fifth Floor

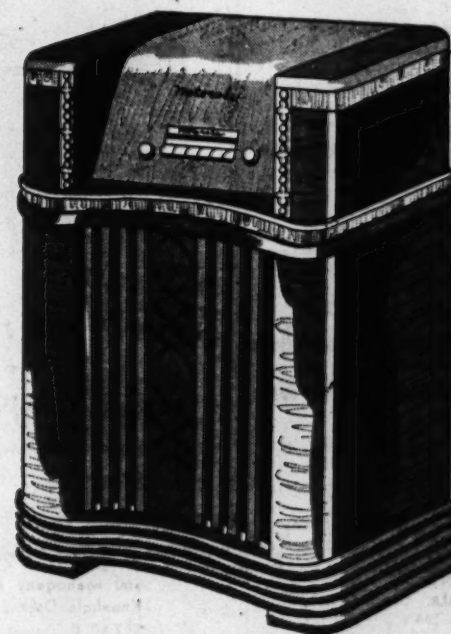


**Cape Cod Stemware
Reproductions, each 21¢**

Your choice of goblets, saucer champagnes, cocktails, wines, iced teas, fruit juices and eight-inch plates. All authentic reproductions of Old Sandwich Glass thumbprint pattern in clear crystal. From open stock.

SVB's Glassware—Sixth Floor

Mail and Phone Orders Welcome



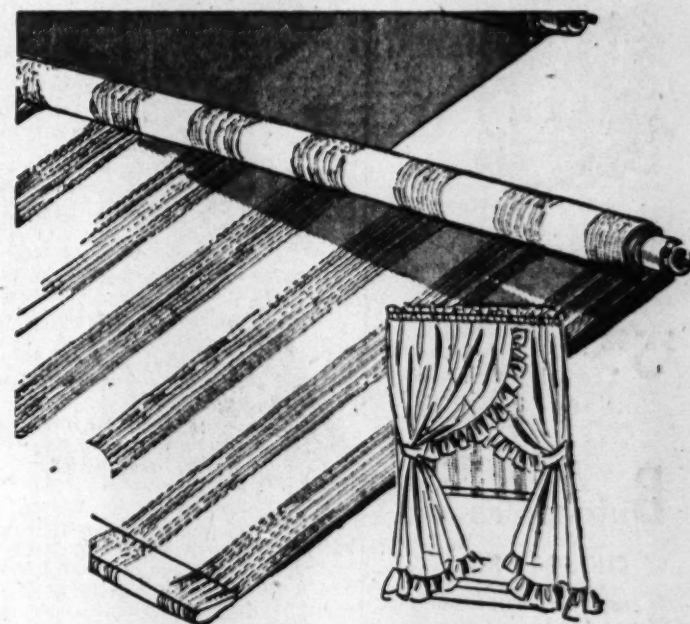
**Motorola
radio console**

\$79.95

You know the name Motorola! Its unusual tone quality and reception is coupled in this with push-button tuning, dynamic speaker; 3-point tone control, in a handsome, walnut-finished cabinet.

SVB's Radio Shop—Fourth Floor

Buy on a convenient SVB Deferred Payment Plan for a limited time only; an allowance will be made on your old radio, when you buy Motorola.



Holland Shades

in six matching sizes

32x7,	89¢	44x7,	\$1.69
36x7,	98¢	48x7,	\$1.79
40x7,	\$1.19	54x7,	\$2.19

Your choice of plain Hollands in white, ecru, pongee, or blue; or Venetian corded, striped Hollands in white, ecru or pongee color. All are mounted on guaranteed rollers. All are seven feet long, finished length. This extra length allows ample surplus for cutting or reversing shade, later.

SVB's Window Shades—Fourth Floor

YOUR LANE BRYANT FAVORITES IN BLACK, BLUE or BROWN

Sizes 4 to 11
AA to EE

\$3.99

and Stamp 17



Eight features to keep you foot-happy

- 1—flexibility of sole
- 2—smooth ankle fit
- 3—non-slip heels
- 4—cushioned heel pad
- 5—cushioned Metatarsal
- 6—“lifting” arch shank
- 7—fine “live” leathers
- 8—perfect craftsmanship

More than 30 new styles in black, brown, blue or combinations.

Lane Bryant
Fashion Basement
SIXTH and LOCUST

For Women



\$5.98

Butcher rayon
dickey suit

It looks for all the world like real linen... Waist-tied jacket and skirt in luggage or green scattered with flowers of white!... The white rayon pique dickey detached for quick washability... Butcher rayon is sturdy, hard to wrinkle... easy to launder... It's just right for your Spring mood!

* Mail and Phone Orders (CH. 6767)
Filled Within One Week

Lane Bryant
Fashion Basement
SIXTH and LOCUST

☆ BUY WAR BONDS & STAMPS ☆

MAN FOUND SHOT TO DEATH 8 HOURS AFTER HIS WIFE DIES

Frank E. Walker, 70 years old, a barber, was found dead of a bullet wound in the head early today by his daughter, Miss Laura Walker, in their home at 2338 Tower Grove avenue, just eight hours after his wife, Mrs. Laura Walker, 71, had died of a heart disease.

Miss Walker told police her mother died at 4:30 p. m. yesterday. Her father, she said, seemed to be particularly despondent.

As she and her father were preparing to retire, she said, she heard a shot, and found him on the floor, a revolver at his side. Walker operated a barber shop at 3842 Wilmington avenue.

MAILING PRIVILEGES REVOKED

WASHINGTON, March 10 (AP).—Postmaster General Walker revoked the second class mailing privileges of the magazines Judge and Close-up yesterday on the ground that they published reading matter and pictures which “appealed to the salaciously inclined.”

Judge was described as a monthly magazine published by W. Newbold Ely and printed at Mount Morris, Ill., by the Republic Publishing Co., Inc., which has its office in Philadelphia. The department named Harold Hammond as publisher of Close-up and said it was published by Close-up, Inc., New York.

MISS ELLA MARIE KINSELLA'S WILL CONTESTED BY BROTHER

Suit contesting the will of Miss Ella Marie Kinsella, disposing of an estate of about \$100,000, was filed in Circuit Court today by a brother, Dalton L. Kinsella, who alleged his sister was not of determined mind when the will was made in 1940 and was under influence of another brother, William J. Kinsella Jr.

After minor requests the will provided for a trust fund of 20 per cent of the remainder for benefit of Dalton Kinsella and left 50 per cent of the remainder outright to William J. Kinsella. The sister, who died March 1, resided at the Park Plaza Hotel and was the daughter of the late William J. Kinsella, coffee and spice merchant.

DOWNEY PREDICTS 15 MILLION MEN IN SERVICE THIS YEAR

Charles P. Taft Tells Second Senate Group All 3As Will Be Called This Summer.

WASHINGTON, March 10 (AP).—One Senate committee heard testimony today that the armed services will comprise 15 million men instead of 11 million by the end of this year, while another released testimony that all 3-A draft registrants may be inducted by midsummer.

The 15 million figure came from Senator Downey (Dem.), California, during testimony on the Austin-Wadsworth bill to mobilize civilians for industrial and agricultural production.

Downey, asserting that, unless some such legislation was enacted American armament goals could not be attained, told the Military Committee: “While there is talk of about 11 million men in our armed forces by next January, the figure will be closer to 15 million.”

He said he had been authorized to make that statement, but he did not say by whom.

Later, Downey explained to reporters that the 15 million figure included replacements of a million men and addition of three million civilian workers in the Army and Navy departments, who, he said, would be practically interchangeable with soldiers and sailors.

Meanwhile, an appropriations subcommittee made public testimony by Charles P. Taft, assistant director of the Office of Defense Health and Welfare Services, that “I am convinced, from what the Selective Service people told me, that they are going to get all the 3-A's by the middle of this summer.”

The 3-A classification is one given men with dependents.

Taft made the statement last Thursday while testifying in favor of a \$2,973,000 fund, later approved by the full committee, to make grants to the states for the care of children of employed mothers. The item was part of a \$6,280,000,000 deficiency bill.

Taft, a brother of Senator Robert Taft of Ohio, had returned from an inspection of industrial districts. He testified there was a pressing need for nursery schools and, for school-age children, attention before and after school hours.

He said industries had found married women generally more stable than single girls, and declared “the women who are the key people in keeping the war plants going are likely to have children.”

The War Manpower Commission has given its regional directors authority to class hotels and restaurants as “locally necessary,” it was learned today.

Informed sources, who declined to be named, said this action, which may be broadened later to cover still other lines not on the national list of essential activities, was taken to aid hotels and restaurants in getting employees.

Without it, they said, food and lodging establishments would be unable to get United States Employment Service offices in crowded war centers to hire workers for them.

CRIPPLED PRISONER DROPS CRUTCH, FLEES; IS CAUGHT

A prisoner suffering from a broken left foot threw his crutches away and fled today just as the door of City Jail was about to close on him, but was captured an hour later as he got off a street car at Jefferson avenue and Locust street.

Deputy Sheriff Henry Rathert, opening the door at the Fourteenth street entrance to the jail, was astounded when his apparently crippled charge, Joseph J. Rodriguez of 1704, rear, South Seventh street, dropped his crutches and ran.

Rathert reported to his superiors that he hadn't handcuffed Rodriguez because he told him he had a broken leg. The deputy had taken Rodriguez from Police Headquarters to the Court of Criminal Correction for arraignment on a robbery charge.

Rodriguez, picked up by police in a scout car who recognized him as he limped from a street car, said he had made his way from the jail through the railroad yards.

HOUSE PERFECTS PENSION BILL FOR \$40 MAXIMUM

Special to the Post-Dispatch. JEFFERSON CITY, March 10.—The Ridenhour-Limerick bill increasing the maximum allowances for old-age pensions in Missouri from \$30 a month to \$40 for individuals and from \$45 to \$60 a month for married pairs was perfected by the House late yesterday and made ready for passage. If adopted, it must be sent to the Senate.

The House defeated an amendment by Democratic Floor Leader Roy Hamlin of Hannibal that would have fixed a minimum monthly pension of \$10 and a similar amendment by Representative Thomas Steinbacher of Kansas City for a \$20 a month minimum.

ADVERTISING

PROMPTLY RELIEVES TORTURE OF SKIN RASHES

(due to external cause)
Zemo—a Doctor's liquid formula—promptly relieves itch of simple skin rash. Aids healing. Only \$5c. All drugstores.

MINERS' CHILDREN CAN'T EAT LITTLE STEEL FORMULA

NEW YORK, March 10 (AP).—John L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers of America, asserted today the coal miners of America are hungry and demanded wage increases of \$2 a day from coal mine operators.

“When the mine workers' children cry for bread they cannot be satisfied with a Little Steel formula,” Lewis said.

ment on economic conditions in coal-mining regions as the Appalachian joint wage conference

DEAF?
“ENJOY LIFE... HEAR CLEARLY”
America's Finest “A-Tune Hearing Aid.”
Free Trial and Test. Phone, Call or Write for Booklet. No Obligation.
TELEX HEARING SERVICE
Division of Butler Optical Co.
308 N. 7th St. O.A. 6753 SUITE 301

began negotiations on a new contract to replace the one expiring March 31. Lewis previously had denounced the Little Steel formula of the War Labor Board which permits wage increases of 15 per cent to cover a rise in living costs between Jan. 1, 1941, and May 1, 1942.

EASY WAY... Tint's Hair

Tint's Hair
JIT BLACK
Brown, Auburn, Blonde
This remarkable CAKE discovery. TINTZ Jet Black Shampoo, washes out dirt, loose dandruff, greases, and safely gives hair a real smooth JET BLACK TINT that fairly glows with life and lustre. Don't put up with faded hair, off-color hair more gradual... each shampoo leaves your hair more colorful, lovelier, softer, easier to manage. No dyed look. Won't hurt permanent wave. Full cake 50c. TINTZ comes in jet black, light and dark brown Auburn (Titian) and Blonde. Get it today—only 50c.

Walgreen DRUG STORES

ADVERTISING
SAVE AND SELL WASTEPAPER!
Higher prices are now being paid for wastepaper! Wastepaper is needed here! Call a Collector at CHestnut 1807

TIRES PASSENGER CAR RECAPPING NOT RATIONED

Merchants' Recapping is the Finest Money Can Buy
The Fastest Service in Town
MERCHANTS TIRE CO.
HARRY S. WHITE
2710 Washington Blvd. JL 6673

☆ BUY WAR BONDS & STAMPS ☆

THURSDAY... 9 A.M.

Winter Coats

—at a price that doesn't begin to measure their fashion beauty!

\$11

Sizes 14 to 20 and 38 to 60

- Simulated Persian Fabric Trims
- Plastron Fronts
- Shawl Collars
- Fitted Coats
- Boxy Coats
- Warmly Interlined

Sorry! No Mail or Phone Orders

Lane Bryant
Fashion Basement
SIXTH and LOCUST

Extra Special!

Sizes 16 and 17

SATIN RAYON

GOWNS

Reg. \$1.79

\$1

Lovely gleaming satin rayon gowns... sleeveless with flattering V-neck... bias cut with easy fullness through bust!... In tearose or light blue... You'll want several at this low price... Come early and SAVE!

* Mail and Phone Orders (CH. 6767)
On Mail Orders Add 10c Postage

Lane Bryant
Fashion Basement
SIXTH and LOCUST

Rushed to St. Louis!

FUR COATS

\$50

Worth MUCH MORE!

Choose From This Partial List of Fine LUXURY FURS...

- Mink-dyed Muskrat
- Natural Opossum
- Pile-dyed Persian Lamb
- Dyed Fox Chubbies
- Brown Super Broadtail (Processed Lamb)
- Mink-dyed Marmot
- Platinum-dyed Caracul
- Skunk-dyed Opossum
- Mink-dyed Coney
- Natural Muskrat
- Northern Seal-dyed Coney
- Black-dyed Persian Lamb Paws
- Black-dyed Kid Caracul
- Natural Pony and Many Others

★

BUY FOR NOW!
BUY FOR NEXT YEAR!

Small Deposit Holds Coat

Lane Bryant
Fashion Basement
SIXTH and LOCUST

For Women

Sizes 38 to 52

\$1.69

A “cherrio” in checks

Jiffy-on-or-off coat-dress in wonderfully washable checked percale... set off with stripings of ric-rac on bright contrasting color... A dress that is sure to brighten the home front... Copen or rose with white. Please mention second color choice.

* Mail and Phone Orders (CH. 6767)
On Mail Orders Add 10c Postage

Lane Bryant
Fashion Basement
SIXTH and LOCUST

Anything to Trade? Swaps are made quickly and economically through the Post-Dispatch Want Ad Columns. These include merchandise for merchandise, merchandise for services, real estate for businesses, used cars or anything wanted. To place a swap ad Call Main 1-1-1 and ask for an adtaker.

No other Scotch has lived so long

Haig & Haig

The Oldest name in Scotch. Famous since 1627

BLENDED SCOTCH WHISKY 86.6 PROOF • SOMERSET IMPORTERS, LTD., NEW YORK

Vitamins for Victory

Even vitamins will help to win the war and Uncle Sam is making certain that his men are getting plenty of vitamin-rich fresh vegetables and fruits.

Carrots, for example, are of particular importance to the air force. In addition to health-building Vitamin A they also provide

Carotene which helps to prevent night blindness. From the fields of the West, Union Pacific transports immense quantities of fresh vegetables and fruits to military supply depots and civilian markets.

It's a patriotic duty for all Americans to keep fit. Eat vitamins for victory!

1223 Ambassador Bldg., St. Louis, Mo., Phone Chestnut 7752

The Progressive
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD
ROAD OF THE STREAMLINERS AND THE CHALLENGERS

Economy Day

FAMOUS-BARR CO'S BASEMENT ECONOMY STORE

Operated by The May Dept. Stores Co.

We Give and Redeem Eagle Stamps

THURSDAY ONLY SALE! FEATURING BUYS FOR THE FAMILY AND HOME! Store Hours: 9 to 5


RAYON FROCKS

\$7.98 and \$8.95 Values!
\$5

Just a limited quantity of these beautiful Prints, blacks, browns and combinations in your favorite one and two piece styles. Broken sizes for women and misses.

St. Louis' Largest Basement Dress Dept.


Jr. Miss \$16.95

COATS, SUITS

\$12.99
En.

New spring coats and suits in gay, brilliant plaids or stunning new novelty fabrics! All rayon lined... all smartly styled and tailored! Sizes 9 to 17.

Fashion Way's Teen Town—Basement Economy Store


Girls' \$8.98 Spring

COATS

\$7.44

Popular boxy coats in solid colors and plaids! Also navy blue fitted models with crisp white collars! All rayon taffeta lined. Single or double breasted, sizes 7 to 14.

Basement Economy Store


\$8.95 Damask

DRAPES

\$6.98 Pr.

Rich, lustrous drapes of rayon and cotton damask! Fully lined, 96 in. long! In exquisite floral designs... beautiful wanted shades. Be early! Don't miss these one-day-only buys!

Basement Economy Store


Carnation

SHEETS

63x99-Inch Size. Seconds of \$1.69 Grade — \$1.49

63x108-Inch Size. Seconds of \$1.79 Grade — \$1.59

72x108-Inch Size. Seconds of \$1.89 Grade — \$1.79

Sizes are torn. Just a limited quantity so hurry for these! Sorry, no mail or phone orders.

Basement Economy Store


\$3.98 Daytime

FROCKS

\$2.88

Just 240 of these beautiful Stunning rayon gabardine dresses... smoothly tailored, smartly styled, with set-in belt... three-quarter length sleeves, notched collar. In blue, tan, green. Sizes 14 to 44.

Basement Economy Store

Misses' Originally \$3.98 Sweaters
\$1.99

Slip-ons in dark shades. Also pastels in classic styles. Sizes 34 to 38

Misses' Spring Jumpers, Special at
\$1.59

Spring plaids, stripes and novelty fabrics. Sizes 12 to 18. Thursday

Misses' \$3.98 Corduroy Slacks
\$2.99

Pinwale corduroy... tailored styles. Brown, colors. Sizes 12 to 18

Women's \$2.49 Coat Sweaters
\$1.79

All-wool cable stitched design. Navy only. Sizes 38 to 42. Thursday only

Juniors' Misses' Dresses, Special
\$4.69

One and two piece rayon in prints and spring colors. Sizes 9 to 15

Junior Misses' \$3.98 Skirts
\$2.29

All-wool tweeds. Also plaids and new spring colors. Sizes 24 to 30

Girls' \$3.98 Cotton Gabardine Coats
\$3.69

Rain or shine coats of water-repellent cotton gabardine. Patch pockets. 7-16

Girls' \$1.98 Spun Rayon Dresses
\$1.69

Princess, torso and nautical styles. Printed and solid patterns. 7 to 14

Girls' \$1.39 Rayon Skirts
\$1.19

Large prints on bright rayon crepe in dirndl style. Sizes 7 to 14

\$1.29 Puerto Rican Gowns
\$1.09

Soft nainsook with hand-embroidery appliques. White, tearose. 16 and 17

Women's \$1.69 Cotton Pajamas
\$1.52

Washable cotton broadcloths, colorful prints. Fully cut. Sizes 16 and 17

\$1.39 Floral Batiste Gowns
\$1.22

Floral or print batiste. Ricrac or lingerie trims. Reg. sizes. Pastels, others

Women's Cotton Slips, Each
58c

Seconds, 69c-\$1 grades. Broadcloths, nainsooks and muslin. Sizes 34 to 44

Women's \$1.69 Uniforms
\$1.44

Limited quantity. Cotton poplins, cotton simulating linens. 14 to 42

\$1.39-\$1.59 Kitchen Frocks
\$1.09

Percale prints. Sizes 12 to 44. Limit of 2 to a customer. Thursday

112 Maternity Dresses, Each
\$1.99

Samples, seconds, \$2.98-\$3.98 grades. Spun rayon or rayon crepes. 12 to 20

Paisley Print Housecoats
\$1.55

\$1.69 wrap styles. Puff sleeves. Print percales. Rose, blue. Broken sizes. 14-44

Girls' White Muslin Slips
44c

Little girls' muslin slips, ruffle bottom, built-up shoulder. 4 to 14

Tots' 1-Piece Pajamas
88c

Regularly 98c! Cotton seersuckers in printed patterns. 4 to 8

Little Boys' 2-Piece Suits
\$1

Sanforized (maximum shrinkage 1%). Button-on style. Sizes 4 to 6

Babies' Cotton Knit Creepers
\$1

Square or crew neckline. White, blue or maize. Sizes 1 to 2. Thursday

Toddler's Cotton Gabardine Overalls
\$1.19

Bib-top suspender styles. Ideal for wee toddlers. Small, medium, large

Men's High Kid Leather Shoes
\$4.25

Regularly \$4.49-\$4.99! Munson last. Soft toe. Black only. Coupon No. 17

Boys', Girls' \$2.59 Shoes
\$2.19

Diamond Brand and Champion. Brown, patent leathers. Coupon No. 17

Men's Leather Soled House Shoes
\$2.09

Non-ratoned! \$2.29 value! Everett or opera styles. Kid leather

Women's Fine Gauge Rayon Undies, Each
50c

Tailored rayon panties, step-ins, briefs and vests. Tearose. Reinforced

Men's Army Tan Socks
55c

Seconds of 35c grades. Fine mer. 3 Prs. cerized cotton. 10 to 12. 19c Pair

Men's Athletic Shirts, Each
35c

3 for \$1. Seconds, 44c-50c grades. Fine ribbed combed cotton. 36-46

Men's Seamless Work Socks, Pair
14c

Seconds, 19c-25c grades. Durable cotton. Reinforced for extra wear

Children's Cotton Anklets, 2 Pairs
25c

Straight up or turn down ribbed knitted cuff tops. Plain colors

Children's Training Pants, 2 For
25c

Seconds of 19c-25c grades. Yellow tint ribbed knit cottons, rayon stripe

Women's Mock-Fashioned Mesh Hose
50c

Irregular. Cotton and rayon with picot tops. 8 1/2 to 10 1/2

Women's 59c Spring Neckwear, Each
39c

Organdies, piques, laces. Round, square, V shape. Collar, cuff sets

Women's Sample Fabric Gloves
44c

69c-89c grades. Cotton, cotton and rayon. Tailored and novelty styles

Special Price! Women's Handbags
83c

Simulated leather grains of calf and Morocco. Rayon failles, rayon crepes

Women's \$2.29, \$2.49 Umbrellas
\$1.88

10 and 16 rib frames. Metal silver-tone frames. Celanese* rayon fabrics

79c to \$1 Costume Jewelry, Each
53c

Pins, clips, bracelets, necklaces, earrings. Metals in gold-tone. Plus 10% Fed. tax

Women's \$1.98 and \$2.39 Handbags
\$1.78

Rayon pleated crepes, rayon cordettes, failles. Many with wood frames

Women's 25c Handkerchiefs, 3 for
59c

Embroidered corded sheers, lace borders with sheer centers. Puerto Ricans

Women's and Misses' Leather Gloves
77c

Capeskins, goatskins. Wanted styles

\$1.29 Stor-Aid Chests*
\$1.09

30x20x21-in. size. Moth resistant. 3-ply fibreboard... wood grained

Women's Felt House Slippers
\$1.29

Irregulars, \$1.79 grade! Not rationed! Leather soles, rubber heels. Broken sizes

2000 Pairs Women's Arch Shoes
\$3.19

Pumps, oxfords, step-ins, nurses or gypsy oxfords. Coupon 17 required

Men's \$2.98 Semi-Dress Trousers
\$2.64

Firm finished shaped retaining cotton worsted fabrics in neat patterns

Men's \$5.98 Cotton Gabardine Raincoats
\$5.35

Single breasted, button front, raglan shoulders. Slash thru pockets. Full cut

Cotton Shirts
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SUIT TO BAR ALDERMANIC CANDIDATE'S NAME FAILS

Circuit Judge Charles B. Williams yesterday denied a petition for an injunction to restrain the Board of Election Commissioners

from placing on the primary election ballot Friday the name of Joseph S. Saputo, candidate for the Republican nomination for Alderman of the Fourth Ward.

The injunction suit was filed by Albert F. Walton, Negro, undertaker, who also is seeking the party nomination, alleging that Saputo registered, from 1317A North Nineteenth street and actually lived at 5031 Vernon avenue.

Walton contended that Saputo was thus disqualified from running, as he was not a resident of the Fourth Ward. Walton, at the hearing, showed that Saputo pays his utility bills at the Vernon avenue address, and that his two children attend a school in that neighborhood, but Saputo testified that he is separated from his wife. He said he really lives in the Fourth Ward, but had not wished it known that he and his wife were not living together.



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WHITE BOWS ON GAY GROUNDS

\$12⁹⁵

A print you'll love for its striking simplicity. Great white bows with black polka dots, sprinkled on grounds of rose, luggage, green and maize. Soft version of the shirtwaist, in a lovely quality of rayon crepe. Misses' sizes 12 to 20.

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Made like a suit, with smart one-button closing, wide rever effect. Scrolls of white polka dot on the jacket, repeated in the separate dickey that looks like a blouse. Flattering, wearable anywhere! Black or navy rayon sheer, 16½ to 24½.

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Eighth Floor

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THE MAN
WHO'S AWAY



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Yes! Our Barrcrest Suits feature Stripes for Spring... and all year round they feature superb tailoring and an amazing resistance to wear! Try on a Barrcrest Suit Thursday... you'll be convinced at a glance in the mirror! Single or double breasted, finished and unfinished all-wool worsted! Blue grays, dusty browns, lead grays, mixtures! In a complete range of sizes.

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Famous-Barr Co.'s Men's Clothes Shop—Second Floor



HERE THEY ARE, MEN—AT A SAVING! REVERSIBLE TOPPERS REGULARLY \$15.75 **\$11⁴⁴**

Rough Tweed Topcoats That Can Be Reversed to a Water-Repellent Cotton Gabardine Raincoat!

Right for St. Louis weather... and just right for your budget! For these are yours at a saving of \$4.31. They're a smart medium weight, ideal for spring! In herringbone and windowpane patterns... in smart dark and light grays, medium and dark browns, blues and heather! With a full sweep, button front and popular raglan sleeves! Sizes 34 to 44! See these Thursday sure.

Famous-Barr Co.'s Men's Sportswear—Second Floor

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Look ahead to summer, and select your cottons early. Wide variety of prints and smart woven fabrics, crisp and cool for hot days. All 36 inches wide.

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Famous-Barr Co.'s Sewing Machine Section—Sixth Floor



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Famous-Barr Co.'s Men's Hosiery—Main Floor



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For tough resistance to wear—choose one of these cotton whipcord trousers for men! In oxford gray, tan, forest green Sanforized; won't shrink more than 1%. Govt. test. Also some cotton coveralls in oxford gray! 29-42.

Famous-Barr Co.'s Men's Trousers—Second Floor

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CHENNAULT HEADS
SEPARATE U. S. AIR
COMMAND IN CHINA

14th Air Force, Independent of Bissell's Units, Set Up in Place of Task Group.

CHUNGKING, March 10 (AP).—Creation of a China air command of United States forces under Brig. Gen. Claire L. Chennault was announced in a communique issued today from Lieut. Gen. Joseph W. Stilwell's headquarters. Chennault formerly was under Brig. Gen. Clayton L. Bissell, commander of American air forces in China, Burma and India. The communique said: "Upon the direction of the War Department the Fourteenth Air Force was activated today under the commanding General of United States Army forces in China, Burma and India. The Fourteenth Air Force, commanded by Brig. Gen. Chennault, replaces the China air task force." Stilwell is the commanding General of United States forces in China, Burma and India.

Creation of the separate air command in China fulfilled a long-cherished Chinese hope and was believed here to have been one concrete result of Madame Chiang Kai-shek's visit to Washington. Observers took it for granted that Chennault's air force would be considerably reinforced.

Marquis W. Childs, Post-Dispatch Washington correspondent, reported in a dispatch printed March 4 that Mme. Chiang had told President Roosevelt that a quarrel over air command in the China-Burma-India theater had prevented the Air Transport Command and the Chinese National Airways from flying into China the supplies that transport planes now in the theater have the capacity to carry.

Mme. Chiang was said to have described a woeful lack of co-operation among officers responsible for air operations.

She was reported to have said in Washington that Gen. Bissell, who is described as sharing Gen. Stilwell's skepticism regarding the use of planes in modern warfare, had refused lend-lease spare parts to Air Transport Command planes and transports of the Chinese National Airways.

Childs also disclosed that Gen. Bissell had been accused of keeping Transport Command pilots at a Chinese airfield in a low-lying area which is so unhealthy that the percentage of sickness is high.

Gen. Chennault was commander of the American Volunteer Group (Flying Tigers) which made an outstanding record in fighting the Japanese in China before Pearl Harbor.

Gladys George Drops Divorce Suit. LOS ANGELES, March 10 (AP).—Gladys George, movie and stage actress, dismissed her divorce suit against Leonard Penn, former movie player, yesterday and reported their reconciliation.

Missing at Sea



SEAMAN
FRANCIS A. WALTER

ST. LOUIS SOLDIER
JAPANESE PRISONER

Sailor Unreported in Atlantic, Jerseyville (Ill.) Man Missing in Africa.

Two more men from St. Louis and nearby communities have been added to the list of war casualties by the War Department. Three others, previously reported to be prisoners, were named in an official list issued today. First Sgt. Adam E. Pliska, husband of Mrs. Betty Pliska, 6110 Cote Brillante avenue, was reported a prisoner of the Japanese in the Philippines. Efforts to reach his wife at the address given by the War Department were unsuccessful and his name was not found in any of the available directories. Pvt. Rupert Greeling, Infantry-

man, has been reported missing in action in North Africa, the War Department informed his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Leo Greeling, Jerseyville, Ill., yesterday. He enlisted in November, 1941, and was sent overseas last April.

Those previously reported to be prisoners are Col. Glen R. Townsend, husband of Mrs. Edith L. Townsend, 7550 Byron place, Clayton; Radioman Hugh Dane Cawthon, brother of Miss Jessie Marie Cawthon, 7023 Edison avenue, Joseph Ambrose Halpin, carpenter's mate, who was listed as missing last May; 15, now is reported a prisoner, the Navy informed his sister, Mrs. Marjorie Kaufman, 7487 Wise avenue, Richmond Heights.

The War Department's list also named Col. Albert T. Wilson of Mercer County, Mo., father of Lieut. Col. A. T. Wilson Jr. of Scott Field, as a prisoner of war. Seaman Francis Aloysius Walter, son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph F. Walter, 6136 Page boulevard, has been reported missing in action in the Atlantic.

MARINE RESERVE ENLISTMENT

Enlistments in the Marine Corps Reserve now are open to men between the ages of 38 and 50, but will be closed after March 15 to men between the ages of 17 and 18, the Marine recruiting office in the Federal Building announced today.

Men in the older age group may enlist under Classification 4 and in

most cases will be used for guard and similar duty at established Marine bases. They will not be accepted if they have more than two dependents.

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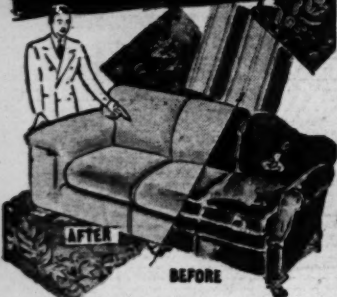
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"Browns Will Surprise Fans This Year," Coach Taylor Says

Club Is on Upgrade in His Opinion

WINTER PARK, Fla., March 10 (AP).—The St. Louis Browns, who uncorked one of the biggest surprises of the 1942 baseball season by galloping into third place in the final American League standings, are apt to do some more high grade surprising this year.

So says James Wren (Zack, if you prefer) Taylor, who is preparing to leave his Winter Park home to join the Browns for his third year as a coach.

Having weathered 28 years in professional baseball, Zack is too sagacious to risk a bald-faced assertion that his pupils will take over the mantle of the New York Yankees. Just the same, Taylor pointed out, the Browns have suffered less from the man power shortage or the draft than either of the two teams (New York and Boston) which finished ahead of them last season, and that is an argument of some weight these days.

"I have the feeling we'll have a surprise for the fans this year," he said. "Our team is definitely on the make, and while I won't say we'll take the pennant, just wait and see."

Zack said he expected a squad of 30 to 35 men to be on hand for the opening of spring training. Johnny Niggeling, Bob Muncie and George Caster are being counted on for the bulk of the mound duties.

Cardinal Roster Lists 32 Players

Billy Southworth's Cardinals have not felt the pinch of the man power shortage, judging by the world champions' spring training roster, now off the press and being distributed among baseball writers. The roster shows the Redbirds have 32 athletes, including 14 pitchers, four catchers, seven infielders and seven outfielders.

The roster also lists 15 Cardinals who now are in the armed forces. They are John Beasley, Frank Crespi, Joffre Cross, Ervin Dusk, Bill Endicott, John Grodzicki, Alvin Jurisch, George Klein, Fred Martin, Terry Moore, Henry Nowak, Walter Seast, Enos Slaughter, Mark Sutkott and William Wachtler.

Players on the roster are Pitchers Bill Beckmann, Harry Brecheen, Morton Cooper, Murry Dickson, George Dockins, Syl Donnelly, Harry Gumbert, Howard Krist, Max Lanier, George Munger, Howard Pollet, Elwin Roe, Ernie White and Ted Wilks.

Catchers Gerald W. Burmeister, Walker Cooper, Sam Narmon and Ken O'Dea.

Infielders Jimmy Brown, George Fallon, Johnny Hopp, Louis Klein, George Kuroski, Martin Marlin and Ray Sanders.

Outfielders Elvin Adams, Dain Clay, Frank Demaree, Debs Garm, Stan Musial, Coaker Triplett and Harry Walker.

Xavier Boys Win Title.

St. Anthony won its fourteenth straight game by defeating St. Thomas, 47 to 17, in a Junior C. Y. C. basketball game at the St. Anthony gym. In the second part of the doubleheader, St. Francis de Sales won from St. Cronan, 47-27.

The Xavier boys' team, of the Boys' Club division of the Junior C. Y. C. circuit, clinched the championship with a 26-17 victory over St. Philip Neri last night. St. Edward gained a 32-22 verdict over St. Mark in another game.

SHORT WAVES

The Cleveland club has reduced the number of unsigned players to half a dozen through the receipt of the signature of AL SMITH, veteran pitcher. . . . On the list of the earliest additions to the signed list is expected to be RAY MACK, infielder; JEFF HEATH is among the hold-overs.

Sign of the times: The Chicago Cubs have reached into the ranks of the semi-pros to get a couple of pitchers. . . . WALTER AL SMITH, SIGNER and ELL SAHLIN, both formerly of the Brooklyn Bushwicks. . . . Their acquisition brings to 18 the number of hurlers on JIMMY WILSON's staff.

Former Cardinal NEWT KIMBALL, who works at a West Coast airplane factory, is the thirteenth Dodger to agree to BRANCH RICEY's terms.

Picking on a blind man is usually considered poor sportsmanship but in the case of LOU SPINLEY of Scranton, it's a sign of courage. . . . Lou wants to tackle WILLIAM RYAN of New York in a checkers match. . . . Ryan plays the game blindfolded.

For many years, 29 is exact. EINAR NIELSEN has trained University of Utah athletes. . . . Now he's ill and his athletes are trying to repay him by donating

WRAY'S COLUMN

The Two 'Poisons' Together Again

"Big Poison" and "Little Poison" are together again—on the same team for the third time. . . . Wartime regrouping of players has brought the famous brothers, Lloyd and Paul Waner, for long years teammates in the Pirate outfield, under the banner of Brooklyn's Bums.

The Dodgers had acquired Paul Waner from Boston, and yesterday's swap with the Phils sent Lloyd Waner to Brooklyn.

Much of the former deadliness of the two "Poisons" has gone. . . . Time has drawn their fangs. . . . Lloyd now is 37 years old and Brother Paul will be 40 next month. . . . For a dozen years, both of these fine hitters batted up there in the stratosphere. . . . Despite averages far below .300 last year, Lloyd's major league grand average is still .319 and Paul's .338.

Lloyd and Paul began to slip about three years ago, after having hit high places for the Pirates since 1927. Their ground-covering has shrunk. . . . Their eyes have dimmed. . . . But they still may have possibilities at the plate. . . . Last season Lloyd hit .261, Paul .258.

Since 1940 the brothers have served separately for various clubs. . . . It needed wartime man-power shortage to put this pair back into regular major league circulation. . . . And, because of the players shortage, they will have plenty of veteran companionship, this campaign.



United Once More

"LITTLE POISON" LLOYD WANER (left) and "BIG POISON" PAUL WANER, right, will be together again this year, playing with the Dodgers. The picture was taken in 1930 at the peak of their long career with the Pirates.

Too Bad—Whiz Kids Won't Do Their Stuff

SCHOLASTIC obstacles and conference precedents will prevent the United States from knowing whether those Illinois Whiz Kids have the best basketball team in the country. . . . However, even had they played and won in the tourney at New York, it would not have proved the point. Other teams of high quality will miss the NCAA competition and play in the Madison Square Garden event.

In a country literally teeming with fine basketball quints, it is unlikely that one could claim No. 1 rating without much debate. . . . But, if we had to risk the family plate, we'd rather take a chance with Doug Mills' lads. . . . Especially, now that Great Lakes has been defeated.

This has been one of basketball's greatest years, despite war handicaps. . . . The grip of this pastime on both players and spectators is best measured by the figures. . . . These show that there are more basketball teams and more basketball spectators than any other sport can boast. . . . We'll leave it to Statistician

Frank Menke to prove this. However, when the State of Illinois musters 830 high school teams for its annual tournament you get an idea of the intense interest manifested today in this fast and thrilling athletic display.

Record Ahead For Andy Phillip

ANDY PHILLIP (family name originally was Fulop), high scorer for the Whiz Kids, can set another record—provided! . . . The proviso is that he plays another year with Illinois.

John Kotz, of Wisconsin University, scored 157 points this year and boosted his three-year total to a record 513. . . . He broke the mark of Jewell Young, Purdue, 465.

Phillip in two years has scored 414 points and has a third season coming. . . . This season Phillip scored 255 points. . . . and of course he can surpass Kotz next season, if he scores only 100 markers. . . . It all depends on whether Andy plays and whether Doug Mills has enough good men left to frame a strong 1944 team.

extra++ innings by J. Roy Stockton

The Senators Know Now What the Judge Meant

SPEAKING at the New York Baseball Writers' dinner, Commissioner Mountain Landis, Commissioner of Baseball, said the game would go on as long as there were enough players to put nine on the field on each side. The Washington Senators' spring training roster for 1943 is off the press and a glance at it indicates that Ossie Bluege, Washington manager, knows exactly what the Judge meant.

Numerically the men listed as Senators don't suffer by comparison with other clubs or other years. But when you study the quality, it's a different story. Only four of the 13 pitchers listed were with the Senators last year. They are Alex Carresquel, Emil Leonard, Rae Scarborough and Early Wynn. Carresquel won seven and lost seven, Leonard had a two and two record, Scarborough won two and lost one and Wynn finished with 10 victories and 16 defeats. The record for the hold-over Big Four was 21 won and 28 lost.

That isn't all. One of the pitchers is John Bunnell, 17 years old, with no professional experience. John is one of two teen-aged boys on the roster. The other is 16-year-old Joe Jacobs, an infielder from Wichita, Kan., also without pro experience.

Bluege Can Call on A Veteran Outfield.

THE Senators' strongest department, with experience as the yardstick, will be the outfield, where Manager Bluege can start an old-hoilder trio and even call on one replacement with considerable major league experience. The three fly-chasers who were with Washington last year are George Case, the brilliant base stealer; Robert Estelle, the round Cuban, and Stanley Spence, who hit .323 last season. The available experienced reserve is Gene Moore, up from Montreal, and the fifth outfielder is John Marlon, who batted .351 for Utica last year.

Only one of Bluege's catchers was in the majors last year. He is Jake Early, who batted .204 against 1942 pitching. The other receivers on the roster are Donald Barbary, with Charlotte last season, and Angelo Giuliani, former big league itinerant, who batted .218 for the 1942 Minneapolis club.

Reds, as Usual, Give The Most Information.

Of the clubs aren't so poor in man power, of course. For instance, the roster of the Cincinnati Reds, the most informative this year as in re-

cent seasons, of all those prepared by the major league clubs, lists enough big name athletes to make no apologies necessary. On the mound staff, for instance, Deacon Hill McKeechne has Bucky Walters, Johnny Vander Meer, Ray Starr, Elmer Riddle and Clyde Shoun as a nucleus, and that quietest could cause ample trouble against the right- and left-handed hitters of the league.

Behind the plate and in the outfield McKeechne isn't so well off, but he is strong in another department, the infield. Barring further loss to the armed forces, he can start the season with Frank McCormick at first, Linus Frey at second, Eddie Miller at short and Bert Haas at third. Frey and Miller constitute the best middle-of-the-diamond infield combination in the league, some observers believe.

Whereas the Senators have only a dozen men and several of them unimportant, who were in Washington uniform last year, the Reds have 18 who served all or part of 1942 in Cincinnati and one of the new players is Miller, the brilliant shortstop obtained from the Boston Braves.

The Senators look like a good bet for last place, perhaps the weakest squad ever assembled in the majors, until we see what the Phils have. The Reds, in contrast, could give the Cards and Dodgers a run, if they could get a break in the outfield.

Seven Bills to Get Letters.

Seven basketball men have been selected for letter awards at St. Louis University. Coach Bob Klenck announced the varsity honors would go to:

Capt. Herb Van Deven, who tops the list with 221 points, having paced the team for the third consecutive year, was a forward selection on Klenck's 1942-43 Missouri Valley Conference all-star team; Jack Genetti, forward, runner-up to Van Deven, with 194 points; Harry Sorial, guard, and Jim Nichols, center, who will be recipients of their second letters; D. C. Wilcutt, defenseman, who garnered 158 points; Henry Raymonds, guard, and former St. Louis U. High star, and Jim Moore, forward.

Two Soccer Shutouts.

The Shaw No. 1 team defeated Longfellow 2 to 0 at Sublette Park and Dewey won over Lindenwood, 1-0, at Franz Park, in the elementary public schools soccer tournament yesterday afternoon.

Shaw No. 2 meets Mason at Sublette tomorrow, while Grant plays Roe at home. Semifinals are scheduled for Saturday. Seven teams of a field of 10 now remain.

Cattle to Graze On Golf Course

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., March 10 (AP). CATTLE will graze and swine will fatten on what was once the Spring Valley Golf Club course, one of the sportiest in the Huntington district.

F. C. Sammons, a building contractor, announced that he had purchased the 120-acre property, and would turn it into a farm for the breeding of thoroughbred cows and hogs.

H. B. Shute, father of Denny Shute, the former professional golf association titleholder, was among the founders of the 25-year-old club, and Denny, himself, had served as professional at the course for a time.

Bill Gain Only Unanimous Pick On All-Star Five

Votes turned in by the coaches of the Southwestern Illinois Conference gave Bill Gain, East St. Louis star, 60 points out of a possible 80 for the only unanimous berth on the circuit's official all-star basketball team, it was revealed today following a meeting of league officials and coaches last night at Granite City. Two coaches did not vote.

Jim Marks of Edwardsville received 55 points; Luther Harris, Wood River, 50, and three players tied with 40 each for the other places on the team. These were Bob Richter and Pete Perucca of Collinsville and Sam Mouradian, Granite City.

Six boys were also named for the second team: Del Albert, East St. Louis; Ralph Miller, Wood River; Clem Frech and Don Siegel, Belleville; Rene Lochman, Collinsville; and Rich DeFigan of Granite City.

At the meeting, four teams of the eight-school league, decided to play out their baseball schedules this spring, with Wood River undecided. The schools approving were Madison, Belleville, Collinsville and East St. Louis.

Dates for the annual conference relays and track meet were set, the relays on April 24 and the track and field event, May 22. Both will be at Granite City. The basketball title was formally awarded to Collinsville and the wrestling title to East St. Louis. It was announced that George Ingie, former coach of the Mulberry Grove (Ill.) High School, has replaced Harold Shapiro as basketball and track coach at Alton High. Shapiro was recently named physical education director of the St. Louis Y. M. H. A.

Ortiz Is Favored To Retain Title

OAKLAND, Cal., March 10 (AP).—Manuel Ortiz, world's bantamweight champion (National Boxing Association version), is a 2 to 1 favorite to retain his title over 15 rounds tonight against the man he won it from, Lou Salica of Brooklyn.

The El Centro (Cal.) Mexican lifted the crown from Salica last year in Hollywood. Only the New York Athletic Commission failed to recognize Ortiz title claims, on the grounds he won it in a 12-round match, instead of 15.

Seta New Swim Mark.

PHILADELPHIA, March 10 (AP).—Joe Verdeur, North Catholic High swimming captain, has set a new Philadelphia district schoolboy record of 2:17.18 in the 220-yard free-style swim. He clipped almost three seconds off the old mark of 2:20.5 as St. Joseph's Prep beat North Catholic, 42-24.

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Darnton and Van Deven To Play Together on Ozark Team at Denver

They've been battling against each other for three years, so it's only natural that now, their collegiate playing days ended, Captain Jack Darnton of the Washington U. Bears and Capt. Herb Van Deven of the St. Louis U. Billikens will team together on a basketball squad to represent the Ozark district in next week's National A. A. U. tournament in Denver.

Two other Bears and two other Billikens will also join efforts on this team, the Universals, sponsored by the Universal Auto Body Co. They are big Mike Todorovich and Ken Wulfmeyer of Washington and Harry Sorial and D. C. Wilcutt of the Bills.

Others on the squad are players left over from last season's Nebos quintet which won the Muncy championship—Howard Bartman, John Gibbons, Bob Soell and Tom Fleming. The group is already registered in the Denver meet and will depart Friday, arriving in Colorado Saturday in time for workouts before the start of the meet.

So far, this is the only St. Louis entry in the national meet. Ordinarily, the champion team of the Ozark team wins the right to compete in Denver, but the local tournament is not scheduled to begin until March 22.

Both Darnton and Van Deven have been consistently high point-getters in college basket circles and Darnton recently won the Missouri Valley individual scoring championship for the second straight year. Darnton, a left-hand expert, and Van Deven, a right-hander, will definitely be the starting forwards on the team, it was announced, and Todorovich will be the center.

Wulfmeyer is also listed as a starter, but it is probable that Wilcutt and Sorial, who teamed together as St. Louis U. guards all season, will be used together. The Missouri Valley Conference frowns on outside competition such as this, Artie Eilers, St. Louis conference representative, said, and the Washington men must also receive permission from the Athletic Council. In the case of seniors, like Darnton and Van Deven, it makes no difference, but Todorovich must get the faculty okay before he can make the trip. Dukes Duford, St. Louis U. athletic director, said there is no rule at his school against this type of competition when the college season is completed.

Tiger Manager and Two Pitchers Are on Way to Spring Camp

DETROIT, March 10 (AP).—Headed by Manager Steve O'Neill and Pitchers Paul Trout and Hal Newhouse, the first official party of Detroit Tigers left last night for the spring training base at Evansville, Ind., where workouts commence Monday.

O'Neill, returning to the major league scene as successor to Del Baker, was in high spirits over his team's prospects, largely because of a veteran pitching staff. The club's list of unsigned players has been reduced to five, thus practically assuring O'Neill of a good turnout for initial drills.

The Tigers added the twenty-first star to their service flag with the notification that Pitcher Clarence Gann, recently purchased from Beaumont of the Texas League, is in the Navy.

Shortstop Bob Henny, former Detroit sandlotter who was utility infielder at Beaumont, has decided to remain on his war job. This leaves the Tigers with only one shortstop, rookie Joe Hoover, but the club is well stocked in second basemen for a possible shift to the other side of the keystone sack.

Four Finds For Setter In Trials

PINEHURST, N. C., March 10 (AP).—Beau Essig's Ace, white and black ticked setter owned and handled by Virgil P. Hawse of Staunton, Va., with four clean finds and a ranging round heat, yesterday became the dog to beat among the 16 that have shown their bird-hunting capabilities in the two days of running in the national amateur quail championship being held here this week.

Village Dictator, a pointer, top dog the previous day, made some errors that allowed the Ace to gain favor with his performance. Du-bonnet, female setter, owned and handled by Ernest Mead of Richmond, Va., bracedmate of the Ace on the second course, ran wide and merrily with two unproductive points and a back, and another point on a covey that was flushed back of her.

Slide Car, pointer owned and handled by E. H. Vane of Philadelphia, with one find, tired after the first hour and was taken up, while Tancanhausen Brook, running with him in the first brace, had one unproductive point, two styled up points on doves and a creditable ground heat.

Famous Highs

Parachute high!

A RUSSIAN AVIATOR PLUNGED 38,713 FEET TO SET A HIGH MARK FOR PARACHUTE JUMPING. BUT YOU CAN SET A RECORD FOR BOURBON ENJOYMENT JUST BY STEPPING UP TO TEN HIGH, THE FAMOUS WHISKEY WITH "NO ROUGH EDGES"!

Tap-dancing high!

ALL-TIME HIGH-STEPPER IS THE PERFORMER WHO DOES HIS TIME-STEPS 500 FEET IN THE AIR, ON A PLATFORM TWO FEET SQUARE! WHAT'S THE ALL-TIME HIGH FOR FINE STRAIGHT BOURBON FLAVOR? MISTER, THOUSANDS SAY IT'S TODAY'S SUPER-SMOOTH TEN HIGH!

...and Ten High!

A new high in whiskey smoothness!

Please be patient. If your store or tavern is temporarily out of TEN HIGH there are two good reasons: (1) Since all distilleries are now making war alcohol instead of whiskey, the available supply of TEN HIGH is on quota "for the duration." (2) Railways must give war materials and food the right of way; so your dealer's shipment of TEN HIGH may sometimes be delayed. This Straight Bourbon Whiskey is 4 years old. 86 proof. Hiram Walker & Sons Inc., Peoria, Ill.

Maryville In Second Triumph

KANSAS CITY, March 10.—Maryville (Mo.) Teachers College won its second game in the national basketball tournament here this afternoon, defeating Eastern Oregon of LaGrange, 61 to 24.

KANSAS CITY, March 10 (AP).—Murray (Ky.) State emerged victor over Southwestern (Wifield, Kan., 44-42, in a hard-fought engagement that opened the second round play today in the National Intercollegiate Basketball Tournament.

Fighting back after trailing 24-14 at half time, Southwestern closed the gap and battled basket for basket during a hectic last half. Steve Frazier's goal with eight and one-half minutes played in the last period sent Southwestern into a 31-30 lead.

It was a see-saw affair from that point, with the lead changing hands nine times. But with five minutes to play, Captain Hyland Grimmer of the Thoroughbreds put his team in front, 39-38. The Kentuckians protected the lead.

The favored Akron (O.) University and Valparaiso (Ind.) University teams fell last night. York (Neb.) College defeated Akron, 52 to 49, and Eastern Washington of Cheney downed Valpo, the tallest team in the tournament, by 54 to 42. Valparaiso presented players up to six feet 10 inches—two of them, brothers.

Pepperdine College of Los Angeles, the West's hope for the championship, managed a 50-40-45 triumph over Kearney (Neb.) Teachers. The Coast team wasn't impressive, but championships aren't won in first-round games.

Shifty Pete Fogo, whose 38 points in one game last year is a tournament record, bagged 19 points before retiring. He was outscored by Capt. Lloyd McCullough of Kearney, who had 25.

Another favorite, Appalachian State of Boone, N. C., had a comparatively easy time in beating Simpson College, 48-31. Player-Coach Belus Smawley led the Mountaineers with 14 points.

One of those chill-and-fever affairs saw Kansas Wesleyan of Salina eliminate Lawrence Tech of Detroit, 43 to 42, in the afternoon feature. Lefty Van Pelt scored the winning basket in the closing seconds of the game.

Other first-round results: Luther College, Decorah, Ia. 31, South-eastern Oklahoma State, Durant, 29; Eastern Oregon College of Education, LaGrange 46, Illinois Wesleyan 40; North Texas State 60, Stout Institute 37.

There was a shift among the leaders of the Women's Handicap bowling championship tournament at the Regina alleys last night when Miss Vernetta Blackgraeve thrust her way into a tie for fourth place in the singles and combined with Miss Agnes Wand to take over the doubles lead.

Miss Blackgraeve shot a 574 total in the singles to tie with Mrs. Bertha Speck for fourth place. Her 487 total in the doubles, combined with her partner's 517 and augmented by a handicap of 144 pins gave the pair a score of 1148 which is six pins better than the second place team of Mrs. Ella Kehn and Mrs. Margaret Brickley.

SINGLES.
Mrs. Alanda Hilgema, 630
Laura O'Quin, 598
Grace Graves, 574
Mrs. Bertha Speck, 574
Vernetta Blackgraeve, 574
DOUBLES.
Agnes Wand and Vernetta Black, 1148
Mrs. Ella Kehn and Mrs. Margaret, 1142
Mrs. Kate Matychowak and Margaret Hyland, 1137
Mrs. Marie Fahl and Mrs. Renee, 1118
Lauman, A TEAM DIVISION, 1105
Bart Nickwar, 2645
Kriegsbauser, 2640
Lafayette Restaurant, 2602
E. to E Five, 2589
Sonnle Tavern, 2589
B TEAM DIVISION.
People's Finance, 2638
Muller Ebonite, 2582
Carondelet Recreation, 2548
Polysart, 2548
Meisinger Drug, 2543

Five Yankee Hurlers Sign; Crossetti Will Report on April 10
NEW YORK, March 10 (AP).—The New York Yankees yesterday received the signed contracts of five pitchers — Charles Wensloff and Thomas Byrne who were with their Newark farm last year, William Zuber, formerly of the Washington Senators and Jim Turner and Hank Borowy.

The Yanks also announced that Frank Crossetti, whose father was killed recently in an automobile accident, had been given permission to delay his arrival at the spring training camp until April 10. Under a 30-day suspension, for arguing with the umpires in last year's world series, Crossetti will not be permitted to play until May 21.

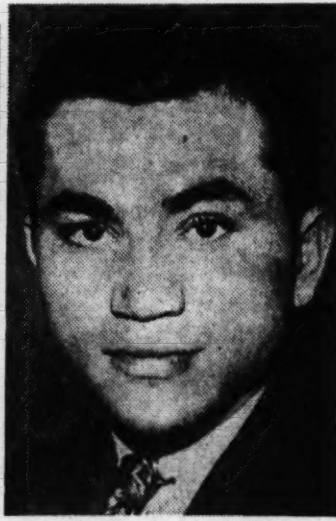
Valley A. A. U. Indoor Track Meet Is Off
KANSAS CITY, March 10 (AP). The Missouri Valley A. A. U. today called off its spring indoor track and field championship, scheduled for March 27 in Kansas City.

Marion H. Miller, secretary-treasurer of the association, said cancellation was due to a conflicting date with the Western N. C. A. A. basketball playoff and cost of setting up the indoor track.

CORPORAL BARNEY ROSS' STORY Tells of Experience in Killing His First Jap

By Corp. Barney Ross, U. S. M. C.
(As Told to George Shaffer)

(This is the fourth of 10 installments of the story by Corp. Barney Ross, former welterweight and lightweight boxing champion of the world, about his experiences in the battle of Guadalcanal, where he earned the title, bestowed by his mates, of the "Fightingest Marine." By special permission of the United States Marine Corps, Ross is enabled to tell his story exclusively to the readers of the Post-Dispatch.)
(Copyright, 1943.)



CORP. BARNEY ROSS

Corporal Ross To Receive Neil Trophy on Friday

NEW YORK, March 10 (AP).—ARINE CORP. BARNEY ROSS, who was awarded the Edward J. Neil Memorial Plaque in absentia nearly a month ago while he was still in the South Pacific battle area, will receive the trophy in person Friday night in Madison Square Garden's ring.

Former Mayor James J. Walker, who made the original presentation at the annual dinner of the Boxing Writers' Association of New York, again will do the honors for the one-time world welterweight-lightweight boxing champion. Barney was cited for his heroism on Guadalcanal the night of last Nov. 19 when he remained with three wounded Marine comrades and killed 22 Japs during his one-night stand.

The plaque is given annually in memory of the Associated Press sports writer and war correspondent who was killed during the war in Spain in 1938. It is awarded to the man who, in the opinion of the boxing writers, "has done the most for boxing during the year."

to find some one in the weapons platoon to let you take a gun." With Gunner Lund. I found someone and borrowed a tommy gun. And I went out with Gunner Lund.

I mentioned yesterday how the gunner took new men with him so they could get over the jitters alongside an old hand, and have protection from him, and the benefit of seeing how he did it and how he took advantage of everything. There were two younger fellows from our company with us.

This particular mission was to find out or see if we could find their positions on a certain point

ILLINI Hockey Team Gains 4-3 Victory
CHAMPAIGN, Ill., March 10 (AP).—Capt. Anno Bessone, making the last home appearance of his collegiate hockey career, gave the University of Illinois hockey team a 4-to-3 victory over Michigan Tech last night by slamming home the decisive goal in the final five minutes of play.

Tech had taken a 3-2 lead, but the Illini tied the score at the start of the final period. With the match drawing to an end, Bessone tore down the ice on a solo effort and scored to break the deadlock.

Phillies Are Cooking Up Deal With Giants
PHILADELPHIA, March 10 (AP).—The Philadelphia Phillies are cooking up a new player deal, this time with the New York Giants. Manager Bucky Harris would say only that there is "something going on" and a trade probably will be announced within a few days.

The Phillies yesterday traded Albin Glossop and Lloyd Waner to the Brooklyn Dodgers for Babe Dahlgren.

Twins in Training.
Henry and Bobby Holt, Negro boxing twins, are in training to be aviation engineers at Eglin Field.

60-Foot Hockey Shot.
The longest scoring shot of the National League hockey season was a 60-footer by Art Wiebe of the Black Hawks.

When the noontime whistle blows
Then the Marvels rooster crows!
Watch how smokers pull out packs.
Light their Marvels - and relax.



and bring the information back. So we three new men were going along, and I was off to one side a bit. Gunner Lund was a little below us, on a lower level.

The three of us seemed to see this sniping Jap at the same time. He was trying to spot our position too, I guess, and report back, same as we were doing. That's the way it looked, because he wasn't shooting. He was about 40 yards from us, up an incline, near trees, and back of brush. We three were in a little ravine.

One of our fellows said, "Let's move up," but I said, "No, let's spread out and get around him." So I went off at one end, started moving up and crawled around some brush, and one of the kids went the other way, and we crept and crawled toward him.

Barney Gets His Man.
We all gradually got closer, but I was the only one with an automatic weapon, and when we all got within 25 yards of him I couldn't see our other men, but knew they couldn't have advanced to that level so quickly, so I fired about 10 shots from the tommy gun.

Then we ran over to him. Eight shots had hit him. Gunner Lund hollered up from below to know what had happened and we yelled that we had got one.

I looked at the Jap's rifle and it looked as if he hadn't cleaned it in a month. He had only one round of ammunition in the chamber. And then I wondered what he might have on him.

We took off his helmet and looked inside because they often keep maps or orders there, but he didn't have anything. All I got off him was some kind of Japanese silk towel. It had the sun emblem on it, and some characters.

It wasn't until afterward that I thought how it felt to kill a man. There I had killed one and didn't even think about it at the time. So that may answer a lot of questions which people on this side put to returning Marines. I believe I am a typical example of everyday Marine fighting men.

The way I felt was the way other Marines expressed their feelings to me. I felt glad there was one less Jap to snipe at us. And I felt pleased he didn't get back to his post with any information about us that might have endangered many of us.

I was to think about this next day, and feel pleased all over again, for on Nov. 18 there was hot action and we pushed the Japs back 300 or 400 yards and I had a chance—no, not a chance, but the necessity—for shooting 30 more Japs.

(Tomorrow's installment tells what three days at the front can do to a man. Barney Ross comes out with silvered hair. Thirty Japs fall to his fire, but one-third of Barney's platoon melts away in the fray.)

LAST NIGHT'S FIGHTS
BUFFALO, N. Y.—Phil Muscato, 165½, Buffalo, outpointed Otto Walker, 165, Detroit (6).
PORTLAND, Me.—Maurice (Lefty) Lachance, 136½, Auburn, Me., 10, defeated Charlie Lewis, 134, Jersey City, N. J. (10).
PITTSBURGH—Bobby Richardson, 151, Cleveland, stopped Pete Spotti, 155, Cecil, Pa. (5).
NEW BEDFORD, Mass.—Andy Holland, 170, New York, outpointed Ted Lewis, 178, New Bedford (10).
NEW YORK—Maxie Berger, 145½, New York, outpointed Savarito Turiello, 148, New York (10).
JERSEY CITY, N. J.—Buddy Farrell, 147, Newark, outpointed Ruby Gluscombe, 147, Newark (10).
STOCKTON, Cal.—Jimmy Florita, 135, Stockton, outpointed Eddie Hudson, 135, Moline Ill. (10).

NO FINER BEER IN ALL THE WORLD
Griesedieck Bros. GENUINE LIGHT LAGER BEER SAINT LOUIS



Griesedieck Bros.
GENUINE LIGHT LAGER BEER
SAINT LOUIS

IN "REGULAR" BOTTLES, ON DRAUGHT, AND IN "QUALITY QUARTS"
GRIESIEDIECK BROS. BREWERY CO. ST. LOUIS, MO.



FOUR FROM ST. LOUIS AREA ARE DECORATED

Navy Flyer, Army Doctor Get Silver Stars—Two Receive Purple Heart.

Two men from St. Louis and vicinity have been decorated for gallantry in action and two others received Purple Heart decorations for wounds received in battle, the War and Navy departments have announced.

Lieut. Douglas C. Davis, Naval flyer, who is now an instructor at San Diego, Cal., has been awarded the Silver Star for "conspicuous gallantry and intrepid service as commander of a patrol plane in action against enemy forces" during the battle of Midway, the Navy informed his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Paul Davis, 836 Atlanta avenue, Webster Groves.

The award was made at ceremonies at the Air Base at San Diego, by Rear Admiral C. A. Fownell, commander of the West Coast air fleet. Lieut. Davis made a night torpedo attack on the Japanese fleet as it approached Midway last June 3, hitting two transports. He is now living at Coronado, Cal., with his wife.

Maj. Harold P. Tompkins of St. Louis also received the Silver Star for "gallantry of the highest order and great personal bravery" during a heavy bombing attack in North Africa on the night of Nov. 20, when he continued to perform his duties as a medical officer showing no regard for falling bombs. Efforts to identify Maj. Tompkins further were unsuccessful. His name does not appear in either city or county directories.

First Lieut. Richard T. Carter, 27 years old, pilot of an Army Air Force pursuit plane, suffered a bullet wound of the arm in a sortie in North Africa and was awarded the Purple Heart medal, his mother, Mrs. C. L. Carter, 547 Washington place, East St. Louis, learned from him, a letter she received from him. The wound, he wrote, has healed and he is back on duty. Lieut. Carter enlisted two years ago and was sent to England last September.

Capt. Joe B. Cohn, who was wounded in action in North Africa Feb. 2, has received the One Purple Heart, he informed his wife, Mrs. Frances Cohn, 7361 Princeton avenue, University City. In letters she received yesterday.

Mrs. Cohn also received the medal, with the explanation from her husband that he was recovering from his injuries and found it just "excess baggage" in the desert. He did not explain the circumstances of the award, which is given to men wounded in battle.

Flyers Decorated



LIEUT. DOUGLAS C. DAVIS



LIEUT. RICHARD T. CARTER

G. O. P. Caucus Shelves Invitation To Willkie to Talk to Legislature

By HERBERT A. TRASK
A Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, March 10.—A resolution inviting Wendell Willkie to address the Missouri House was withdrawn today by its sponsor, Representative Ralph Erdwin (Rep.), Johnson County, after members of the Republican majority in the House decided at an early morning party caucus that it would be politically wise to shelve the matter.

Erdwin told the House that he had intended to invite Willkie to speak, not because he was a Republican, but because "he is a great American." He added that he had been informed that Willkie, who will be in Kansas City to open a Red Cross drive there March 21, invite their 1940 presidential nomination.

person City because "his time is pretty well taken up."

The Democratic floor leader, Roy Hamlin of Hannibal, chided Erdwin for withdrawing the resolution, saying that Erdwin must have been anxious to drop the matter after the "spanking" he had received. Hamlin was obviously referring to the caucus action.

It was reported that the Republican Representatives were about equally divided in the caucus on the question of having Willkie address the House, and it was finally decided it would be best to forget the whole thing because too much political significance might be attached to the invitation. However, no one explained what political significance might be inferred from the Republicans' refusal to invite their 1940 presidential nominee.

THE ARISTOCRAT OF BONDS
KENTUCKY TAVERN
NOW
6 YEARS OLD
20% OLDER...
MILDER...
SMOOTHER
The Whiskey that Acts its Age
Try it Today
THIS WHISKEY IS 6 YEARS OLD—100 PROOF
GLENMORE DISTILLERIES CO., INCORPORATED, LOUISVILLE, KY.

Gas rationing EYE-OPENERS

DIRTY OR WORN OUT SPARK PLUGS "LAP UP" YOUR PRECIOUS GAS, WASTING AS MUCH AS 1 GALLON IN 10. THEY NEED MORE ATTENTION, NOT LESS, THESE DAYS.

TIME AND MOISTURE BRING RUST, WITH MINIMUM DRIVING, THERE'S MORE TIME FOR RUSTING. MOISTURE, WHICH ALWAYS GETS INTO LUBRICATION POINTS, NOW STAYS THERE LONGER. PLAY SAFE—GET CAR GREASED AT LEAST EVERY TWO MONTHS.

WHEN CARS STAND IDLE FOR LONG PERIODS, DIRT IN THE ENGINE SETTLES TO BOTTOM OF CRANKCASE, TO FORM A LAYER OF "GUNK." BETTER HAVE CRANKCASE DRAINED, FLUSHED, REFILLED EVERY TWO MONTHS.

SAVE AS YOU DRIVE UNDER 35

Give your car the extra care it needs... and to make it run well, last long, team up with these 2 great standbys

STANDARD RED CROWN
GASOLINE...the choice of midwest motorists by a margin of 2 to 1* over any other brand.
Help Uncle Sam Join the salvage drive... collect and turn in to the proper local organizations all your old scrap metal, rubber, rags, grease, etc. Share your car. Buy more War Bonds and Stamps. Oil is ammunition—Use it wisely.
*BASED ON LATEST AVAILABLE STATE AND INSPECTION DATA

STANDARD SERVICE

STANDARD'S ISO-VIS MOTOR OIL
...high in protective powers, low in carbon formation, famous for giving long engine life.
STANDARD OIL COMPANY

SEE YOUR STANDARD OIL DEALER

ALL-NIGHT SHOW!
Complete Show After
2:30 A.M.

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NEW MURRY WIDOW
Chonessa
of Terror and 'The Old Homestead,'
1915 R. Broadway

PEERLESS
Broadway

WHITE WAY
Sixth & Broadway
Johnny Mack Brown, 'Little Joe the
Savage Squad,' T. Holt, 'Fighting Frontier.'

IN THE LINE OF DUTY
FOR VICTORY

**BUY
WAR
BONDS
AND
STAMPS
AT THESE
THEATRES
FOR
VICTORY**

Army Sends Casualties' Belongings Home Through Kansas City Depot

Mementos From the Front Cleared Through Quartermaster Station, Which Also Is Big Supply Point for Armed Forces.

(Pictures in Everyday Magazine.)

By RUFUS JARMAN
Of the Post-Dispatch Staff.
KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 10.—The letter was badly penciled, and most of the words were spelled wrong, and it started out like this: "Dear 'Fat': How do you like being in the Army. I hear it's hell. Say, 'Fat', how about sending me about \$20 as a loan? I want to buy a motorcycle."
There were other letters from the same writer among "Fat's" belongings. Some of them said some harsh things about the \$20, because it seemed that "Fat" had not come across with the loan. This was bad for the writer, because now "Fat" is either dead, or a prisoner of war or wounded.
He is one of those soldiers whose

belongings have come back from the front to the Effects Bureau of the Kansas City Quartermaster Depot—the only place in America where the effects of Army casualties are received, catalogued and sent on to the nearest relatives.
There were a number of other things among the poor belongings of "Fat," the soldier, which arrived at the Effects Bureau a day or so ago. There were a beaten Webster's Dictionary, a Testament, a medical almanac and dream book, a cheap watch and some snapshots of a skinny boy in uniform, who must have been "Fat," along with some nice-looking girls.

\$2300 in Bonds in One Locker.
Some of the foot lockers and boxes that come to the Kansas City Depot, stained with the mud and blood of battlefields, have in them things of greater intrinsic value than the possessions of "Fat."
One of them came in a few days ago with \$2300 worth of war bonds and a \$175 wrist watch, and another had a large blanket covered with a remarkable collection of Army insignia. One box had for its principal cargo six fruit jars filled with tropical snakes, preserved in alcohol.

The men who operate the Effects Bureau of the Depot have one of the most interesting jobs in the plant, but their work is only a small part of the installation—one of the 20 such depots in the nation. The Depot carries some 9000 items in stock, ranging from hardware screws to 12-man Army tents.

The Kansas City Depot is the only Army installation that procures athletic equipment for the armed forces. Its stockrooms are filled with collections of baseball, football, soccer, softball and other athletic equipment that would be the envy of the best sporting goods stores.

The athletic equipment is stored in kits and sent to camps throughout this country and abroad. Several hundred dollars worth of it is contained in each kit, designed for the use of some 200 men.

Center for "C" Rations.
On other floors of the depot are countless rows of boxed foodstuffs, piled ceiling high. Most interesting of these are the "C" Ration combinations, used as emergency food by troops in the field or on maneuvers.

At the Kansas City Depot, principal point for assembling "C" Rations, 12 small cans are packed in each box, and two such boxes are calculated to nourish eight men with three full meals.

From the "C" Ration box, the soldier may get coffee for one meal, cocoa for another and lemonade for the third, using powdered extracts. Biscuits, something like hardtack, are contained in the cans, and the principal dishes for the meals are meat and beans, vegetable stew and beef stew.

The Kansas City Depot is commanded by Col. Clarence J. Blake, former commandant of the St. Louis Medical Supply Depot. He has charge of more than 2500 employees at the center, who supply Army camps throughout Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado and Wyoming, in addition to shipping material over seas.

Antigas Uniforms.
Important in the overseas shipments are Army uniforms that have been impregnated with chemicals to counteract the effects of "blister" gases. Kansas City is one of three places in the nation which have plants for uniform impregnations.

The equipment used in the process resembles that of a laundry, and of articles of clothing treated are underwear, shirts, trousers, socks, hoods and gloves. About 45 minutes are required for the process.

The Kansas City Quartermaster Depot was started by Col. Blake in December, 1940, in a building at Independence and Hardesty avenues. A number of buildings, especially designed for handling supplies, have been completed since then and are now in use. The installation has sub-depots at Leavenworth, Kan.; Omaha, Neb., and St. Joseph.

Another Quartermaster Corps unit in Kansas City is the Market Center, which ships fresh vegetables and other foodstuffs to some 23 Army and Navy installations in the Middle West. It opened only last Feb. 12, and during its first 12 days of operation shipped about 800 tons of foods.

Prominent among the items shipped were oysters—a delicacy for which the average soldier had

but little use until recently.

The Army, however, insists that its men eat certain things that are good for them, whether they like them or not. "The Army," said Capt. Ernest C. Hawkins, commander of the Market Center, "is teaching the men to eat as well as to fight."

"The men are growing more and more fond of oysters, the longer they eat them, and we now have a big oyster demand from all the camps."

But, whether it is food, or clothing, or athletic togs, or fighting equipment, a trip to one of the

Army's Service of Supply installations will convince the visitor that the soldiers are getting the best that the nation can produce, and that these materials are being assembled and distributed with remarkable efficiency.

POUL-A-NURE FERTILIZER

A well balanced animal fertilizer with added Peat Moss for humus. Odorless, clean, easy to use. For vegetable and flower gardens and lawns.
ST. LOUIS SEED CO.
411 N. Broadway Near Locust

Veto Upheld; Wisconsin Tax Stands MADISON, Wis., March 10 (AP).—Gov. Walter S. Goodland's veto of the bill repealing the 60 per cent State income surtax was sustained by the Assembly today. The action of the House means that

Child's Colds VICKS
Relieve Misery
—Rub on
Time-Tested
VAPORUB

Individuals will have to pay the surtax March 15 and will get no refund.

CHAIRS
FOR ALL PURPOSES
• OFFICE
• FACTORY
• INVALID • SCHOOL
• CHURCH
Immediate Delivery From Stock
NATIONAL CHAIR CO.
412 N. 4th, St. Louis

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FALSE TEETH That Loosen

Need Not Embarrass

Many wearers of false teeth have suffered real embarrassment because their plates dropped, slipped or wobbled at just the wrong time. Do not live in fear of this happening to you. Just sprinkle a little FASTEETH, the alkaline (non-acid) powder, on your plates. Holds false teeth more firmly, so they feel more comfortable. Does not sour. Checks "plate odor" (denture breath). Get FASTEETH at any drug store.

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Bad Skin?

Ugh! All broken out? If due to naturally caused Pimples, Eczema, or MEACIREX (merry ray), MEACIREX is clean, flash-finished, smooth, good, can be used at any time. Its SIX active ingredients tend to remove crusts, scales, scabs; relieve itching, smarting; help prevent local infections; 3 million jars used. Must relieve or money refunded. At your Drug Store. Economy size 60c. For Free Sample write name and address on postcard and mail to MEACIREX, 26 Conkey Ave., Milford, Del.

★ BUY WAR BONDS & STAMPS ★

We Readily Accept the Suggestion Made by Mayor Becker

In response to a suggestion from Mayor Becker, and in view of the order of the Public Service Commission for an investigation of fare schedules, we make the following announcement:

We are taking steps to continue for the present our current schedule of fares, including passes, to allow all necessary time for the Public Service Commission's investigation to be made.

It is our belief that such an investigation, based on factual data, will reveal . . .

. . . that the use of passes is causing enough unnecessary riding on street cars and buses to create a serious and needless excess traffic load.

. . . that such unnecessary riding is in direct conflict with the wartime transportation objectives as outlined to us by the federal Office of Defense Transportation.

. . . that elimination of passes, and substitution of a lower fare for tokens, would mean actual savings to a great portion of the public, without at the same time imposing undue hardship on the balance of the public.

. . . that such elimination of passes and the establishment of lower token fares would not result in increased revenues to the company, but, on the contrary, would result in lessening of our revenue.

These are our beliefs. We are perfectly willing to have them tested by an unbiased investigation and are taking this step to allow ample time for such an investigation and for a public hearing, preferably in St. Louis where everyone affected will have a better opportunity to be heard.

Our sole aim in submitting our original proposal was to give Greater St. Louis the best service possible under wartime conditions . . . to eliminate nonessential riding in order to conserve street car and bus equipment, tires, fuel and power . . . and to do our best to avoid a transportation crisis in the future.

We believe this will be confirmed by an investigation and a complete presentation of the results at a public hearing. For that reason, we are prepared to co-operate fully in such a fact-finding study in the best interests of the public and of our company . . . and, most important, in the best interests of the war effort.

St. Louis Public Service Company

The Rendezvous
JOE MILSTEEN and His Violin with MARY LOU ROOME and ERNIE JUNG
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"They Got Me Covered" at 12:05, 3:15, 6:27 and 9:38; "Hi-Ya Chum!" at 11:05, 2:15, 5:27 and 8:35.

FOX
"Star-Spangled Rhythm" at 2:10, 5:22 and 10:00; "Henry Aldrich Gets Glimmer" at 12:35, 4:15 and 7:40; preview of "Frankenstein Meets the Wolf Man" at 8:54.

LOEW'S
"Commandos Strike at Dawn" at 12:15, 1:07, 4:09, 7:11 and 10:13; "Power of the Press" at 11:57, 2:59, 6:01 and 9:03.

MISSOURI
"The Immortal Sergeant" at 12:30, 3:35, 6:45 and 9:57; "Margin for Error" at 2:24, 5:32 and 8:42.

ORPHEUM
"Random Harvest" at 10:42, 1:24, 4:06, 6:48 and 9:30.

ST. LOUIS
"Hi, Neighbor" at 6 and 9:08; "Tadpo" at 7:12 and 10:20.

Short trip

Don't try to go far these strenuous days without a satisfying breakfast. You can use a rib-sticking, "go" food with the whole wheat nourishment of wheaties. Real enjoyment, too, in these crunchy nut-sweet flakes with the "second helping" flavor.



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ALSO IN THIS ISSUE

- "Safe, Painless Childbirth," Dr. Morris Fishbein, former president of the American Medical Association, tells of the experimental success of a new method of anesthesia that frees mothers of suffering.
- Who's who in the U. S. Army, Navy and Marine Corps? A special 12-page supplement, in full color, in the March Reader's Digest, shows you the various military insignia, makes identification easy.
- Meet Uncle Tim, the ne'er-do-well teller of tales, who could never keep a job but kept the secret of youth all his life.
- How the U. S. Army makes friends in North Africa. A condensation from the pocket book of etiquette that every soldier carries, to help him get along with the Moslems and not violate their customs.
- How Simon Lake, uncounted genius, built his first submarine "out of spit and string," was snubbed by Wall Street and Washington, persevered. Read how Germany got her first U-boat—and what Lake is planning now.

There are 35 outstanding articles in the March Reader's Digest, selected from thousands appearing in current magazines and books. Get your copy at your newsstand today... and please share it with others.

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Voters' Guide

Municipal Primary, Friday, March 12

Record of Aldermanic Candidates In City's First Primary Election Of Members of Board by Wards

Concluding Installment Includes Aspirants of Major Parties in Even-Numbered Wards From 16 to 28, Inclusive.

The Post-Dispatch herewith presents the concluding installment of the Voters' Guide, containing sketches of major-party candidates for Aldermen from the last seven even-numbered wards. The primary is next Friday, the election April 6.

SIXTEENTH WARD

REPUBLICAN.

WILLIAM C. HOWARD, president of Printers' Litho Press, Inc.; 40 years old, married, one child; 3936A Blaine. Attended St. Louis public schools, now teaches night courses in political economy. In 1934 Howard was an unsuccessful nominee for the Legislature. Opposed to "ward boss type of politicians and pressure groups."

JAKE SELLERS, traffic manager for a dairy company; 33, married, 3830 Park. Born in Missouri, attended high school in Crawford County and Roosevelt High here. Unsuccessful nominee for Board of Aldermen in 1939. He is now ward committeeman. Is opposed to gerrymandering ward redistricting plan but favors "honest, non-political" one.

DEMOCRAT.

CHARLES B. O'CONNOR, incumbent, unopposed.

EIGHTEENTH WARD

REPUBLICAN.

CARL H. GOENER, attorney, 2210A University.

AUGUST MEIER, incumbent; grocer, 2500 Salisbury. Was elected in 1941 to fill vacancy; had been unsuccessful candidate for Alderman in 1939. He is 62, married, has six children. Born in Palmer, Kan., educated in public and parochial schools.

DEMOCRATIC.

John L. Higgins, clerk, 2118 Mul-lanphy.

George A. Ryan, attorney, 53, married, two children, 2521 Howard. Born in St. Louis, attended public schools here, obtained law degree after self-education. Seeking first public office.

TWENTIETH WARD

REPUBLICAN.

Andrew Courtney Davis, Negro, attorney, 1519 Pendleton.

Harold D. Robinson, Negro, upholsterer, 4327 Aldine, 45, married, has one child. Born in Arkansas, attended Philander Smith College.

DEMOCRATIC.

William B. O'Connell, salesman, 3618 St. Louis. Attended St. Louis parochial schools and Christian Brothers' College. He is 53, married, seeking public office for the first time. From 1936 to 1941 he served as driver's license clerk in Police Court.

Walter W. Ziegenbalg, incumbent; insurance agent and druggist, seeking third term. He is 46, married, 3650 Garfield. In 1934 he was a deputy liquor inspector for the State. Favors ward redistricting, post-war reconstruction of blighted areas.

TWENTY-SECOND WARD

REPUBLICAN.

Angelo Compato, shoe repair man. He is 43, married, has two children, 4860 St. Louis. Born in Italy, attended public schools there. Seeking first public office. He is chairman of the Twenty-second Ward Progressive Republican Club.

John H. Nolde, attorney. He is president of the Twenty-second Ward Regular Republican Club and has been active in business, civic and political work in North St. Louis for many years. Born in St. Louis, attended City College of Law and Finance. He is 43, married, 4754A Labadie.

George W. Wackman, merchant, 4622 St. Louis.

DEMOCRATS.

Harry Byrne, lists himself as an automobile broker, 5336 St. Louis. **Edgar J. Feely**, incumbent, seeking his second term. He is 35, married, has one child, 4535A Elmbank. Born in St. Louis, attended Kendrick High School, took extension course in accounting. Employed at a dairy company. Favors ward redistricting, is opposed to any tax increase.

TWENTY-FOURTH WARD

REPUBLICAN.

Charles F. Ballak, attorney, 51, married, one child, 5439 Finkman. Born on a farm near Carlinville, Ill., attended local public schools and City and Benton colleges of law and finance; has never sought public office before. Platform: To work for the betterment of the city.

Carl W. Guetschow, assistant composing room foreman of an East St. Louis newspaper. Born in Downs, Ill., went to public schools at Bloomington, Ill. Has been resident of St. Louis 23 years, lived in Ward for 18 years. Member of executive board of Typographical Union No. 8. He is 50, married, has two children; 5011A Nottingham. Party nominee for Alderman of the ward four years ago but lost in the election. Active in civic, church, social and business organizations.

HERMAN HUBER, dairy salesman; 52; widower, two children, 6927 Marquette. Born in St. Louis, attended Central High School. Unsuccessful candidate for State Representative in 1936. Active in Parent-Teachers' Alliance. Favors ward Associated Petroleum Retailers of enforcement of civil service.

high schools there, attended Franklin Law School. Unsuccessful candidate for State Senator in 1938 and for Prosecuting Attorney last year.

NORMAN H. MEYER, salesman, 1537 Marcus.

Mrs. Mildred B. Westermann, housewife, 55, 5185 Cates. Born in St. Louis, attended Central High School and Barnes Business College. Former secretary of the Regular Republican Club in the ward; chairman of ward women's organization last three years; active in civic and fraternal affairs. Husband, Frank J., is an interior decorator.

DEMOCRATIC.

John T. Ahern, former Deputy Marshal, now retired; 58, unmarried, 5215 Minerva. Born in St. Louis, attended Central High School and St. Louis University. Favors ward redistricting, all-out war effort. Resident of ward for 40 years.

Leroy E. Couplin, incumbent, seeking second full term; married, 5145 Cabanne. Now employed as a structural iron worker at a defense plant, he is a former salesman and former District Assessor. Served as chairman of the Zoning Committee of Board of Aldermen in Dickmann administration.

Charles J. Hunt, ward committeeman and a Deputy Circuit Clerk, 5359 Vernon.

TWENTY-EIGHTH WARD

REPUBLICAN.

J. Ray Weinbrenner, attorney, 6063 McPherson. He is 58, a widower, with two children. Born in St. Louis, attended public schools here and Washington University. Member of the State Legislature in 1927; Judge of the Court of Criminal Correction, 1929-33; was party nominee for Circuit Attorney in 1932. Believes city expenditures should be kept within revenue.

DEMOCRATIC.

William J. Warnick, incumbent, unopposed.

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Operating Rooms on Trucks Exceed Army's Fondest Hopes in Tunisia

Major Surgical Operations Performed Minutes After Engagement Begins—Surgeons Work Under Fire.

By **NOLAND NORGAARD** WITH UNITED STATES FORCES ON THE TUNISIAN FRONT, March 4 (Delayed) (AP).—Ideas of battlefield surgery, conceived three years ago by a Richmond (Va.) Army doctor, have been given their first big scale test in the fighting by the American armored forces in Tunisia.

The surgeon, now a colonel, designed a special truck so equipped that it could be driven to a battlefield and be set up within 40 minutes for three simultaneous major surgical operations.

Armored forces operating in Tunisia offered the first chance to demonstrate the innovation in actual warfare. The results exceeded the fondest hopes.

During a recent battle a surgical company drove up near the United States tanks and started work a few minutes after the engagement began. Within the next four hours,

83 surgical cases, some involving operations which a few years ago probably would never have been attempted outside of a well-equipped hospital, had been treated. Some of the wounded were on their way in ambulances to hospitals in the rear within hours after they were brought in.

One of the soldiers was brought in with a leg which, in the words of the commanding surgeon, "would have been amputated without hesitancy in the last war." There was a compound fracture of the thigh, a deep wound in the knee with the knee cap partly crushed, and compound fractures of both bones of the lower leg and a crushed foot.

Utilizing a technique made possible only by recent discoveries of the properties of sulfanilimide, surgeons, oblivious to nearby dive bombers and shell fire, worked and soon sent the man to the rear.

Today he is regaining the use of his leg. It will never be as good as before but he won't need artificial aid to walk.

Three factors have made possible this revolution in the business of saving lives while all around the grim job of attempting to kill proceeds:

1.—Red Cross blood plasma which permits transfusions for shock immediately.

2.—Sulfanilimide compounds—Easily the most potent ally surgery ever has found in the war on infection.

3.—Both Allies and the Axis have respected the Red Cross symbol of mercy. The Armored Force surgeons in Tunisia have failed to record a single case of a deliberate attack by German aircraft on a surgical unit hospital or an ambulance.

One Luftwaffe flyer had occasion to be thankful that he respected the Red Cross. He was strafing American troops on the battlefield but swerved off, ceased firing and dipped his wings in salute when he saw a surgical tent in his path. Less than an hour later, his plane was shot down, and he was

brought in as a patient. He cut the lapel badge from his uniform and gave it to the unit commander as a souvenir with the solemn declaration that he was fed up with the war and was glad to be out of it.

How To Relieve Bronchitis

Creomulsion relieves promptly because it goes right to the seat of the trouble to help loosen and expel germ laden phlegm, and aid nature to soothe and heal raw, tender, inflamed bronchial mucous membranes. Tell your druggist to sell you a bottle of Creomulsion with the understanding you must like the way it quickly allays the cough or you are to have your money back.

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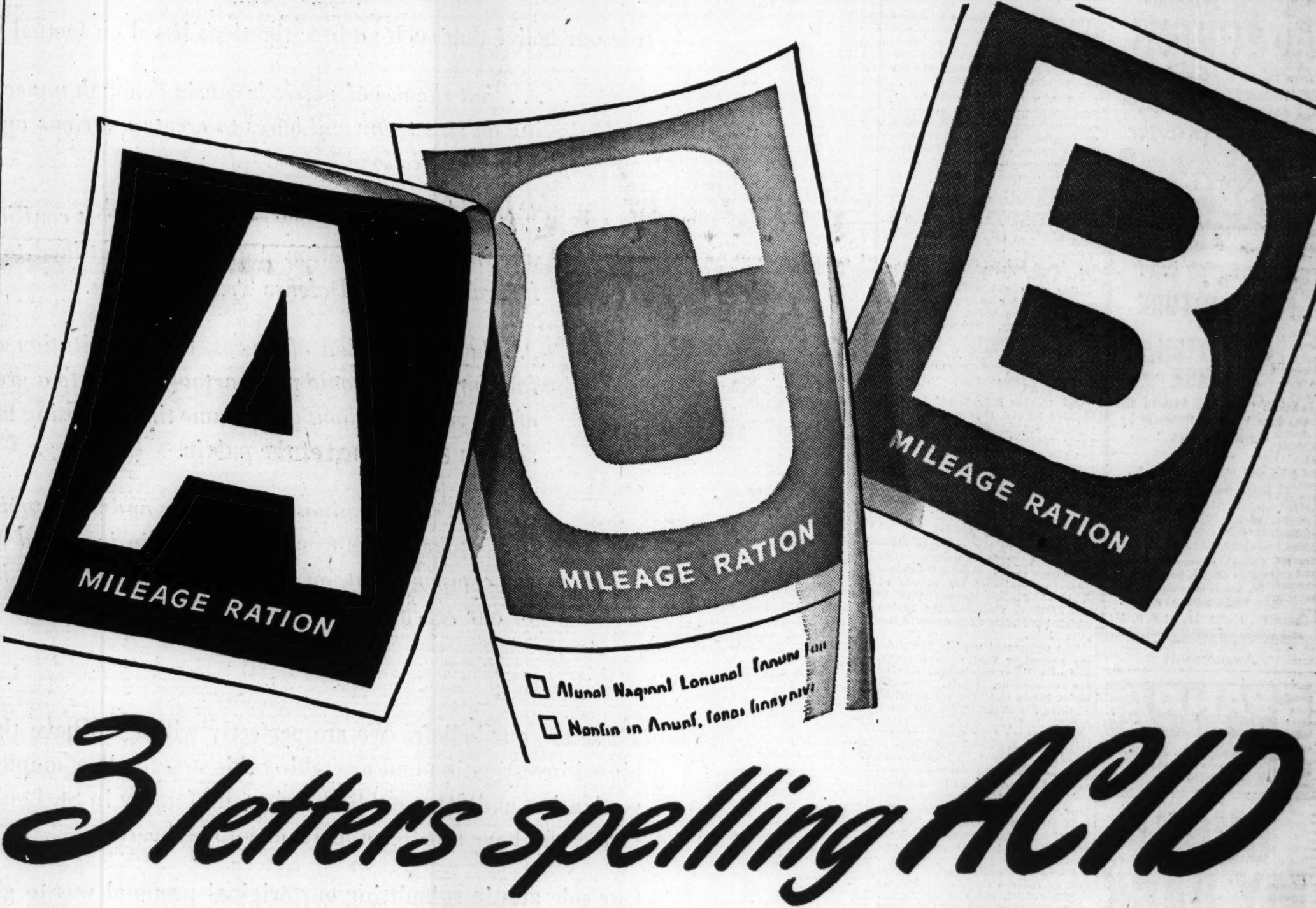
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In those useless leftovers are corrosive acids, trapped in the engine you can't replace—along with moist "sweat" as the interior cools. Any chemistry freshman knows these causes of biting corrosion. They were always present—long before wartime. Only it didn't matter so much when your car was in frequent use, at speeds that thoroughly warmed the engine—helping to offset the worst acid effects. How different today, when mileage, speed, and average engine heat are all down—giving acid its chance to run riot!

You can't open the engine and keep sponging

out any acids or other moisture for half-a-week or half-a-month, when your car stands little used nowadays. But without extra fuss or extravagance you can change to Conoco Nth motor oil and get your engine internally OIL-PLATED.

You're familiar with anti-corrosive plating... like chromium-plating. Just as closely, this protective OIL-PLATING will be kept surfaced to delicate parts by the advanced synthetic substance that's fully described in the celebrated patent on Conoco Nth oil.

Even if your gasoline-rationed car now makes only occasional short runs, you can keep corrosion from doing its worst between times. For you can keep your engine OIL-PLATED by changing to Conoco Nth this Spring at Your Mileage Merchant's Conoco station. Continental Oil Company

OIL-PLATES YOUR ENGINE

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STIMSON WARNS AGAINST 'DANGER OF MEDDLING' WITH PLAN FOR 8,200,000 ARMY

Secretary of War Urges Greater Efficiency in Industry and Agriculture — Says U. S. Plans Succession of 'Carefully Directed Blows at the Enemy.'

WASHINGTON, March 10 (AP).

WARNING against "the danger of meddling" with the program for an army of 8,200,000, Secretary of War Stimson wants greater efficiency in industry and agriculture rather than reduction in the size of the armed forces. An attitude of "trying to win the war in some easy manner and without too much sacrifice," he said in a radio address last night, has been responsible for much of the criticism directed against the size of the Army.

"The various critics who today are asking that we should slow up or interrupt our work," he said, "fail to realize the far-reaching effect of interruption." To curtail the size of the Army would interrupt the process for training forces, and in turn, he said, would disrupt the plan for winning the war.

"Plan and process are tied together," he continued. "The plan contemplates a succession of carefully directed blows at our enemies. The size and character of these blows and the aggregate forces which are necessary have been carefully thought out.

"Duty of Every Citizen." "It is the duty of every citizen," he continued, "to examine his own life and his own community and see whether production in industry and on the farm cannot be increased enormously in efficiency, whether absenteeism, threatened strikes, general complacency, insistence on 'business as usual,' or even insistence on hoped-for standards of living, are not going a long way to prevent what could be accomplished by an all out war effort."

Stimson repeated his advocacy of compulsory man power legislation to replace the present voluntary system, first expressed in a letter to Chairman Reynolds (Dem.), North Carolina, of the Senate Military Committee Feb. 27 endorsing the Austin-Wadsworth bill.

The text of Stimson's address follows: "Tonight I wish to speak to you about the subtle danger which, unless guarded against, may destroy our present bright hopes for a decisive victory. It arises out of a mental attitude which is quite prevalent among our people, including many of the best of them, and has danger of which most of them are quite unconscious.

We are raising and training a magnificent army. We are constructing and manning a superb navy. The fine young men of both these forces are now just beginning to meet the enemy and have already shown their mettle. They are equal to their tasks. Man for man, they have proved themselves superior in skill, initiative and resourcefulness to the men of the Axis nations which we are fighting. There is no trouble with that section of the American people who are in uniform either on the land, on the sea or in the air.

Nor does the trouble exist among millions of patriotic citizens at home, who have given up their dearest to the dangers of this war and who are cheerfully devoting themselves to patriotic tasks and sacrifices here and are thus trying in every way to hasten and push forward the war effort.

It is hard to analyze the attitude to which I refer. It doubtless arises from various causes and it manifests itself in many ways. Some call it the spirit of "business as usual" but that definition is not broad enough. Very often it appears in patriotic people who do not realize what we are up against and who honestly do not understand the purpose and necessity of some of the war measures which their Government is taking. But the attitude is just as dangerous even when it is innocent. I think it can accurately be called the attitude of trying to win the war—the most fierce and dangerous war which has ever confronted the United States—in some easy manner and without too much trouble and sacrifice.

Abraham Lincoln

Met Same Problem.

Abraham Lincoln met it in the Civil War even after that war had been going on for over a year and many bloody battles had been fought. He said to a caller at the White House in September, 1862, "the fact is the people have not made up their minds that we are at war with the South. They have not buckled down to the determination to fight this war through; or they have got the idea into their heads that we are going to get out of this somehow by strategy. They have no idea that this war is to be carried on and put through by hard, tough fighting; that it will hurt somebody; and no headway is going to be made while this delusion lasts."

Today this attitude which Lincoln described, manifests itself when we say of the Russians that they have destroyed so many Germans that Germany will not be able to carry on any more offensives; Or when we say: The German people are cracking; Or, when we say: The best way to win the war is to give our Allies plenty of weapons to fight for us; Or when we say:

If we make too big a military effort we shall so dislocate our economy that we shall never recover; we shall create a permanent dictatorship and lose our historic freedom;

Or when we say other things which at bottom represent merely wishful thinking or the dread of personal sacrifices and the desire to find a better way out.

Size of the Army

I believe that this attitude toward furthering of our part really underlies much of the criticism which is being directed today against the proposed size of our Army. On the other hand, I also realize that the Army plans involve many factors of great complexity and that the doubt in many minds is perfectly honest and patriotic.

Such minds are entitled to all the light which we can give them. It is my purpose tonight to try to explain to you how the size of the Army was fixed; the kind of Army we are training; and the purposes for which it is designed; and why it is impossible to reduce its size or interrupt its training without grave danger to our ultimate victory.

We are planning to have raised by the end of this year 1943 an army of 8,200,000 composed of 7,500,000 enlisted men and 700,000 officers. This number will include an air force of about two and a half million. It also will include the Women's Army Auxiliary Corps of upward of 150,000.

These figures were not arrived at by guesswork; they were the product of months of study by the General Staff and the War College. They were also the product of joint planning with the Navy over the future work of both these services. The proposed size of the Army, the Navy, the Coast Guard and the Marine Corps were all determined at the same time, and all of these forces were balanced within themselves and against each other, and also in connection with the available man power, the estimated capacity of production of equipment, and the estimated availability of shipping for their transport. These figures have received the approval of the joint chiefs of staff of the Army and the Navy and finally of the President. They have thus had the benefit of all the brains, accumulated research, and judgment which our governmental machinery provides for that purpose. They have not been worked out in disregard of but in full reference to our program of shipbuilding and production of equipment.

When we look at the estimated size of the forces of our enemies which are in the field against us, our numbers certainly do not look relatively too large. I realize that the figures of the hostile forces are estimates only but they are based upon the best information available to those whose business it is to make such estimates. In Europe the estimated forces of the Germans and their allies show about 14,000,000 men under arms. Russia and Britain together have a much smaller number. In Asia the Japanese have more than 3,000,000 men. These figures represent the aggregate of individuals in the various forces.

When we compare the combat units of the various forces, the disparity between us is even greater. Our plans are to produce about 100 American divisions of ground forces, together with their auxiliary troops. Germany is estimated to have approximately 300 divisions, Italy 80 divisions, Germany's European satellites another 80 divisions, and Japan about 86 divisions. This makes an aggregate of about 546. Making all allowances for error, these figures certainly make our ground forces seem of very modest size in comparison.

It is not the purpose of our military leaders to create a huge defensive army, awaiting in the United States such unknown and uncertain opportunities for its use as may hereafter occur. Their plans are much more wise than that. The Army is being raised on the fundamental and correct theory that we shall at once take the offensive and seize a number of priceless opportunities which are already opening up for us to end the war as quickly as possible.

Carefully Planned

Co-ordinated Training.

To successfully meet these priceless opportunities we have put into effect the most carefully planned and co-ordinated program of military training which has ever existed in the United States. The training contemplated by this program for the individuals is a process covering a long time. The Germans think up to two years necessary for such training of their men. We believe that our men can

Mounting Strength in the Pacific



Heaped-up barges and small boats roll onto the beaches of a Marine Corps base in the South Pacific carrying ammunition, food and other supplies. The picture was made in the general area where Secretary of the Navy Knox said yesterday in Washington that America's strength is growing.

Beveridge Plans Trip to U. S. to Study Problems

Says Unemployment
Will Be Main Con-
cern of People After
War.

LONDON, March 10 (AP).

SIR WILLIAM BEVERIDGE, author of a sweeping proposal for "cradle-to-grave" social security in Great Britain, told an audience of Americans today avoidance of mass unemployment "is the postwar problem in which people here—and, I suspect, in your country, too—are interested more than anything else."

Beveridge, in a speech prepared for delivery to the American Outpost, an organization of Americans in Britain formed to promote understanding among English-speaking peoples, said that while he planned to visit Canada and the United States shortly to study the postwar unemployment problem, he was coming as a private citizen and not to advise the President of the United States on how to deal with social security.

He added, however, that he was ready to tell anyone what he knew about his proposals.

"I've considerable advantage over most people who talk about the report. I've read it," he said. Beveridge said he was not particularly interested in "putting over" the Beveridge report in the United States or in Britain, adding that in Britain "the people are going to see to that for themselves."

"I think they have their teeth pretty well into 'freedom from want,' and when the people of my country or your country get their teeth into anything, they don't loose their hold," Beveridge said. He declared social insurance above all should be adapted to the taste of the nation employing it, "like its houses, its education and the shape of its women's hats."

do it in one year but that is a minimum. Furthermore, the recruits are not all taken into the Army at the same time and all graduated at the same time. Such a method would be impossible for any country, even one as rich and powerful as the United States. And furthermore it would not meet the changing requirements of war; it would be too rigid and inflexible.

Each of the reception centers and training schools takes in a succession of new classes and these groups are passed along the steps of the course until the final product in the shape of Army divisions is produced at the end. During each group's training the men are first instructed in the schooling of the individual soldier, are then crystallized into small and later large units for training in co-operative team action in modern warfare, and finally large divisions of the combat forces emerge from the other end of the system, each highly trained for its specific task. Every month the requisite number of men to form a certain number of divisions is taken into the reception centers at the entrance to the machine and every month at the other end that number of divisions is emerging highly trained for the various objectives to which they are to be assigned.

Anyone who studies this system as it is now running will be astounded at the careful planning which has been required as well as at the smooth continuity of the process of training which it has produced. It is now proceeding under the highest pressure of perfected action. Nothing like it has ever existed in this country before. It represents a great stream of training toward a carefully

Continued on Page 4, Column 1.

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"WITH 50 YEARS SERVICE" — THE WORLD'S LARGEST FOR ALLIED VAN LINES — "THE WORLD'S LARGEST"

Interpreting the War News

WEATHER UNFAVORABLE TO ROMMEL

By MAJ. GEORGE FIELDING ELIOT

(Copyright, 1943.)

IN Tunisia, we must view the operations of Marshal Rommel as energetic efforts to get the best returns out of a central position and a mobile force which is not strong enough to overwhelm either of its opponents.

For Rommel to stand on the defensive would be to waste the mobility and striking power, and the excellent equipment, training and experience of his Afrika Korps. He is employing it to upset the dispositions of his opponents and thus delay the final reckoning which he must know is coming. All this is perfectly consistent with the underlying and fundamental mission of the German forces in Africa—to gain time in Europe by keeping the Allies fighting in Africa as long as possible.

To be successful in operations of this hit-and-run character, it is, of course, necessary that Rommel should be able to disengage his forces after accomplishing his immediate objectives, without sustaining crippling losses. That means that his losses must not be greater than can be readily replaced, within the capacity of his somewhat precarious lines of communication.

Dependent on Ships.

A certain amount of personnel, spare parts and other items can be brought to him by air from Sicily and Italy; but for the bulk of his heavy supplies, for replacements of tanks and motor transport, he is dependent upon the safe arrival in Tunisian ports of a reasonable proportion of the shipping that sets out to make the dangerous passage across the Mediterranean. In this later respect, his situation is becoming more difficult.

The greatest single cause of this is the coming of better weather over the waters of the Mediterranean. The season of low ceilings, thick mists and rain squalls is passing. This means better visibility for Allied aircraft to discover Axis shipping and better visibility for Allied surface craft and submarines to attack that shipping. The passage from Italy and Sicily to the ports of Tunisia is becoming more dangerous, as is evident by the increased sinkings reported in Allied communiques. Thus Rommel will not line against the British Eighth Army and it may well be questioned whether, on balance, his operation has, from the German point of view, been justified by the results obtained.

Allied Air Superiority.

Moreover, there are signs that Allied air superiority is, at any rate for the time being, increasing on all parts of the Tunisian front. The better weather will enable us to reap extra dividends from this superiority. The Luftwaffe will have to draw again upon its reserves if it is not to abandon the control of the African air to British and American flyers.

There is nothing in the present situation in Africa which suggests any reason to depart from the opinion previously expressed that the days of the Axis in Africa are numbered. Admiral Sir Andrew Cunningham, the extremely capable British commander of Allied naval forces in the Mediterranean, expects the Germans to attempt a withdrawal of their African forces

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DOROTHY THOMPSON 'ON THE RECORD'

COMMON AND
UNCOMMON MEN

MAYBE this is going to be the century of the common man, but it won't be without more uncommon men. The common man is important because there are so many of him. He has gotten a number of things through his head. One of them is that war is a sin and a shame. He believes this whether his name is John Smith, Jacques Duval, or Johann Schmidt. He is fighting, on all fronts, with dogged fortitude because he feels that it is a matter of personal and national survival. But he thinks less than nothing of the political leadership that got the world into this mess by doing too much or by doing too little.

Without ever having studied David Ricardo or John Maynard Keynes, and as ignorant of Karl Marx as he is of Tang dynasty ceramics, the common man has nevertheless heard it whispered that what with inventions, technology, and the transmutation of elements, there's enough on this earth for everybody if everybody works just a little, and steadily. This is a highly explosive idea. Since the beginning of time, the common man stood with his hat in his hand before his "betters" because he had a hunch there wasn't enough for everybody, and so one had better stand in with the prosperous.

But he has seen goods withheld from the market—capital freezing to avoid risk; manufacturers organizing to maintain price, governments ordering food plowed under. To the common man this is nonsense. He doesn't know how to solve "the economic problem," but he can and will blow up the world if it is not solved.

Economy of Plenty.

THE common man has heard the words "economy of abundance" and the words are the prettiest poetry ever uttered. Furthermore, he believes they are not a fairy tale. They could come true. Coming true would mean a world where you could have a

Continued on Page 4, Column 4.

Russia to Be Dominant in Europe After War, Allied Capitals Agree

DeWitt Mackenzie Reports General View
Political, Economic Control May Extend
to Channel, Possibly Embrace All Asia.

By DeWITT MACKENZIE

Associated Press War Analyst.

ADAMIRAL WILLIAM H. STANLEY, our Ambassador to Russia, seems to have broached a keg of strong liquor when he said in Moscow that he didn't think the Russian people were being told the complete story of American aid to their country, and that "there's no question about the Soviets trying to create the impression abroad, as well as at home, that they are fighting the war alone."

This acquired an added potency, which set some eyes in Washington to watering, because it was almost coincident with Vice-President Wallace's declaration that, "unless the Western democracies and Russia come to a satisfactory understanding before the war ends, I very much fear that World War No. 3 will be inevitable."

That impels me to record here some facts noted during my recent trip abroad. I found that one of the questions in the anxious minds of a host of people, from Britain to Chungking, is just what role the Soviet Union is likely to play after the war.

In other words, they're wondering whether the United Nations will remain united, or whether circumstances will decree that Russia shall operate as a lone wolf. That was one of the outstanding impressions of my tour. It struck me as involving one of the most important issues to be solved by the Allies, but I haven't ventured to report it before because it seemed rather delicate for public discussion. However, apparently I was wrong, for the lid has been lifted by strong hands.

This question cropped up persistently and earnestly wherever I went. What I found wasn't so much a definite suspicion that things were likely to go wrong, as real fear that they might. On only one point was certainty expressed, and this was unanimous so far as my observations went.

This was that Russia seemed bound to emerge from the war as the dominant power of Europe—and most likely of Asia as well.

Out of that grew the question of how far Allied unity would be able to adapt itself to this new situation. What would be the attitude of John Bull, erstwhile po-

The belief is widespread in the capitals I visited that the Russians will dominate Europe westward at least through Germany, and may be to the English Channel. I'm speaking now of political and economic domination, for it isn't suggested that Moscow intends to employ military strength.

The whole Russian setup encourages such speculation. Here we have what in area is the largest country in the world. It stretches across two continents, from Europe to the Pacific, its boundaries touching the record populations of India and China.

This empire, which occupied one-sixth of the earth's area and has a population of 193 millions, is pretty well self-contained. It could wage a defensive war indefinitely on its own resources. Geographically it is well-nigh impregnable, unless most of the world ganged up against it.

Russia is a giant even to a vast country like China. What shall we get for that postwar picture that Vice-President Wallace is concerned about? What happens if the United Nations become the disunited nations?

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ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER

December 12, 1878

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THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM

I know that my platform will make no difference in its cardinal principles; that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight for the rights of all parties, never favoring one party, always opposing privilege and public plunder, never giving sympathy with the poor, always devoted to the public welfare; never, never, always be drastically independent; never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER

April 16, 1907.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

State Council of Defense Needs, To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

IN your recent editorial on the Missouri budget for civilian defense, you approve recent reductions by the State legislative committee in the appropriation for that purpose. You state, however, that the reduction may have been somewhat harsh, but the amount should not be increased without clear indication of need.

Civilian defense has from the beginning been upon a voluntary basis, but it is impossible to train and direct nearly a half-million volunteers without at least a skeleton staff of employed persons. We have one staff member to over 30,000 volunteers.

Primarily, civilian defense was conceived and copied from other countries as a means of insurance against such things as have happened in England and Russia. It is pretty generally agreed that both those nations would have gone under but for the nerve and action of their civilians.

If ever bombs strike this continent, you will be scanning the skies in St. Louis. Nobody will then begrudge appropriations for defense, no matter how large they may be, but if the pending cut to 15 cents on the dollar stands, there may be a different feeling.

It is unfortunate that budget talk regarding civilian defense confuses appropriations for defense purposes with those for State departments, normal schools, etc. Two-thirds of the money appropriated for the Council of Defense is not money to be spent, but money set up in reserve against contingencies.

Even if every dime of the appropriations for defense and State Guard should be cut out, the State budget will still be way out of balance. Why dicker over defense items in a time of global war to the practical exclusion of almost all other items?

Whether or not its appropriations for protection are to be stricken out on the grounds that we cannot afford the expense of protection introduces an issue that I do not feel qualified to debate. Our dilemma is to find ourselves the chosen medium of organization for 120,000,000 people on the home front in a war like this, with mounting demands for service on the one hand, and resistance against support on the other hand.

Pretty much everybody seems to ignore the fact that protection is only half the mission of civilian defense. We have placed upon us responsibilities for organizing the population by blocks, to carry on programs of almost every imaginable character. Who would otherwise do such work and co-ordinate agencies for health, production of food, farm labor and transportation, nutrition, collection of salvage and the like?

The time is coming, it seems to me, to decide whether the State shall make provision for real civilian defense, or take refuge behind a nominal appropriation and weak-kneed statutes, which look like they mean something but, so far as action is concerned, mean little.

HUGH STEPHENS, administrator, Missouri State Council of Defense, Jefferson City.

Wants Small-Loan Interest Reduced.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I HAVE been watching with interest the fight to reduce the interest rates (30 and 36 per cent a year) of the small-loan companies. An attempt has been made to get Congress to limit the interest on small loans to 8 per cent a year.

The small-loan companies will tell you that because of the risk, they have to charge a high rate of interest. What risk? Did you ever investigate how they make a loan? Their loans are less risky than a bank's.

Here is hoping Missouri will take the lead in the reduction of interest rates for the little fellow. One and one-half per cent a month is still too high.

GEORGE D. BERCU.

Would Verify Election Results.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

THE voters have a right to know whether they actually elected John B. Sullivan or Louis E. Miller for Congress from the Eleventh District of Missouri. The expense is immaterial. The office of Congressmen during these war times is of supreme importance and such a close photo-finish merits verification.

Moreover, one of your recent editorials emphasized the sanctity of the ballot and urged our Circuit Attorney to take action in the Fifth Ward, where the Board of Election Commissioners opened the boxes and made alarming discoveries until it was stopped by a decision of the Supreme Court.

Surely you do not mean that the sanctity of the ballot does not include the Eleventh Congressional District. Surely you know that the Fifth Ward is in the Eleventh Congressional District.

INTERESTED VOTER.

Why the SEC is Vital.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

CONGRATULATIONS on Fitzpatrick's cartoon, "Washington Saboteur." There is and will continue to be a need for the Securities and Exchange Commission as long as business contains some unscrupulous persons. If a corporation is managed by officials of integrity, there should be no objection to this commission.

Had we had such a check in bygone years, we would not have had the serious debacle of 1929, or at least its effects on our economy would have been materially reduced.

A. H. F.

A FARCE, NOT AN INVESTIGATION.

Are the people of Missouri going to get the facts about the business methods and political activities of the small-loan companies, or are they not?

This question must be asked in all seriousness and with deep concern, even though the Missouri House of Representatives authorized an all-out inquiry in this important field, and even though what was supposed to be an investigation has been going on for almost a week.

The sorry fact is that this is not an investigation at all, but a very poor and crudely stage-managed imitation of one. The thing has deteriorated into a shabby travesty on an essential legislative process, and with the open connivance of certain committee members themselves.

To begin at the beginning, there seems no more than a remote interest in getting at the facts on the part of any member except Representative Raymond J. Lahey, who started the whole thing by a single-handed fight that made legislative history.

Mr. Lahey's first moves to get the facts about the small-loan companies were kicked around in the House so ruthlessly that an outburst of public opinion literally forced that chamber to approve an inquiry. Now that the inquiry is on, Mr. Lahey is being subjected to the same choking-off technique that his bill and resolution encountered in the Legislature.

The Post-Dispatch news columns yesterday gave instance after instance of the concerted campaign to silence Mr. Lahey at the hearings and, by the same token, to give all the advantages to the small-loan men called to testify.

The other committee members left to this freshman legislator virtually all the work of questioning witnesses. Yet they objected time and again to his questions, even anticipating the objections of the small-loan men's counsel. The chairman ruled repeatedly against Mr. Lahey. He was taunted with the fact that he had no chance for an appeal except "to the press." When he urged following up the inquiry on small-loan rates with its logical sequel, the companies' lobbying activities, he was stopped short.

Here enters the ironic fact that even if the committee does at length take up the campaign contributions and other political doings of small-loan representatives, Mr. Lahey will not be able to participate in that phase of the inquiry. As the committee is set up, only the three original members of the House lobby investigating committee are empowered to do that. Mr. Lahey and Representative Bartram were added to the committee later, when the inquiry into small-loan affairs was voted, and they can take part in no more than the investigation of the companies' business practices.

The Missouri House should be keenly concerned about having an honest and thorough investigation. A major piece of legislation is at stake. To thousands of Missourians, inordinately high interest rates are paid in terms of bread and butter. The charges of lobbying activities by the money-lenders are so serious that the House cannot afford to rest until those responsible are exposed or cleared.

This "blue ribbon" Legislature still has a chance to vindicate itself in the public eye. It can repudiate the present sham and insist on a real investigation that will realize the hopes of Missouri's citizens.

A BILL TO EQUALIZE REPRESENTATION.

The size of the Missouri House of Representatives would be increased from 150 to 155 under a bill which has been introduced by Representative Lee Hamlin of Jackson County. Mr. Hamlin's purpose is a wholly proper one. He seeks to give Jackson County one more Representative and St. Louis County four more on the basis of increased population.

As things stand, St. Louis County, with a population of 274,330 in 1940 (much larger now), has three State Representatives, no more than Jasper County, which has a population of only 78,705. It is an unhappy solution of the problem to increase the size of a body already containing 150 seats. Yet the alternative solution is reducing the representation of other parts of the State, now under-populated.

Mr. Hamlin's bill would not touch the situation in the State Senate, where, as we pointed out Sunday, disparities have grown so great that the Twenty-fifth District, represented by Senator Falzone of Clayton, has a population (1940) of 320,512, while that of the Twelfth District, represented by Senator Quinn of Maywood, is down to 45,718. This is a condition which the Legislature is obligated to correct.

END THE WINTER WITH FULL BINS.

At the beginning of the winter which is now drawing to its close, there was fear that because of increased industrial activity, especially on the East Side, there would be an unpreventable return of smoke over the city.

It is to the great credit of all concerned, especially the people who stoked the furnaces and filled the stoves, that they did not give way to what seemed inevitable. Instead, just about everybody made an extra effort to reduce smoke. As a result, it is now possible for Smoke Commissioner Boyles to announce that the record for the four winter months, November, December, January and February, was even better than the sensational one achieved a year ago.

In those four months, there were 80 hours and five minutes of medium smoke, according to the Weather Bureau, spread over 24 days. There were eight hours and 30 minutes of heavy smoke spread over four days. This means there was one-third, or 41 hours and 40 minutes, less medium smoke, and almost one-half less heavy smoke than last year. The



The Clenched Fist.

—From the London Daily News-Chronicle.

improvement over the pre-ordinance winters, of course, was phenomenal.

St. Louis has learned the obvious benefits of smoke elimination. It has learned that the job can be done. And we now know that we can have another helping of the same pudding if we will take advantage of the present opportunity to replenish our supply of smokeless fuel. A way to avoid smoke next winter is to end this winter with full bins.

MR. STIMSON ON THE SIZE OF THE ARMY.

An army of 8,200,000 men, as proposed by our military leaders, seems a tremendous force to the American people. Is it too large? Does it mean a greater drain on our man power than the needs of factory and farm production can stand? Does it mean an armed force larger than is actually needed to achieve victory? Will more men be mobilized than can be handled with the present training and shipping facilities?

Secretary Stimson answered all these questions, and many more, in his calm and reasoned radio address last night, published in full by the Post-Dispatch today. He showed how plans had been carefully made by the country's military leadership for an Army large enough to win a decisive victory, without the costly prolongation of the war that would result from having inadequate forces. He showed how the Army expansion envisaged under the new plan is not for immediate use, but for service a year hence, when it is believed the time will be ripe for decisive action.

This is a big war, and our enemies still have formidable forces in the field. Mr. Stimson reminded his hearers. He gave a rough tabulation of Axis and Allied strength (though unfortunately omitting China) which showed that our enemies still hold the advantage in armed strength.

Surely, now that the issue is clarified, there will be no hesitancy about adjusting our home-front needs for man power in order to provide the soldiers needed to shorten the war and save many lives. With or without the general service act which Mr. Stimson endorsed in the last minute or so of his address, there must be a reorganization of the domestic setup that will make it possible for our trusted military leaders to carry out their plans.

THE SULLIVAN-MILLER CONTEST.

The letter column yesterday contained an explanation of the election contest in the Eleventh Missouri Congressional District by Frank Lee, counsel for former Representative John B. Sullivan, Democrat, who on the basis of reported returns, was narrowly defeated by Louis E. Miller, Republican. We print today another letter on this subject.

Let Mr. Lee, "Interested Voter" or anyone else have no doubt as to the desire of the Post-Dispatch to have the full facts known about each and every election. Our record in bringing vote frauds to light and our battles to visit the force of the law on ballot-box stuffers and crooked precinct officials is known to all our readers.

If any part of our editorial on the Sullivan-Miller contest, "Strange Election Contest Procedure," was not clear, then let us make it clear now. What we thought was strange, and still think is strange, is that House Election Committee No. 3—nine Representatives including the chairman, Hugh Peterson of Georgia—did not take over the contest, but in effect sent Mr. Lee back to St. Louis to operate through a notary public. Even Mr. Lee himself thought that strange.

We said that the tax funds which this contest will cost should not be spent without good reason, and we stand on it. We also said: "If there is any evidence that the actual returns are sufficiently different from the reported returns to change the result, then by all means let us have a recount and the sooner the better." We stand on that, too.

THE PEOPLE'S RIGHTS IN PUERTO RICO.

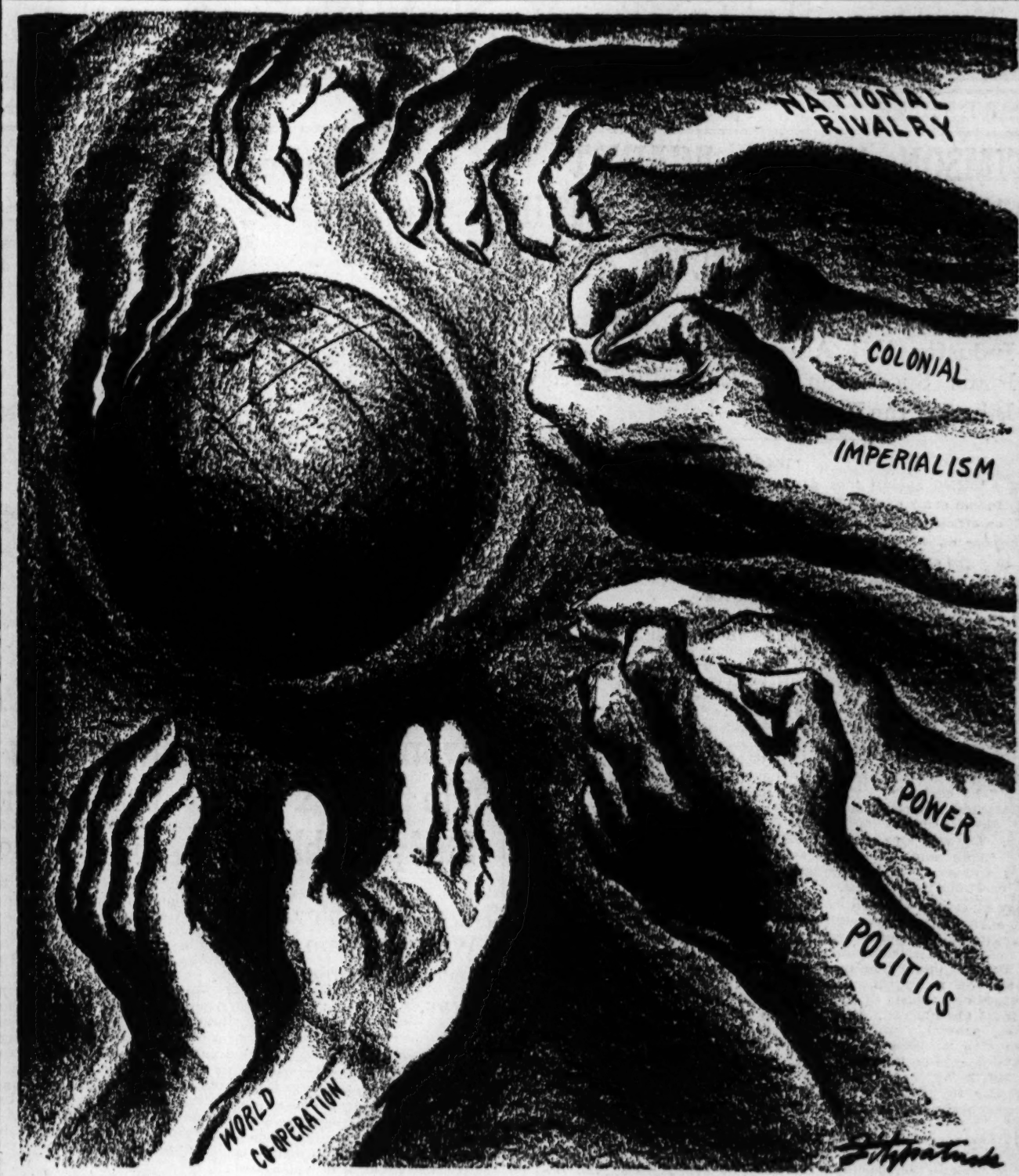
President Roosevelt has asked Congress to grant to the people of Puerto Rico the right to elect their own Governor. And he made it clear that he was doing so at the suggestion of the present Governor-General of the island, Rexford Guy Tugwell.

It is well that he did this because, of late, the most reactionary elements in Puerto Rico and their representative in Washington have joined in this request. These persons have not been motivated by any democratic spirit. On the contrary, they have sought to give the campaign the appearance of a popular rising against Gov. Tugwell, who has been co-operating with the islanders in their effort to gain rights which were extended to them in law as long ago as 1905, but never in fact.

When Gov. Tugwell sided with the island people in their effort to enforce the law which prohibits individual planters to hold more than 500 acres, when he supported them in their effort to put an end to sub-human living conditions through the enforcement of social legislation adopted by the Puerto Rican Legislature, the big sugar planters and their henchmen were ready to seize any weapon.

They have now gone so far as to take up the cry for more democracy so that they may be sure of having less of it on the island. Unable to intimidate Tugwell, they are now willing to take a chance on being able to elect a more complaisant man. They know that, through vote-buying and corruption, they had their way on the island for a long time.

There can be no question about permitting the people of Puerto Rico to elect their Governor. However, Congress should also support them in their effort to throw off economic peonage. We can't do much talking about the Four Freedoms so long as these under-nourished people are exploited by planters and the purveyors of bargains in silk—luxuries produced by island women and children who have been kept only half-alive to make them.



INTO WHOSE HANDS?

The Individual: No. 1 American

The Mirror of Public Opinion

Foundation of society in the United States is the minority of the single citizen, jurist says; suppression of dissenters opens the way for destruction of ideas we cherish; protests against unjustified power have made our democracy strong; the example of Brandeis.

An Address by Justice William O. Douglas of the United States Supreme Court to the American Jewish Congress, New York.

IN recent decades we have seen this great civilization of ours challenged more than once. We have seen it withstand the ravages of an economic depression that served as the occasion or excuse for throwing Germany into the arms of a modern Genghis Khan. Now our society is being tested in the crucible of war—a war distinguished not only by the magnitude of its military machines, but also by new techniques of terror employed by our enemies.

At such a time, it is but natural that we should feel the need for a restatement of our ideals. What kind of people are we? Why are we such a disturbing and dangerous symbol to the aggressors? What is the foundation of this society which today faces the mechanized might of the totalitarian states?

The foundation of our society is the minority. It is not merely the minority based on race, creed or color. It is, first and foremost, the smallest minority of all—the individual conscience.

Hitler would say: "What a weak rod on which to lean in comparison with the forced unanimity of my people! How can one man dare to hold out against the state?"

We know the answer. America has always known the answer. Recognition of the smallest minority is written in blood as well as ink in our Bill of Rights.

Struggle to Free Men.

That precious document represents a great historic struggle to make men free. It is the cornerstone on which our cultural and spiritual values rest. It is a constant reminder to us that once we strike down the expression of ideas which we despise, we have forged an instrument for the suppression of ideas which we cherish.

We know that the constitutional safeguards of equal justice under the law are absolutely essential to the preservation of liberty. For history has shown that once persecution is loosed on one minority, it spreads like a blight.

We know that man is strong only when man is free; that man is free only when he has those inalienable rights proclaimed by our Declaration of Independence.

America, like the individual American, has gained its great and unique strength from this respect for the smallest minority.

Some of the ancients had as a symbol of unity and strength bundles of sticks which, bound together, could not be broken. That has been our symbol, too. We display it with pride alongside the oldest slogan of our nation: "E Pluribus Unum" (Out of Many, One).

We have always been a nation of minorities. No one group can control this free people.

Again and again, protest and rebellion against unjustified power have strengthened, not weakened, this nation. It has helped to create the great, united America that we are today.

Tyrants Cannot Succeed.

The Puritans rebelled against the haughty power of the Anglican church. But when they themselves became intolerant, there was a Roger Williams to challenge them. And so it has happened over and over again in the history of this country. At times, it was but a single voice which later swelled into a chorus.

So it was over 30 years ago, when the nation first heard the mighty voice of a great dissenter—Louis D. Brandeis. He said to those who were using financial and economic power for purposes of exploitation: You shall not enslave upon the people's freedom. Power and responsibility must go hand in hand, Mankind, not the corporation, comes first.

Hitler has challenged this society of ours. In blind obedience to his pagan lust, he has wrecked the culture that has nourished our civilization for 2000 years. Japan has challenged it in her savage defiance of any right other than that of the sword. Both are attempting to weaken us at home by wrenching at the bonds that unite our innumerable minorities into one indivisible America.

They cannot succeed. For we believe in and are dedicated to majority rule. We know that our majority is created out of minorities who know how to live together, how to work together, and how to stick together. That is our training, our tradition, our experience, our strength.

That art is one of America's unique contributions to the history of government. It is that art that will not only win the war; it will also preserve the peace we earn.

Letter to a Senator

From the Bridgeport (Conn.) Telegram.

A BOSTON newspaper recently carried a letter signed merely "John and Jane Smith, Middleville, U. S. A." who will be immediately recognized as residents of our own city; in fact, of every city, town and village in the U. S. A.

Here is the letter, addressed to a Senator: "We know you have to think of big sums and spend a lot of money for the war, but try and remember how hard Mother and I worked to buy \$200 worth of bonds."

"Don't let them throw our money away, or waste even a little. A wasted million dollars won't save any soldiers' lives. And it will hurt 8000 families like ours who sweat it out in bonds and taxes."

"And listen, Senator, don't worry about whether we're going to co-operate or not. We've given Uncle Sam our boys, our business, our money and all our confidence, and if you think anybody that will give this much is going to quibble about a gallon of gasoline or a can of beans, then all we can say is that when you took the train for Washington, you left all your common sense on the platform back here."

A COOLIDGE SAYING REVIVED.

R. V. Wade in the Detroit News.

Saying of the late Coolidge, now being revived in upper New England: "Wear it out. Eat it up. Make it do. Do without."

Natural Trend to Federation Seen as Possible After War

"The Peace We Fight For," by Hiram Motherwell. (Harper & Bros., New York.)

WHEN peace comes, the United Nations will have as their first problem that of giving relief to a European society not merely impoverished and convulsed, as it was after the last war, but "shattered into fragments." Hiram Motherwell, former Chicago Daily News correspondent in Berlin and Rome, thinks that the method of supplying the great immediate need for food will offer an opportunity for uniting Europe and building a foundation for permanent peace.

Hungry Europe will have no thought then of treaty terms or future governments; its one question will be: Who is able to give us food? Says the writer: "Its people, without regard to party or ideology, become, because of their craving for food, wholehearted collaborators in the earliest tasks of reconstruction." While favoring full punishment of war criminals, he urges feeding the people of all countries, because "we must not begin by dividing Europe on the one issue that is immediately intelligible to all."

This is the first point in a series of steps that can result naturally from the conditions the Allies will face in occupying what is now Axis Europe. The writer does not see the world of the future in such broad perspective as some of the contributors to the "What Are We Fighting For?" series now being published in the Post-Dispatch, but his careful analysis of details in the postwar picture makes his book a valuable supplement for readers of those articles.

Necessarily, a United Nations organizing force will administer the beginnings of reconstruction. Mr. Motherwell sees this as a temporary super-government, which is also a receiver in bankruptcy. Among its first tasks will be the reviving of trade and the stabilizing of currency. In a Europe without national governments, old nationalistic trade barriers will be non-existent. The super-government may issue its own currency, with a stabilized value in the various nations' coinage systems. So free trade and stable currency, two essentials of federation, will be automatically available.

The writer does not advocate federation—in fact, he points out its many difficulties—but he sees the possibility of spontaneous formation of several groups, for the sake of their members' common welfare. Unlike the League of Nations, this would not be imposed from above. As to world federation, he thinks its real hope is not in any supernatural structure, but in the United Nations remaining united after the war. He cannot picture the four major allies surrendering their armies into the hands of a world state, but he does see the possibility of these nations' standing together to insure peace, possibly gathering federations and other countries around them to create a universal organization.

The fact that, as Henry Wallace has said, it is "technically possible to see that all people of the world get enough to eat," appeals to this writer as the first realistic basis for a world organization to guarantee durable peace. He concludes his stimulating book by urging that this objective be broadcast daily to deprive the Nazis of their last propaganda weapon.

FERD GOTTLIER.

A Guide to the Armed Services.

PERSONS in, or about to enter, military service will find it highly profitable to consult "Opportunities in the Armed Forces" (Viking, New York), by Maxwell Lehman and Morton Yarnon. The book gives many details about the duties and requirements of the various branches, so the reader can choose that for which he or she is fitted.

SOCIAL ACTIVITIES

FRIENDS invited by Miss Jane Anne Morris for a buffet supper last night at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Peyton Morris, 6923 Anselm avenue, were told of the hostess' engagement and approaching marriage to Ensign Roy Van Arsdell Whisman, U. S. N. R. The party was given in honor of Miss Suzanne Medart, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward J. Medart, 6924 Waterman avenue, who is to be married Friday afternoon to Ensign Logan Tompkins MacMillan.

The names of the engaged pair were written in white wire stretched across a large floral engagement ring in the center of the table.

The Morris-Whisman wedding is planned for Saturday night at 8 o'clock in Miami, Fla., where the bridegroom is stationed. Details for the wedding and reception afterward will be completed after Miss Morris and her parents arrive there. They leave tomorrow by airplane. There will be three other St. Louisans present. Miss Ruth Rombauer Martin will go from Fort Lauderdale, Fla., where she is visiting Mrs. George Hall Kittredge, a former St. Louisan, to be maid of honor. Ensign Leo Ingersoll Miller Jr., also stationed at Miami, will be best man; Miss Virginia Christy, another guest of Mrs. Kittredge, plans to attend.

The bride, a senior at Washington University, is a member of Pi Beta Phi sorority. She is a graduate of The Principia.

Ensign Whisman is the son of Mrs. Roy Albert Whisman, who lives with her mother, Mrs. J. B. Van Arsdell, at 4662 Parkway place. He was graduated last June from Washington University, where he became a member of Beta Theta Pi fraternity. He was commissioned Jan. 28, after completing a four-month training course at Notre Dame University. He and his bride will live at Miami.

Mrs. T. Boyce Charter, the former Miss Anne Goddard of St. Louis, who has been the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Warren Goddard, 21 Brentwood Park, since Christmas, left last week for Faragut, Idaho, to join her husband, seaman, second class, U. S. N. R., who is in training there.

Mr. and Mrs. James W. Harris, 10 Carrswold, left a few days ago for Clearwater, Fla. They will be away for several weeks.

Celebrated Anniversary.

MR. AND MRS. PARKER SNEAD celebrated their first wedding anniversary Sunday by entertaining a group of friends for cocktails at the home of Mr. Snead's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Scott Snead, 9928 Litzinger road. The younger Sneads have been living with their parents since coming to St. Louis last September from the East. Mrs. Parker Snead was Miss Kathleen Castles of Glen Ridge, N. J., and Mrs. W. S. Snead (she was Miss Katherine Parker) who have lived in Montclair, N. J., since their marriage, moved here early last summer. Both of their sons, twins, are in the armed forces. Ensign William Scott Snead Jr., a Navy flyer, is on duty on the West Coast. Parker Snead will leave Saturday for Randolph Field, San Antonio, Tex., to report for primary training in the Army Air Forces.

Mrs. Herbert Lawrence Parker, 89 Washington terrace, mother of Mrs. Snead Sr., is expected home Sunday from the Arizona Biltmore Hotel, Phoenix, Ariz., where, with a group of St. Louis friends, she has been having a winter holiday.

Mrs. Robert Francis Hyland Jr. has closed her apartment at 5602 Kingsbury court, and with her infant son, Robert III, has gone to live with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James R. Claiborne, 7140 Westmoreland drive. Her husband, recently commissioned an Ensign in the Naval Reserve, is at Dartmouth College for a six-week course.

Dr. and Mrs. Leslie D. Cassidy, 7410 Oxford drive, Clayton, entertained 100 guests for cocktails last Sunday afternoon. The party served a two-fold purpose. It was a farewell for Dr. Cassidy who has been commissioned a Major in the Army Medical Corps and will leave soon for duty with the St. Louis University unit commanded by Col. Curtis H. Lohr, and complimented Dr. and Mrs. Frank R. Finnegan, who have just returned from their wedding trip. Before her marriage Feb. 27, Mrs. Finnegan was Miss Cordelia Meyer. She and Dr. Finnegan will occupy his home at 6233 Westminster place.

Dr. and Mrs. Oliver Abel Jr. gave a dinner for Dr. and Mrs. Cassidy last Saturday night at the Park Plaza, and Dr. and Mrs. Eugene J. O'Malley will entertain a group of friends at a cocktail party Sunday afternoon at the O'Malley home, 6100 Kingsbury boulevard.

MISS HENDRICKSON TO BE WED. MISS SUE ANN HENDRICKSON, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Hendrickson, 225 North Meramec avenue, Clayton, will be married at 8 o'clock Friday night to Staff Sgt. Charles A. Jones Jr. The bridegroom recently returned after more than a year of foreign service to visit his family and his fiancée whom he had not seen for 15 months. The engagement was announced informally before his departure.

The Rev. Dr. John F. Caskey will perform the ceremony in University Methodist Church, of which he is pastor. Afterward two families will go to the Hendrickson home to greet the wedding party informally. Miss Mary Ellen Atkinson is to be maid of honor; Barbara Baldwin, the bridegroom's niece, flower girl, and Edwin Knoesel, his brother-in-law, best man.

The bride attended MacMurray College, Jacksonville, Ill. Her father is Dr. J. B. Van Arsdell.

MISS ELIZABETH NOLKER Who is to be maid of honor tomorrow night at the wedding of her sister, Mrs. Mary Louise Nölker, and Ensign Charles Landon Martin II of the Naval Reserve. The bride-elect and her sister are daughters of Mrs. William Henry Nölker.

ance, whose parents live at 7136 Washington boulevard, will take his bride to Fort Benning, Ga., where he will attend Officer Candidate School. After he reports, April 3, she will live with friends.

Last Saturday night Miss Atkinson and Miss Janet Tompkins, daughter of Mrs. Benjamin A. Tompkins, gave a phonograph record shower and bridge party in Miss Hendrickson's honor at the home of Miss Atkinson's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Barney Atkinson. The mothers of the hostesses assisted.

Clews as to the location of the gifts, which were hidden all over the house, were contained in notes inclosed in balloons clustered at each side of the living room mantel. Guests included Mrs. Hendrickson, the prospective bride's mother; Mrs. Robert Krause, Miss Marjorie Marshall, Miss Patricia Notgrass, Miss Shirley Mica, Mrs. Roy Ash, Miss Bonnie May Jones and Mrs. Emil Kelly.

Mr. and Mrs. Relfe Edwin Woodside, 7320 Amherst avenue, University City, Mo., and their daughter, Amelia Mae, have returned from New Orleans where they visited Mr. and Mrs. Woodside's son, Lieut. Leroy P. Woodside, who was commissioned Feb. 6 after completing his flight training at Luke Field, Phoenix, Ariz.

Wedding in New York.

MRS. JOHN J. MIRAVALLE of 7320 Tulane avenue and her sister-in-law, Mrs. George Hussenman, will leave tomorrow for New York, where they will attend the wedding Monday afternoon of Mrs. Miravalle's son, Ensign John Hussenman Miravalle of the Naval Reserve, and Miss Elizabeth Foster of Raleigh, N. C. The ceremony will be performed at 4:30 o'clock by the Rev. Dr. Brooks at St. Thomas' Episcopal Church in New York, and a small reception will be given afterward at the bride's apartment.

Naval Aviation Cadet Albert Foster is to give his sister in marriage. Ensign Robert W. Peterson of the Naval Reserve, will serve as best man.

The bridegroom-elect, a Navy flyer, who recently received his commission at Pensacola, Fla., now is stationed at Floyd Bennett Field, Brooklyn, N. Y. He and his bride will make their home in Lake Forest, L. I. He attended both St. Louis and Washington Universities.

The bride-elect, who has been living in New York for the last two years, is a member of the Raleigh Chapter of the Junior League. She made her debut in Raleigh several seasons ago. She is the daughter of Mrs. John Foster of Raleigh, and the late Mr. Foster.

Mrs. Hussenman's daughter, Miss Helen, who left last Saturday for New York to see her fiancé, Capt. John Ruckel, stationed with the Army Air Forces at LaGuardia Field, will join her mother Friday.

BOARD OF EDUCATION DEFERS DISCUSSION OF PAY RAISE

The Board of Education, which had scheduled for consideration at the regular meeting last night a proposal to increase by 5 per cent salaries of teachers and clerks making \$1900 or less, postponed discussion of the matter until March 23 pending formulation of an opinion as to legality of the increases by the board's attorney, Emmet T. Carter.

The increases, which would total about \$38,500, have been disapproved by Comptroller James J. Lee, who earlier reported to the board such a move would establish a precedent which would cause trouble, and in addition probably would be construed as a bonus and vetoed by the War Labor Board.

Last night Lee added that the proposed increases seemed contrary to a statute prohibiting extra compensation for "public officers, agents or servants" after a contract had been entered on.

JUDGE DAVIS LEFT LAW BOOKS TO U. S., IN 185-WORD WILL

In a one-page, 185-word will, filed for probate yesterday in Clayton, United States District Judge Charles B. Davis, who died last Wednesday when on vacation in Hot Springs, Ark., left his law books to the "United States of America as a token of gratitude to my country" and the rest of his estate to his wife, Mrs. Elizabeth L. Davis.

ST. LOUIS RED CROSS WILL RETAIN \$663,300

How \$1,915,000, Quota Here Will Be Divided Explained by Chairman Veeder.

The St. Louis chapter of the American Red Cross, which is conducting a campaign for \$1,915,000 as a part of a nation-wide campaign for a fund of 125 million dollars, will retain \$663,300 of the amount contributed here for activities of the St. Louis chapter, Dr. Borden S. Veeder, chairman, announced today.

A total of \$1,207,700 of the goal sought here will be contributed to the national organization for its activities on the war fronts and home fronts, Dr. Veeder said. To the Webster Groves chapter will be allotted \$44,000 of the \$1,915,000 goal for its work in the year which ends Feb. 28, 1944.

Largest Amount Ever Asked. The national goal of 125 million dollars, Dr. Veeder said, is the largest amount ever asked of the American people. But of that, 66 million will be allotted for services to men in the Army, Navy and Marine Corps, Red Cross service in Army and Navy hospitals, camp and home services, blood plasma services, recreation, kit bags and sweater production, clubs here and abroad and service to American prisoners.

For disaster relief and civilian war aid \$6,200,000 will be allotted from the national total. Almost six million dollars will be devoted to foreign war relief, and a similar amount to health, education and safety services, such as home nursing, first aid and canteen work.

Field service and supervision of local chapters during the coming year will cost an estimated \$5,700,000, Dr. Veeder said, and general administration will run approximately \$1,400,000. For all other contingencies 9 million dollars will be set aside.

How Money Is Divided. These figures, he explained, add up to 100 million dollars, but since 20 million was left over from the first war fund campaign the net sum needed for national and international work is 80 million dollars. To this must be added 45 million dollars for the budgets of 3735 chapters, making a total of 125 million dollars.

An example of how the Red Cross Home Service department functions was given today at headquarters. Mrs. Avonell Goff and her two children, Patricia, 6 months old, and Frank Goff Jr., 4 years old, were stranded here in a hotel when Mrs. Goff's husband, Sergt. Frank Goff, who was stationed at an Army post in the vicinity, was suddenly transported to another post. The Red Cross provided the transportation to send Mrs. Goff and her children to their home at Highland Park, Ill.

DOWNTOWN NOONDAY LENTEN SERVICES ARE STARTED

Lenten noonday services began today in downtown houses of worship of the Catholic and Episcopal faiths. Archbishop John J. Glennon spoke at the Ash Wednesday service, opening the series of such services in the Old Cathedral, near the center of the riverfront national park area. At Christ Church Cathedral, Thirteenth and Locust streets, Bishop William Scarlett was the speaker. The services at the Old Cathedral began at 12:25 p. m. and those at Christ Church at 12:05.

Services will be held tonight in many churches, including those regularly holding Wednesday night midweek meetings. The Rev. Dr. Frank Tucker, Methodist district superintendent, will preach in Centenary Church, Sixteenth and Pine streets, and the Rev. Dr. Daniel Day Williams of Chicago Theological Seminary in First Congregational Church, 6501 Wydown boulevard.

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JACCARD'S

St. Louis' Finest Jewels

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St. Louisan First to Give Alarm When Japanese Sank the Astoria



Corp. Harold E. Duckworth and his mother, Mrs. Gladys Duckworth.

Corp. Harold E. Duckworth Home After 2 1/2 Years With Marines Gives His Mother a Surprise.

After two and a half years of service in the Marine Corps, including action in the Pearl Harbor attack, the battle of the Coral Sea, Midway and the Solomons, Corp. Harold E. Duckworth, came home yesterday to visit his mother, Mrs. Gladys Duckworth, 3663 Blaine avenue, and his sister, Miss Lois Duckworth.

Now stationed at San Diego as an instructor, Corp. Duckworth was reported missing in action by the Marine Corps after the sinking on the night of Aug. 9, 1942, of the cruiser Astoria, on which he was stationed.

"I've seen a lot of action since that Sunday morning at Pearl Harbor when I awoke to the whine and crash of exploding bombs," he said, "but I guess the incident I will remember most vividly occurred the night the Astoria got it."

Duckworth said that the Astoria had received word that a Japanese task force was approaching. "It had been one task force," he said, "we would have been all right. But it was really three task forces—and they all hit us at once."

Corp. Duckworth, who holds a bugler's rating, was on deck duty at about 2 a. m. when he heard a plane fly over. In an instant, he said, a flare burst and the ship was as clearly outlined as a "snowman" standing in front of a coal pile.

Snatching his bugle, without waiting for orders, he blew general quarters. An officer came dashing out to find out what all the noise was about, and reprimanded him for blowing general quarters without orders.

"The first shell came over—a direct hit," Duckworth said. "I was standing there alone. The officer lay at my feet dead.

"Planes, submarines and surface craft opened up on the Astoria at once. All the air lines and automatic equipment was knocked out, and what fighting the crew did had to be done the hard way. Guns

had to be loaded and turned and aimed by hand.

"It soon became obvious," he added, "that the Astoria could not be saved. A destroyer came in for a 'Chinese landing'—the bows of both vessels were tied together—and the crew of the Astoria began carrying their wounded over to the destroyer. That's something I never want to think about and certainly something that I never want to see again," he said. "We were under fire all the time."

Duckworth, who is 21 years old, arrived here yesterday morning after his mother had gone to work. She knew he was coming home to leave but did not know when. So to surprise her, Corp. Duckworth met her at a restaurant at 1554 Thurman street, where she eats her lunch. That meeting, he said, unlike the battle, is something he wants to remember forever. Mrs. Duckworth, at 1:30 p. m., was too greatly excited to eat lunch.

ACTOR TULLY MARSHALL DIES AT 79; IN MOVIES SINCE 1916

HOLLYWOOD, March 10 (AP).—Tully Marshall, movie character actor, died early today at his home in suburban Encino. He was 79 years old.

He left the stage in 1916 to enter motion pictures under the guidance of D. W. Griffith. In all he appeared in nearly 250 stage plays and 125 motion pictures. One of his greatest successes in films was in "The Covered Wagon."

In 1899 he married the noted dramatist, Marion Neiswanger, known to the public as Marion Fairfax, who survives.

M-G-M and Korda in Merger. **HOLLYWOOD, Cal., March 10 (AP).**—Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer studio and Sir Alexander Korda, British movie producer, have merged their British movie interests and will be associated henceforth in making motion pictures in Great Britain. Announcement of the merger was made by M-G-M yesterday after a conference between Korda and Louis B. Mayer.

Remarriage of Richard H. Conklin of Los Angeles, wealthy insurance broker and sportsman, who was the widower of the former Barbara Jan Magnus, great-granddaughter of the late Adolphus Busch, was disclosed today in Los Angeles.

Conklin's attorney, Dwight H. Reay, said the insurance broker married Muriel Sisman Dodge, former wife of Horace E. Dodge Jr. of the Detroit automobile family, at Carson City, Nev., last Feb. 12. He said the pair are honeymooning in Mexico, planned to establish their home at Break-a-Heart Ranch near Carson City, Nev.

The former Barbara Jane Magnus, heiress to a \$3,000,000 share of her great-grandfather's estate, died a year ago in Reno, leaving an infant son, Michael.

FARBMAN-STEINDEL QUARTET ENDS SERIES

Interesting Program Presented in Final Ethical Society Concert.

By THOMAS B. SHERMAN

The fourth and final concert in the Ethical Society chamber music series, which was given last night in Sheldon Memorial auditorium, proved to be the most successful of the season. The Farbmans-Steindel String Quartet presented an interesting program with a high degree of precision, with musicianly understanding and, best of all, with a consistent vitality.

Beethoven's String Quartet, Opus 18, No. 4, had both strength and fluency. The four parts of the String Quartet were played with an appropriate regard for the spirit of each. Moreover, the whole work was held together by a unity of mood, with the result that the listener got the impression of an inward relationship between the movements.

The quartet gave a very stimulating performance also of Hugo Wolf's "Italian Serenade," a performance that made the most of its sunny lyricism and at the same time deftly pointed up its essentially comic spirit.

The best playing of the evening, however, was in the performance of Ravel's String Quartet. The close communion between the four members of the ensemble suggested that the performance had been the result of thorough and informed preparation. A superior quality and a never-failing emotional warmth gave a maximum effectiveness to the shifting colors and stimulating rhythm of this highly personal composition.

34,000 ATTEND MEMORIAL FOR JEWS KILLED BY NAZIS

NEW YORK, March 10 (AP).—Madison Square Garden filled, emptied and refilled with a total of 34,000 persons last night who attended a memorial meeting for the two million Jews killed by Nazis in Europe.

A cast of more than 1000 persons, including such stage stars as Sylvia Sydney, Luther Adler, Jacob Ben-Ami, Herbert Rudley and Kurt Baum of the Metropolitan Opera, participated in a commemorative pageant.

Narrators of the memorial drama were Paul Muni and Edward G. Robinson. The drama was written by Ben Hecht, directed by Moss Hart and produced by Billy Rose. The pageant opened with the blowing of the shofar and was followed by the traditional Yom Kippur music. It dramatized the Jewish contributions to civilization, Jewish participation in the armed forces of the United Nations and in the peace conference to come.

WASHINGTON, March 10 (AP).—The Senate adopted a resolution yesterday condemning the "atrocities inflicted upon the civilian population in the Nazi-occupied countries, and especially the mass murder of Jewish men, women and children."

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NEW YORK, March 10 (AP).—Mme. Chiang Kai-shek's physicians announced today that it was essential that her proposed transcontinental tour be curtailed as well as postponed.

Postponement of her appearance in Chicago this coming week end and subsequent scheduled appearances in San Francisco, Los Angeles and Ottawa was announced last night.

Appointed



MRS. CAROL V. LAUX

WOMAN ON BOARD OF EQUALIZATION FOR FIRST TIME

Mrs. Carol V. Laux, Realty Executive, Named by Mayor Becker.

Mrs. Carol V. Laux, a real estate company executive, appointed by Mayor William DeB. Becker yesterday to the four-member Board of Equalization, is the first woman in St. Louis to hold such a position. The board annually hears appeals from real estate owners of tax assessments fixed by the assessor.

In addition to her work as secretary of the real estate company headed by her husband, Vernon Laux, at 4538 Gravois avenue, Mrs. Laux is president of the National Women's Council of the National Association of Real Estate Boards. As a member of the Board of Equalization she will receive \$10 a day for each day the board sits.

The four-week session of the board will begin next Monday. The three other members appointed to the board by the Mayor are Henry W. Blodgett, 4954 Lindell boulevard, a former Assistant United States Attorney; Albert E. Schaefer, 3963 Palm street, a real estate dealer, and Louis J. Becker, 3442 Belt avenue, a former Collector of Internal Revenue, not related to the Mayor. Assessor Arthur C. Hoehn is chairman of the board.

RICHARD H. CONKLIN WED AGAIN IN NEVADA FEB. 12

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Stimson on Big Army Question

Continued From Page One.

thought-out goal. It has taken over two years to develop and construct this system; to train the instructors of its schools and to develop the immense overhead necessary for its smooth operation; and to construct the cantonments and other buildings for its use. Almost every unit in it has been devised and fitted into its place in accordance with the program of the size of the Army to be completed by December, 1943, which I described a few minutes ago.

The first point to be borne in mind about this system of training is that the whole structure is complex and interrelated. Men are taught in a large number of different kinds of schools for different purposes of warfare. For example, in the ground forces there are special schools for infantry, artillery, tank warfare, anti-aircraft gunnery, anti-tank gunnery, Signal Corps work with all its ramifications of scientific specialties, mechanics' schools, quartermasters' schools and many more.

In the Air Corps exists a similar large group of different schools for different purposes and specialties. The number of the graduates of these several schools must conform to the number required in the final production of combat forces and all must be taught to work with each other in carrying out the war task of the final division or combat force to which each belongs.

The second point to be remembered is that the whole process takes at least a year. If you interrupt the steady flow of entrants to the schools in March, 1943, the effect of this break will be produced a year later and then, if it proves a mistake, cannot be corrected for at least another year.

"Danger of Meddling With That Process."

In the light of the foregoing description of the purpose and process of our Army's training, I think one can see more easily the danger of meddling with that process. Plan and process are tied together. The plan contemplates a succession of carefully directed blows at our enemies. The size and character of these blows and the aggregate forces which are necessary for them are carefully thought out. Just as our present offensives are being carried out by men who have been through a year's training, the men now being brought into the Army are to be trained for campaigns a year ahead. Our main object is to continuously build up a force which will strike without interruption and with cumulative effect. That purpose can be thwarted by a mistake made now.

The various critics who today are asking that we should slow up or interrupt our work fall to realize the far reaching effect of interruption. Furthermore, they do not understand the psychology of combat. They do not realize that battles are won by continuous, rapid blows upon an enemy and that when an enemy begins to show signs of demoralization these blows must be continued and, if possible, redoubled in order that he may not have time to reform his forces. Once the enemy is checked or shaken on the field of battle, he must be constantly pursued and hammered until he is completely beaten or surrenders. The very fact that it is known that we have trained forces ready to do this tends toward his demoralization.

On the other hand, the commander who, after an initial success, stops and gives his broken opponent time to reform and reorganize only finds that he must fight his battle over again. If after the battle of Gettysburg, the

Federal commander had been able to pursue and destroy his defeated enemy, the length of the Civil War might have been shortened by more than a year. On the other hand, the fact that in 1918 Foch was ready to remorselessly follow up and shatter the German enemy who had been shaken at Soissons on July 18th and again at St. Quentin on Aug. 18th, permitted the last Great War to be finished in November, 1918, instead of lasting over into 1919 as had been expected.

I speak with careful consideration when I say that, if we should halt this great training establishment which we have now built and timed according to the present timetable of the war, we should deal a heavier blow to our hopes of a complete final victory than by any loss which we are likely to sustain on the field of battle.

His Reply to Critics of "Too Large an Army."

Another argument of our critics is that by constructing too large an Army we are making undue inroads into our limited man power; that we are taking necessary workers from the factories which are producing Army equipment and machines; and that we are similarly slowing down the construction of merchant shipping which is necessary to carry the Army and its supplies across the ocean. As I have already said, this argument ignores the careful study which has been given to this subject by our President and his military advisers. As between them and their critics, I think it is the safer bet to trust the former. But there is this further answer to this argument which I think is conclusive. The argument depends upon the assumption that there is no elasticity in the efficiency of the civilian industries which are producing weapons and ships; that every man-hour taken away from industry and put into the Army must result in exactly the same ultimate loss in rapidity of production.

Every thoughtful citizen who will give any real consideration to the problem will know that such an assumption is not true. Only those who believe that our industry and our farming and our general civilian activity are really keyed to an all-out war are entitled to make this argument. It is the duty of every citizen to examine into his own life and his own community and see whether production in industry and on the farm cannot be increased enormously in efficiency; whether absenteeism, threatened strikes, general complacency, insistence on "business as usual" or even insistence on hoped-for standards of living, are not going a long way to prevent what could be accomplished by an all-out war effort.

If you are content with the present situation and with the present results in industry, in agriculture, and in our civilian life, then I suggest that you go to one of our great camps and see our boys in uniform working. I suggest that you read the detailed dispatches from Tunisia and the Southwest Pacific about the fighting efforts of our soldiers. I suggest that you compare your comforts of life with theirs, and then ask yourself again—are you content? I hope and pray that it will not require tragic disaster to bring our people to a realization of the facts. The great wave of patriotic ardor which was shown so dramatically in the weeks after Pearl Harbor must not fall away into arguments of rights, wages, profits and relative advantage of one man over another.

The armed forces, the men who are going into actual combat, have

placed their house in order. Their spirit and their program are all that patriotism and careful planning can effect. I now ask whether industry and agriculture should likewise be put on a more efficient wartime basis. When you are driving a team of horses and one of them goes lame, you do not lame the other horse to equalize the team. You try to get two sound horses.

I fully understand that we must have essential food and necessary goods for civilian consumption. I am well aware of the difficulties in getting machinery and employees which our farmers and manufacturers are now experiencing, but I am convinced that, with the initiative, resourcefulness and willingness to sacrifice of the American people, these problems can be solved without crippling their armed forces.

For myself I have reached the conclusion that one of the reasons why industry and agriculture and the whole civilian population have not moved more rapidly toward an all-out effort is that we have relied almost entirely on voluntary cooperation. This voluntary co-operation would work with a large part of our population as soon as they clearly understand the need for it. But the effect of the recalcitrant or thoughtless few is so great upon the minds and efforts of others that I am convinced that the only way to accomplish the result which we must all reach is through a general service act. This has proved true in England and I believe it is now true here.

The issue between the proponents of the Army program and its critics in my opinion largely narrows down to this difference: The leaders of the Army are trying, by shortening the war, to save the lives of thousands of young Americans—lives vital to the future of this country. The opponents of the Army program are trying to avoid present trouble—the inconveniences and relatively minor sacrifices which would be involved in a more thorough and drastic reorganization of our industrial and civilian life for the remaining period of this war.

I firmly believe that, when the true situation is understood by the American people, there will be no doubt as to their decision. Even if, as Lincoln said in 1862, they have not yet truly realized what it means to be at war, they will soon do so. And, when they have done so, they will be ready to make any sacrifice for victory.

OPA RULING FOR BOARDERS ON RATION BOOKS' CUSTODY

WASHINGTON, March 10 (AP).—Residents of boarding houses feeding seven or more persons must turn in their ration books to the proprietor, an OPA spokesman said yesterday.

The spokesman said the resident of a "small" boarding house—one occupied by seven or more persons but fewer than 50—must turn in his book to the proprietor if he takes eight or more meals a week in the boarding house. The proprietor then pools the books and uses them for food purchases as if he were the head of a large family.

The resident of a boarding house feeding 50 or more persons also turns in his ration book, but the proprietor merely keeps it on file. The proprietor gets his certificate of food allotment just as a hotel or restaurant and uses this for food purchases. However, at the end of the ration period, the proprietor must turn over stamps from each of the books in his possession covering the expired period.

DOROTHY THOMPSON "ON THE RECORD"

Continued From Page One.

room of your own, constant hot water, three square meals a day, a good mattress at night, and fun on the side, 365 days in the year and a ripe old age.

The common man wants to court a nice little wren, marry her with a wedding picture taken, settle down and have two boys and a girl, send them to school in neat shoes and socks, cute hats and coats, and have them look up to a man, who seems "young enough to be their sister," and a dad who never has to announce that he's out of a job and the party's over.

The common man has an ego,

highly developed in a century of democracy. He's got the idea that he doesn't have to be pushed around and you may as well say Mister. If you want to push him around you have to pretend he's a fellow-member of a master race, and you're only pushing him so that he in turn can push someone else. This appeals—but only briefly. That's why the Nazi revolution fizzled quicker than the Nazi war.

But the common man—and here's the rub—doesn't know by what processes of statesmanship and organization he can achieve these things. He's written the ticket, but he cannot write the program. For that he is looking to uncommon men.

The Uncommon Man.

Too many uncommon men are no use for this purpose. There are the uncommon men who are strong individualists. Their glands and survival instincts work fine; they always come to the top in any

sort of society. They are the speculators, who are always one jump ahead of the times or the market. They are given to making speeches on the theme that if others were just like them, everything would be fine. If many others were just like them, everything would, of course, be perfectly terrible, and there would be no organized society at all.

There are uncommon men who know how to exploit the honest yearnings and credulous faith of the common man, for their own personal power. They have existed in all times, from the Greek demagogues, through Aaron Burr to Hitler and Huey Long.

They often get long pages in history by holding up history.

Finally, there are the uncommon men, who driven by a sense of their commonality with common men, feel their responsibility to do something for the race to which they belong. They are possessed by the passion to preserve and improve society. Sometimes they are

cranks, but more often the other uncommon men try to do away with them by calling them cranks. Such a man was Jesus, St. Thomas Aquinas, Thomas Jefferson, Abraham Lincoln, Sun Yat-sen and Lenin.

Sometimes they are crucified. But they are always recognized by the common man, sooner or later. Such an uncommon man is the alter ego of millions of common men. They know him to be of them, and eventually they make him their own, and lift him, hold him, and move forward through him.

Toll Fees Free of Price Control.

WASHINGTON, March 10 (AP).

—The Office of Price Administration concluded today that fees charged by toll bridges and toll highways "are an insignificant factor in the cost of living." Accordingly, the agency eliminated these fees from Federal price control.

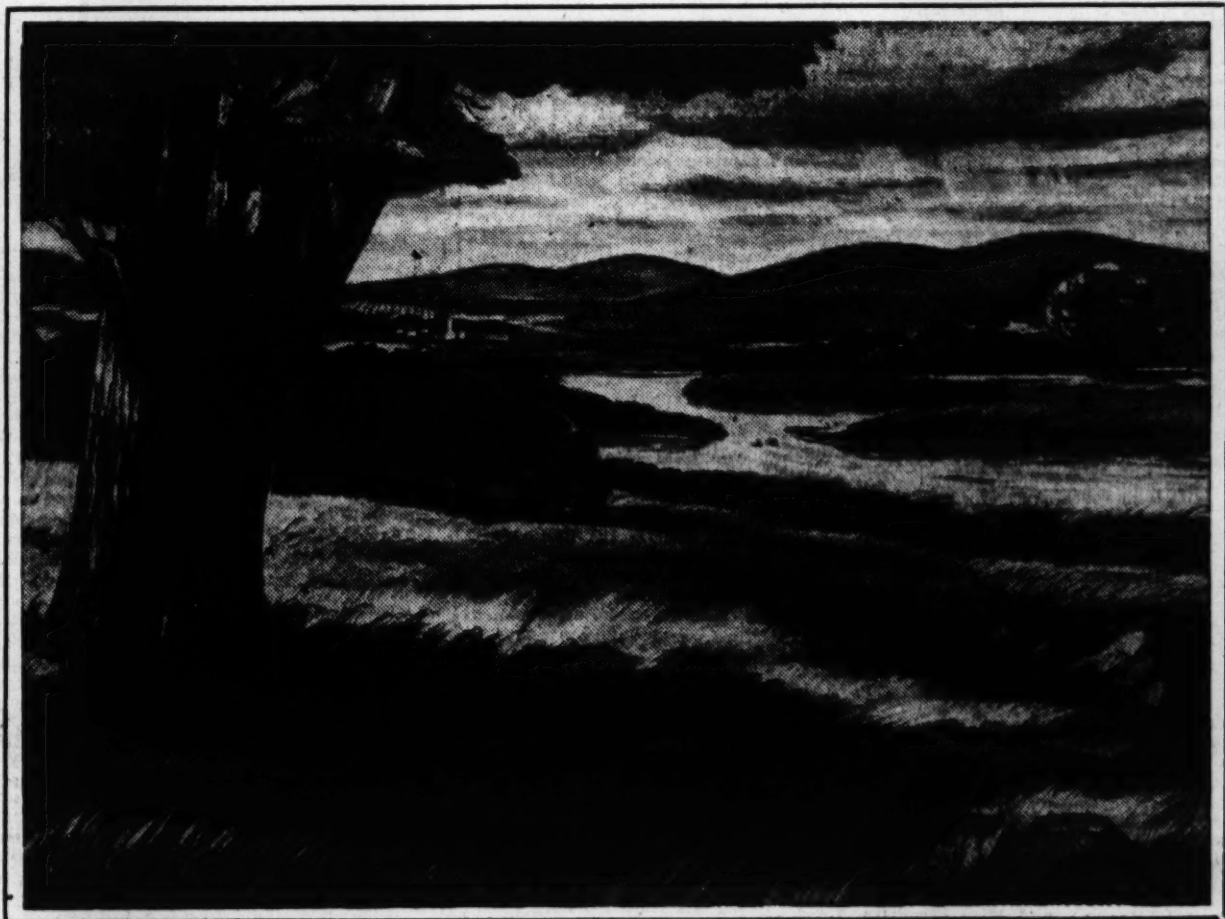
MISSOURI HOUSE APPROVES LOWER HENRY LAW PENALTY

JEFFERSON CITY, March 10.—Revision of the 15-year-old Henry law to eliminate the death penalty as the maximum punishment of persons convicted of robbery with a deadly weapon, is proposed in a bill passed without opposition yesterday by the House of Representatives. The measure now goes to the Senate.

Legislators supporting the bill said Circuit Judges and prosecutors had requested modification of the present penalties under the Henry law, which now fixes the punishment at 10 years imprisonment to death. The punishment would be reduced to a sentence of five years to life imprisonment under the proposal approved by the House.

AFTER THE WAR

What kind of house would you put here?



AFTER THE WAR somebody's going to put up a new house on that pretty rise of ground that overlooks the river bend just outside of the town line. Nothing elaborate. Just a pretty little house snuggled into the trees as though it belonged there.

Somebody else may buy the old Ward farm. There should be many a good day's hunting in those rolling fields and back through the woods over to the State road. Fixed up a little bit—and it shouldn't take much money—it would be a livable place for a man and his family.

Yes, somebody's going to buy it. Somebody's always coming along, with a dream and a little money, and doing the things we'd promised ourselves we'd do someday.

But this time, why can't that "somebody" be you?

Look . . . Suppose you put 10 per cent of your pay into War Bonds. At least 10 per cent—more if you possibly can. And keep putting it away—putting it away—putting it away. Week after week—payday after payday. Here's what happens:

SAVE WITH U. S. WAR BONDS . . . EVERYBODY . . . EVERY PAYDAY SAVE AT LEAST 10% OF YOUR EARNINGS . . . SAVE FOR VICTORY AND SECURITY



In Addition to the Firms Listed Four Desires to Remain Anonymous

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708 Franklin, 3301 Maramee
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ATLAS ALUMINUM WELDING CO., 2913 N. Broadway
ATLAS ATHLETIC EQUIP. CO., 4439 Manchester
AUTOMOBILE BORDING COMPANY
THE BORDEN COMPANY,
De Luxe Ice Cream Division, 4218 Laclede
BOWERSOX INS. AGENCY CO., 710 Chestnut St.
BRONZE ALLOYS CO., 6244 St. Louis Ave.
CLARK-PEPPER BUSINESS FURN., 1112 Olive
A. S. DEHMEIER, 720 N. Broadway
DICKIE CONSTRUCTION CO., 317 N. Eleventh St.
DOWNS—YOUR MATTER, 614 Olive, 509 N. Grand
EGYPTIAN TIE & TIMBER CO., 411 Olive
ELY-WALKER DRY GOODS CO., 1520 Washington
EKER BROS. OPTICAL CO., 610 Olive, 518 N. Grand
FANCHON & MARCO
ST. LOUIS AMUSEMENT CO. THEATRES

FOOD CENTER & JIM REMLEY SUPER STORES
PREMIER ELECTRIC CO., 106 N. Seventh St.
FRIEDMAN JEWELRY CO., 800 Franklin
GALE'S MEN'S SHOP, 800 Franklin
GENERAL AMERICAN LIFE INSURANCE CO.,
1501 Locust
GENERAL GROCER CO., 301 S. Eighth St.
H. & M. MACH. & MOTOR PARTS CO.,
4216 W. Easton
GUS T. HANDGE & SON PTG. CO., INC., 3441 Pine
HARRIS WOOD & FUR CO., 2204 N. Broadway
HOTEL LENOX, 825 Washington
HOTEL MAYFAIR, 806 St. Charles
M. HOLTZMAN METAL CO., 2700 N. Broadway
HUTTIG SASH & DOOR COMPANY
1206 S. Vandeventer
INLAND WATERWAYS CORP.
SAMUEL KRAUS CO., 649 Edmund
LINCOLN ENGINEERING CO., 5701 Natural Bridge
S. N. LONG WAREHOUSE, 528 Gratiot
LOY-LANGE BOX COMPANY
LYNN'S DOWNTOWN, 4th and Delmar

McQUAY-NORRIS MFG. CO., 2320 Maroon
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MERCANTILE INSURANCE AGENCY, 111 N. Fourth
MISSISSIPPI VALLEY BARGE LINE CO.
MISSOURI BREWERS' ASSOCIATION
MOORE GEAR & MFG. CO., 1721-23 N. Eighth St.
MOUND CITY FORWARDING CO., INC., 2327 Carr
MUTUAL SAVINGS LIFE INS. CO., 3207 Washington
JOHN NOOTER BOILER WORKS CO., 1400 S. Second
MAURAN, RUSSELL, CROWELL, MULLGARDT
PREMIUM CAP COMPANY, 2705 Olive
PULITZER PUBLISHING COMPANY
ROYAL BOND, INC., 222 S. Eighth
ST. LOUIS DAIRY COMPANY
ISAAC A. SCHWEN & SONS, INC.
SPOHRER-LANGE CO., 3723 Commonwealth
INSUR., 2451 Olive
TUNE TOWN, on Olive just east of Grand
GEO. L. WEBER JEWELRY CO., 407 Locust
WM. WURDACK ELEC. MFG. CO., 4444 Clayton
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calls for
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Since 1867, men have liked to gather 'round Hill & Hill
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Triangle Wine & Liquor Co.
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Our distilleries are
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to train for skilled jobs in the aircraft industry. Nine local plants need trained help now. No previous experience necessary. As little as 2 1/2 weeks training will qualify you for one of these jobs—or you can train day or night (part time), while holding your present job. If you are interested in

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2729 N. GRAND ST. LOUIS, MO.

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Moths, Bed Bugs Killed
Furniture fumigated. No sign on our truck. FURNITURE SERVICE. 3404 Walnut NE. 3838.

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We can lay the best grade hardwood floor over 2 rooms of old flooring. We will last longer and look better; refinishing old floors. 1500 Locust, FR. 5995. If no answer call GR. 5063.

SPECIAL PRICED SERVICE

Modern methods; guaranteed. Midwest. FA. 5577. 700 Locust.

BOOK REFINISHING

Floor Co., 6132 Victoria, EL. 6302.

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ADVERTISING MAN

Draft deferred, young, aggressive, with successful record. Excellent contacts and references. Experienced sales manager, layout and copy writer. Operate as one-man agency or join into department. Box Y-31, Post-Dispatch.

BOOKKEEPER—SIT.

Experienced, references. Call Stanley, LA. 7211.

BOOKKEEPER—SIT.

Experienced, draft 4 P. M. Box Y-339, Post-Dispatch.

ELEVATOR OPERATOR—SIT.

Colored, 5:30 p. m. to 12:30; references. JE. 1367.

MAN—SIT.

Draft exempt; permanent. Box Y-34, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—SIT.

Must be light work; night watchman. Box Y-34, Post-Dispatch.

POST-WAR ENGINEER

Sit. 58; large steel and electrical companies; training. Women all ages. Many materials, machines and processes. Experienced director of production; development in manufacturing. Many patents. About \$7800 and bonus. Box Y-378, Post-Dispatch.

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PLUMBING, HEATING, AIR CONDITIONING. EXCELLENT CLIENTELE. BOX Y-249, POST-DISPATCH.

WAREHOUSEMAN—SIT.

Wholesale, retail, traffic, receiving, inventories, claim settlements, routing, distribution; experience. 3A, Box Y-251, Post-Dispatch.

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Draft deferred; experienced in merchandising; production; personnel and general office procedure. Box Y-280, Post-Dispatch.

SITUATIONS—WOMEN, GIRLS

CARRIER-TELLER—SIT.

Thoroughly experienced; excellent references; adding machine; clerical work; \$125 per month. DE. 4071.

HOUSEKEEPER—SIT.

Young woman; young woman with child; in motherless home. Box Y-405, Post-Dispatch.

LEADER—Accounts receivable.

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Colored; experienced; drafting; stay; salary \$125.00. NE. 6937.

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Superior experience, correspondence, broad knowledge of office routine. Box Y-113, Post-Dispatch.

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Tavern; day work preferred. Mrs. D. Sullivan, 4408 Washburn. Box Y-209, P.D.

WOMAN—SIT.

Middle-aged; motherless home; rooming house. Merle Ann. Box Y-209, P.D.

WOMAN—SIT.

Colored; experienced cleaning; 15 months to pay. \$4.05 per month. Call LA. 8846, 4071.

WOMAN—SIT.

Colored; maid; prefer hotel or restaurant work. Forest 2750.

WOMAN—SIT.

Colored; laundry or cleaning. 1500 Locust, FR. 5995.

YOUNG LADY—SIT.

Colored; cleaning; Ironing. Monday, Tuesday, Thursday. JE. 2360, Edna.

HELP WANTED

Work in War Industry

Men Wanted

who are now working in non-essential industry, desiring to change to war plant.

NO TRAINING NEEDED

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The Lewin Metals Corp.

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One Mile South of East St. Louis

ACCOUNTANT—\$325-\$350.

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ACCOUNTANT—C. F. A. preferred; \$400.

MILLER, 818 Olive.

ATTENDANTS—Between the ages of 17 and 45; various jobs throughout the plant; no washing, greasing, tire repair; union pay; good wages. Clark's Super Gas Co.

ATTENDANTS—White, day or night, Do not apply Sunday.

ARMATURE MOTOR WINDER AND REPAIRMAN—Illinois, 1308 Missouri av., East St. Louis.

ASSISTANT BUYER—Excellent factory position. 2171 Natural Bridge.

ATTENDANTS—Between the ages of 17 and 45; various jobs throughout the plant; no washing, greasing, tire repair; union pay; good wages. Clark's Super Gas Co.

AUDITOR—25-42; factory costs; \$250-\$300. EFFICIENCY, 915 Olive.

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LEARN BEAUTY CULTURE with short course; day-evening classes. Call or write. MOLER, 521 Washington, CH. 3581.

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MEN URGENTLY NEEDED

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Aircraft Industry

If you are not subject to military service, you are needed in the aircraft industry to best serve your country in the war effort. This is a way for a brilliant future after the war.

AVAIL YOURSELF OF THE OPPORTUNITY NOW. Write or phone for complete information.

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Men 21, 2 Dependents, 48 and Up to 60 Yrs.

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Hours: Sun. 9 to 12; Daily, 8 to 5:30

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Day and night, Monday through Friday; day time men only; experienced instructors, with wide range of equipment.

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LEARN BARBERING—Full shortage. Call or write. MOLER, 521 Washington.

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IN NON-ESSENTIAL INDUSTRY, WE CAN TRAIN YOU FOR GOOD JOBS IN WELDING RANKS AMONG THE TOP TRADERS. WE HAVE CALLS FOR 900 QUALIFIED MEN AT TOP WAGES. IT WILL PAY YOU TO INVESTIGATE. NO MONEY DOWN. VERY LIBERAL PAYMENT PLAN. CALL OR WRITE. LEONARD WELDING SCHOOL. 3131 WASHINGTON. FR. 0463.

IF YOU LIKE TO DRAW SKETCH OR PAINT—Write for no fee! Give age and occupation. Write Dept. of Art Instruction, Inc., Minneapolis, Minn.

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HELP WANTED—MEN, BOYS

WAR PRODUCTION PLANT WANTS MEN

For Labor and Semi-Skilled Work

Opportunities for Advancement

Previous Experience Not Required

Men in Other War Industries Cannot be Employed

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General Steel Castings Corporation

COMMONWEALTH PLANT—GRANITE CITY, ILL.

BOOKKEEPER—Assistant; 25-60; \$150.

BULLETIN ABSTRACT, 611 Olive.

BOOKKEEPER—Home Furniture Co., 4208 Manchester.

COOK—All around, capable of taking charge of kitchen for country club. Apply 309 N. Jefferson.

COOK—Short order; good pay; 5 locations. Taylor Lunch Co., 6802 Page.

Cooking experienced; steady job. 401 S. Euclid.

COOK—Colored; experienced. Call after 11:15 Washington.

COUNTER MAN—White, experienced, cafeteria work. 314 N. Broadway.

COUPLE—Colored or white woman to do up and down personal work; man to do first floor cleaning and gardening; excellent living quarters with attic room; salary \$100 to \$150 depending upon experience; only competent couples need apply. Box Y-342, Post-Dispatch.

COUPLE—With farm experience and general allround work at family summer resort; capable of overseeing public and help in management, etc.; this is who quality; write to Mrs. G. G. G. for appointment

307 N. SEVENTH ST



**Would you
give one
day's pay**

...to save the life of the Kid next door?

OF COURSE there's only one answer to that. When you think about the kid next door, you may remember best... the time he smacked a baseball through your kitchen window... or the times he and his dog ran through your freshly planted flower bed. But the last time he was home on furlough—well that was really something to remember. His mother and dad don't know just where he is, right now. But they do know, and you know, that wherever he is—he's batting for Uncle Sam.

* * *

You can help the kid next door. You can help everybody in our Armed Forces, by giving to the Red Cross. In this war, the Red Cross is the only non-military organization serving with our Armed Forces overseas. And

always, war or no war, there is the never-ending fight the Red Cross wages on the home front... to help the sick, the needy, the unfortunate.

This year, because the services and responsibilities of the Red Cross have been tremendously expanded... its needs are far greater. That's why its national budget calls for \$125,000,000. St. Louis' quota is \$1,915,000—60% more than last year.

To meet this quota, every person in the St. Louis area is asked to contribute at least one day's pay. Of course, organizations, their executives, and those able—will give far more. The Red Cross is supported entirely by volun-

tary contributions—it receives no government help or other financial aid. That's why it must depend on you.

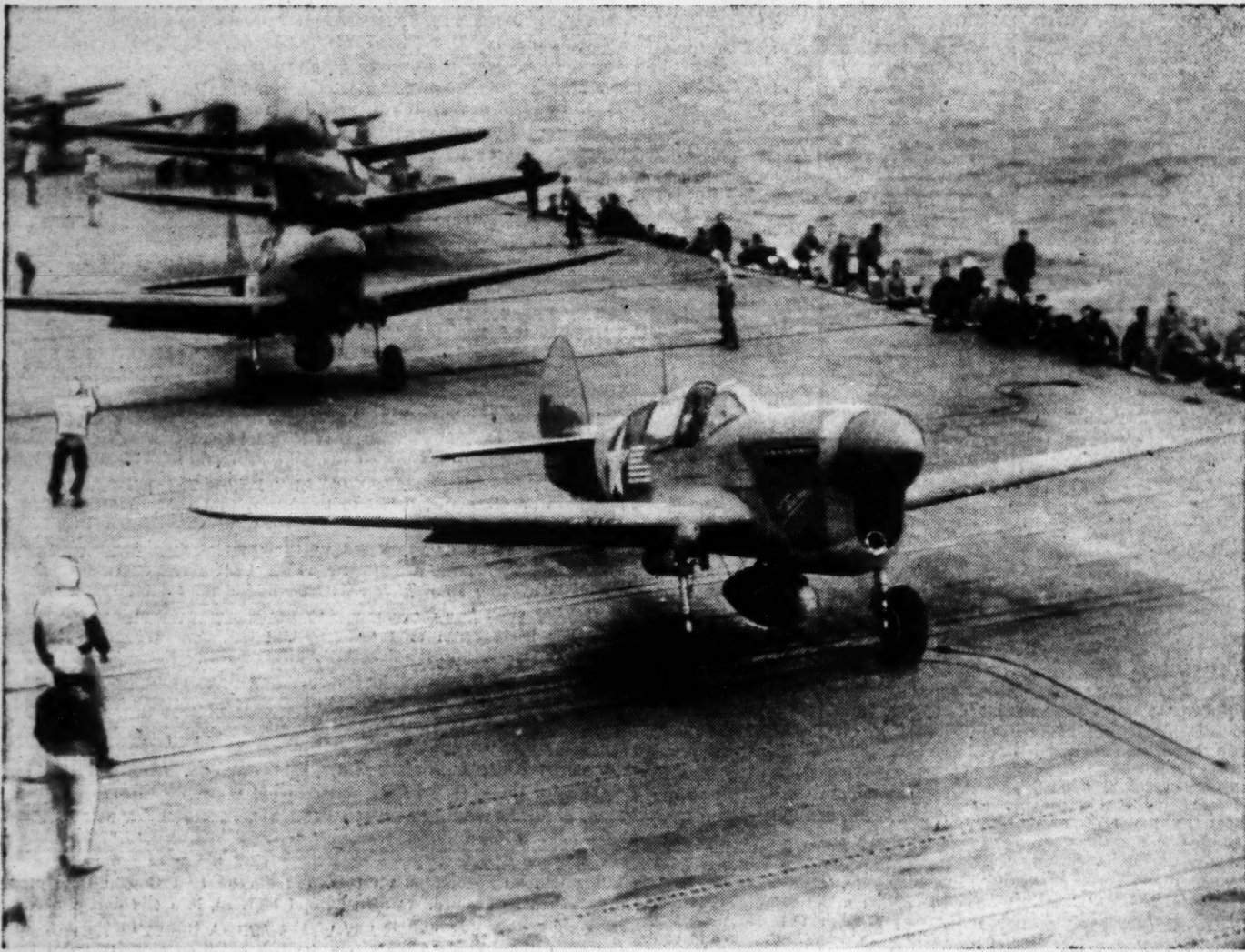
March is the month of the 1943 Red Cross War Fund Drive... and more than 10,000 of your fellow St. Louisans are working early and late to assure its success. One of these volunteer workers will call upon you or your organization, soon. We know you'll give him a quick and sympathetic interview—for he has many more calls to make.

He's giving both time and money. All he asks of you is that you remember suffering humanity and the kid next door—and give accordingly. Perhaps it won't be the kid next door... it might well be the kid who went down your own front steps, not so long ago.

AMERICAN RED CROSS WAR FUND

CAMPAIGN HEADQUARTERS 4TH AND OLIVE STS., ST. LOUIS, MO.

ARMY USING U. S. CARRIER



Army P-40-F fighter planes lined up ready to take off from a Navy carrier during a joint Army-Navy assignment in the South Pacific.

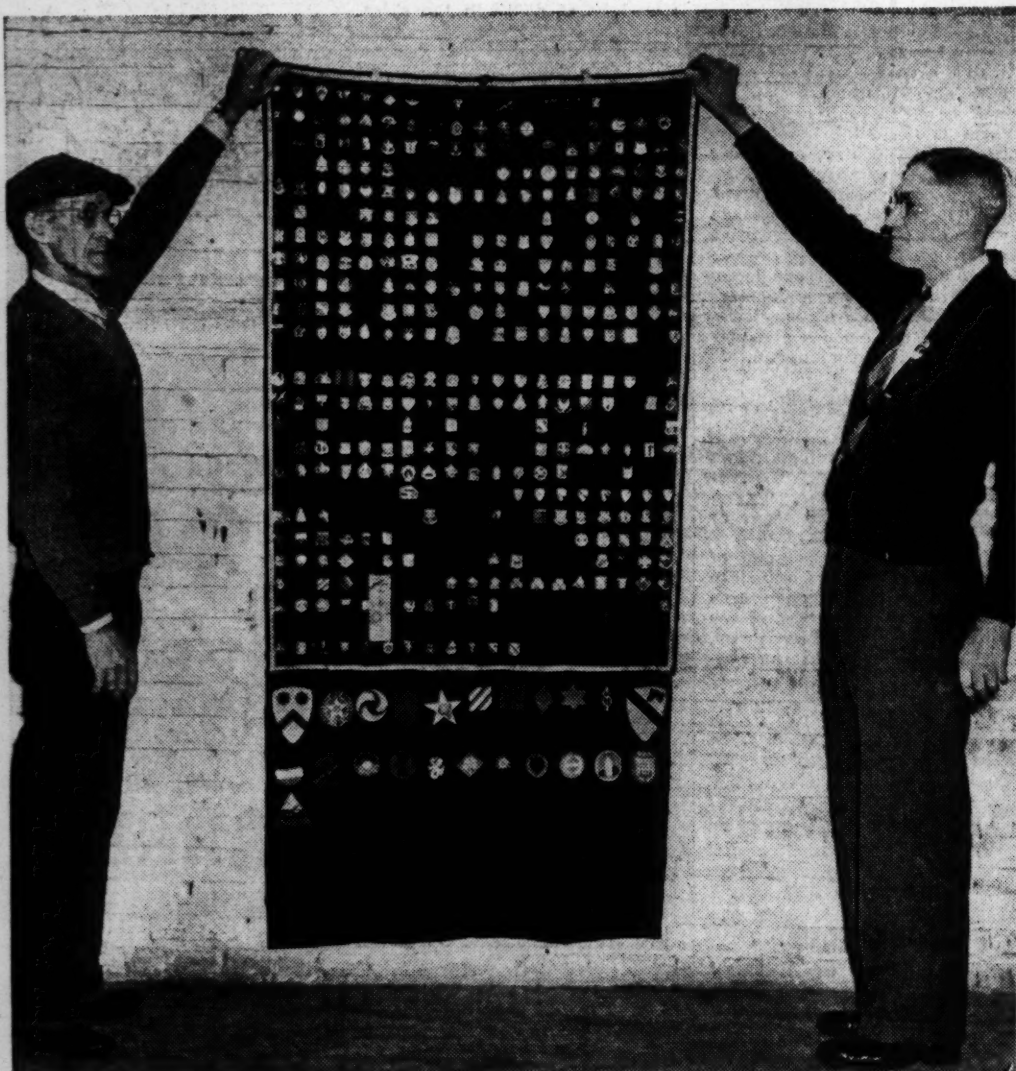
—Associated Press Wirephoto.



RESCUE AT SEA AFTER 83 DAYS ON RAFT Cornelius Van Der Slot (arrow), Dutch seaman who drifted with two companions, one an American, for 83 days, in the South Atlantic, starting to board a Navy patrol boat which found them off the Brazilian coast. Seated in the raft are the other two, Nick Hoogendam, a Hollander, and Basil Dominic Izzi (right) of South Barry, Mass. Originally there were five on the raft after their Allied ship was torpedoed by a German submarine, but two Americans died and were buried at sea. The three survivors were reduced to skin and bones by hunger, thirst and exposure.

—Associated Press Wirephoto.

Depot for Fallen Soldiers' Effects



Two employees of the Kansas City, Mo. Quartermaster Corps Depot displaying a collection of Army insignia owned by an American soldier stationed in Alaska now listed as missing. The collection is stored in the depot's Effects Bureau.



FIRE SCENE, VICTIM, RESCUER

Arrow points to the room of a second-floor flat at 2805a Geyer avenue where three children were burned to death today. In the top inset is their mother, Mrs. Dorothy McClain, 23 years old, who was seriously burned. Werner Zinn (bottom inset), a neighbor, dragged Mrs. McClain outside. The fire started from the explosion of a coal oil stove.

—Photos by a Post-Dispatch Staff Photographer except of Mrs. McClain.

RUSSIAN WOMAN GUERRILLA

Russian guerrillas, including one woman, (arrow) entering a village after a battle in which 100 Germans were killed. The picture is from March of Time's "One Day of War."

—Associated Press Wirephoto.



SCOUT POSTER AND MODEL Betty Bredin of New York beside the Girl Scouts' war bond poster for which she posed. It was shown yesterday at a Scout volunteer leadership dinner in that city.

—Associated Press Wirephoto.



Foot lockers of soldiers carried as missing by the Effects Bureau of the Quartermaster Corps Depot. They will be returned to parents or nearest relatives.



BROADWAY

By WALTER WINCHELL

THE PRIVATE PAPERS OF A CUB REPORTER
PAUSING to inspect the photos of Alfred Lunt and Lynn Fontanne in front of the Martin Beck Theater, where they are starring in "The Pirate," a hit, the reporter is reminded of the delightful story concerning their first venture in Hollywood. . . . During the filming of "The Guardsmen," . . . Miss Fontanne saw the first week's "rushes" or "takes" and rushed home to her husband. . . . I was horrible! Lynn shrieked wildly. "Terrible, unbelievable, awful! I tell you I can't go on with it!"

"How was it?" inquired the indifferent Lunt.

"Darling," said his wife, "you were charming as you always are. You may have to do a little something about your makeup, because at certain times you look as though you didn't have any lips. But, Alfred, what am I to do? My voice sounds impossible, and I haven't any eyes, and my face is expressionless and it looks as though I don't know what to do with my hands!"

There was a long pause. . . . "Alfred," continued Lynn, "I tell you I can't go on. Can't we get a release? We'll use our savings to pay them for their trouble. Oh, darling, what will I do?"

"Hmmm," hummed Lunt. "No lips, eh?"

★ ★ ★
YOU'VE PROBABLY read it before. That's how we got it. But it belongs here, we think.

It's the one about the cook on a destroyer, who was soooooo seasick. The Captain, on the bridge, was cold and hungry. He sent a Lt. below to bring back a couple of ham-and-egg sandwiches. . . . The officer found the cook prostrate across a table. . . . "A couple of ham-and-egg sandwiches for the Captain, pronto!" he barked.

"Ohhhhh!" groaned the agonized cook. "I'm sooooo sick. I just couldn't look at food. Please go awaaaaaay!"
 "Do you know what will happen if you don't?" asked the Lt.
 "What can happen—what can happen?" groaned the cook.
 "The Captain will come down here and shoot you!"
 "Ohhhhh," was the retort, "I WISH HE WOULD!"

★ ★ ★

THE CHAP WHO cooked up the slogan, "The best tunes of all move to Carnegie Hall," probably still has a red face. The whole business, of course, was calculated to work up interest in a radio program which would offer the greatest popular music ever composed. . . . So the premiere broadcast was recently aired from Carnegie Hall, which for 50 years presented artists such as Toscanini, Paderewski, Heifetz, Rachmaninoff and music by Beethoven, Brahms, Bach and Mozart. . . . And what was the opening number?
 "Boo Hoo" by Carmen Lombardo!

★ ★ ★
"WHAT YOU APPARENTLY missed," writes J. K. of Washington, "when you radio'd about the 20 Republicans (who got up ready to denounce Republican Lambertson for saying FDR brought his sons back for safety) was that Rep. Clare Luces's maiden speech in the House almost wasn't about globaloney. She was among the 20 Republicans who jumped up. Her maiden speech nearly became a defense of the Roosevelts!"

CASE RECORDS

By Dr. George W. Crane

CASE Y-158: Arthur W., aged 39, is a former professor of English. "I've taken two years off to write a book," he said as we were having dinner together. "It is now almost ready for publication, and I'd like to have you look it over to see how well it may strike the public fancy. I've let several publishers look it over, and some have reacted very favorably. But they think I ought to make it more of a classroom text in grammar, whereas I want it to reach the general public and business man."

★ ★ ★
DIAGNOSIS: Arthur apparently has dreamed and labored for two years to get this brain child ready for its swaddling clothes. Like many tyro authors, he seems to have lived in the clouds regarding the popularity he thinks will attach to his book and also the financial returns he will obtain. Over a period of weeks I have been tactfully trying to prepare him for the shock that I am sure is inevitable. In the first place, his contract with a publishing firm will grant him 10 per cent royalty. But this is on the price at which the publisher sells the book to a jobber or retail store. The discounts to the latter or from 40 to 50 per cent. If Arthur's book is to retail at \$2, for example, it will probably sell to jobbers at \$1. On his 10 per cent royalty arrangement, therefore, Arthur will net a dime per volume.

★ ★ ★
IF A BOOK SELLS its original printing, which is normally 1000 copies, Arthur will then receive in the neighborhood of \$100. Many good books don't strike the fancy of the buying public, so he may find himself the author of an unpopular volume. Besides, the whim of the public is hard to predict. The publishers were wise in urging him to convert his book into a classroom text. Then its purchase can be made compulsory by means of a dozen friends of Arthur who are teaching English and who will probably adopt it for classroom use as a gesture of friendship, regardless of whether it is good, bad or indifferent. That is one reason why publishers are so receptive to the textbooks of professors. They can usually sell the first 1000 copies, even if the book is terrible.

★ ★ ★
As a college student, I have studied from many of these "terrible" texts that weren't worth 26 cents of the retail price I paid for them. So have you, for there has been a textbook racket in American education for the past few decades.

★ ★ ★
"BUT THINK OF THE library orders," Arthur mused, happily, and I hardly had the heart to destroy his fond illusion. Libraries usually buy only those books that readers have begun to demand. But how can Arthur get the readers to stampede to the library? It costs much money to produce such a result. Besides, an English book is intrinsically not as motivating as Dale Carnegie's popular little book on winning friends. Furthermore, there are many competing books on English grammar, so Arthur has no monopoly. He would probably make more money by privately printing his book and handling the selling direct. If you want to make more money at writing, play the batting averages and write short stories or enter prize contests. Don't waste a year or two on a book that has a very slim chance of selling 1000 copies and netting you \$100.

French-Toasted Sandwiches



Everybody likes French toast for breakfast, and French-toasted sandwiches with a flavorful ham-and-egg filling are even more likely to be popular. Hot, golden-brown, puffy, with a thin crust of crispness, these are sandwiches de luxe for luncheon or Sunday night supper. Serve them piping hot, with crisp green onions, radishes,

olives and celery. Here is how to make them:

One-fourth cup softened butter or margarine, four slices enriched bread, one-half cup chopped cooked ham, one hard-cooked egg, chopped; two teaspoons prepared mustard, one egg, beaten; one cup milk, one-fourth teaspoon salt.

Allowing two level teaspoons of butter or margarine to each slice, butter the bread. Mix the ham, hard-cooked egg and mustard, and

spread generously on two of the buttered bread slices; cover with the other slices. Dip into the beaten egg mixed with milk and salt; the two sandwiches should take up all the liquid.

Melt rest of fat in a large skillet and fry the sandwiches over low heat until golden brown on both sides, and hot through. Turn only once during cooking. Cut sandwiches in half and serve immediately. Serves two to four.

Economical Menus

By Meta Given

NOW'S a good time to learn how to make some of the unfamiliar fresh vegetables taste so good that your family will be glad (well, almost glad) of point rationing. Lots of people have never gotten acquainted with the gentler side of rutabaga, which is often supposed to be a rather hard-boiled vegetable. But rutabaga responds nicely to babying along a little bit, to sweetening up just a touch, to seasoning simply but carefully; and this tender treatment makes it a culinary gem, because it's inexpensive, plentiful, and goes on all through winter and spring. And in serving today's rutabaga dish, don't get the idea that the chopped parsley is there just for decoration. Parsley is so much richer in vitamin A than most foods that even a little dab of it is worth eating. So get the habit of eating it where you find it.

Parsleyed Rutabaga.
 One and one-half pounds rutabaga, one-half teaspoon salt, one teaspoon sugar, two tablespoons butter or margarine, two tablespoons chopped parsley.
 Slice rutabaga three-fourth inch thick and peel slices; then cut in cubes. Barely cover with cold water, bring to a boil, cover, and simmer for 20 minutes, or until rutabaga is tender. There should be only a few tablespoons of water remaining. Add salt, sugar and butter, heat until butter is melted, and mix lightly. Serve with a sprinkling of chopped parsley. Four servings.

★ ★ ★
MENUS FOR THURSDAY.
Breakfast.
 Sliced oranges, four oranges; prepared cereal, two and one-half cups prepared cereal, top milk, sugar; toast and butter, eight slices whole wheat bread, butter or margarine; jam or jelly, one-fourth cup home-made jam or jelly; cocoa (for all), three tablespoons cocoa, sugar, salt, one tall tin evaporated milk, one and three-fourths cups water, vanilla if desired.

Luncheon.
 Toasted cheese sandwiches, eight slices enriched bread, butter, one-fourth pound cheese, salt; cole

slaw, three cups shredded cabbage, one-fourth cup mayonnaise, one-fourth teaspoon salt, one teaspoon sugar, two-thirds tablespoon top milk; puff pudding with rhubarb sauce, left from Wednesday; milk (for all), four cups milk.

Dinner.
 Veal a la king, three-fourths pound boneless veal, three-fourths teaspoon salt, one cup chopped celery, two tablespoons chopped green pepper, three tablespoons butter, one-fourth cup flour, one and one-fourth cups evaporated milk, pepper, paprika; baked potatoes, four baking potatoes, butter or margarine; parsleyed rutabaga, (see recipe above); bread and butter, eight slices enriched bread, butter or margarine; butterscotch pudding, one cup light corn syrup,

three cups milk, one-third cup brown sugar, one-third cup cornstarch, one-half teaspoon salt, one egg, one-fourth cup butter, one teaspoon vanilla; coffee or cereal beverage (for adults only), three tablespoons coffee or two teaspoons cereal beverage; milk (for children), two cups milk.

Meta Given's new booklet entitled "Fish Encores" not only offers recipes to please every palate but also gives many practical suggestions, such as how to judge the freshness of fish, how to kill strong fish odors, etc. Just address Meta Given, in care of this newspaper. Enclose 10 cents to cover cost of handling and a self-addressed 3c stamped envelope for reply.

JUST STAY AT HOME

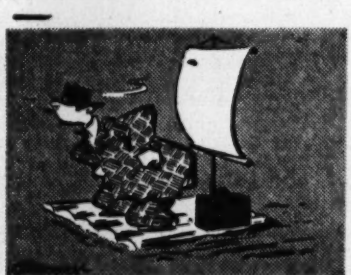
DON'T ride on an airplane. You may take a seat needed by some high-ranking officer of the armed forces or some business executive temporarily engaged in one of the important bureaus of war administration.

Oh, well, a plane would get you there sooner, but, after all, you could reach your destination by train. Don't ride on a train unless you absolutely have to. And don't go on week ends. Leave the trains free for soldiers, sailors, marines, coast guardsmen, Waacs and Waves and Spars, and other members of the services on their way to new posts or going back and forth on furloughs.

All right. You can at least remain in the town in which you live and take a bus or trolley. Don't ride on a bus or trolley if it is at an hour that is likely to conflict with the travel of workers proceeding to or going from their vital tasks in the war plants.

Oh, very well. Then how about the automobile?

Don't use the automobile for pleasure driving. It wears out tires and consumes gasoline and



oil seriously needed for other essential purposes.

Now, let's see. The airplane is out, the train is out, the bus and street car are out and the automobile is out. But there still are feet. It is possible to walk.

Oh, no. Don't walk. Walking wears out shoes and there is a growing shortage so that there aren't more than three pairs per year per person.

Which leads to the conclusion that, if you want to get somewhere just for the fun of it, you can take off your shoes and walk in your bare feet, or otherwise stay right where you are.

CHRISTOPHER BILLOPP.

THEY'LL DO IT EVERY TIME—By Jimmy Hatlo



ALL RIGHT, BOYS! EVERYBODY ON THEIR FEET AND SING THE OLD COLLEGE ANTHEM—ALL HAIL OUR ALMA MATER—

JUST WHEN YOU GET YOUR MOUTH FULL OF FOOD—THEY'LL DO IT EVERY TIME—
 THANK TO PAUL DE ARMITT, FORT WAYNE, IND.

How a Blood Sedimentation Test Is Made

By

Logan Clendening, M. D.

CORRESPONDENT writes to ask what value the laboratory test called the blood sedimentation rate has.

If I had a gift for fiction, I would write a short story to be called "The Man Who Ruined Hallelujahville." In this story, a doctor invents an instrument called the esthesiometer, which measures pain. He goes around his little village sticking it under people's tongues and finds that the life-long whiner hasn't any pain at all, while the poor widow who has been supporting her children by taking in washings registers 100 per cent pain all the time. The revelations of the esthesiometer in my story break up families and ruin the social structure, so probably it is just as well that no such instrument is invented.

The physician, however, would like a reliable means of separating patients who are simply functionally sick and those who have tissue destruction or infection. The thermometer, the pulse rate and the respiratory rate are good rough indices of this kind and a valuable addition is the blood sedimentation rate.

The test is very simply performed: a small amount of blood is put in a sodium citrate solution and left in a tube, upright, at room temperature for an hour. The blood cells settle to the bottom at a certain rate which can be charted. Apparently in conditions where there is tissue destruction or infection, the blood cells are heavier and they fall to the bottom of the tube at a more rapid rate.

★ ★ ★
BY AND LARGE, it is a very reliable and valuable test. It does not make a diagnosis of any specific condition, but simply separates the sheep from the goats—the people who are really sick and the ones who are just complaining. Thus in over 80 per cent of cases of cancer the sedimentation rate was high; in cases of dyspepsia due to actual anatomical disease, such as ulcer of the stomach or gallstones, it is high or borderline in a large percentage of cases.

The border-line readings occur in the milder forms of the condition. In dyspepsia, however, anxiety reactions, irritable colon or dropped stomach, the sedimentation rate is normal in practically every case. Of course, a number of people who have dropped stomach never complain at all, and the assumption is that people who do complain are of a hypersensitive character.

With the doctor shortage looming and the necessity of doctors only for those who are really sick, it looks as if the blood sedimentation rate might be very useful.

★ ★ ★
Lenten Reducing Diet.
 Thursday—900 Calories.

Breakfast: Three stewed prunes (no extra sugar), 75 calories; two slices whole-wheat toast, 100 calories; one teaspoon butter, 50 calories; one cup coffee (no sugar or cream).

Lunch: Three-fourths cup of steamed rice with Spanish tomato sauce, 150 calories; one-fourth head lettuce (French dressing or mayonnaise made of mineral oil, 50 calories; one cup tea (no sugar or cream).

Dinner: One cup cheese soufflé, 200 calories; two-thirds cup shrimp, 100 calories; one cup carrots, 75 calories; one-half grapefruit, baked, 100 calories.

Take My Word for It
 By Frank Colby

Surprise Word of the Week.

The word **FELONIOUS** ("in the manner of a felon") has four, not three, syllables. It should not be pronounced "fel on us." Give the word four distinct syllables, thus: fel-oh-ne-us.

Another surprising thing about "felon" is that a person who has committed a felony, and a felon on the bone of a finger are, etymologically, one and the same: "a fell villain." In both meanings, according to Ernest Weekley, felon derives from the Latin *furunculus*, "a little rascal; a little thief."

★ ★ ★
It's Hard to Believe.

Equally surprising is the origin of Hollywood's 1-A word **GLAMOUR**. Today's column will cause much consternation among personable ladies both in and out of pictures, and many a forgotten dictionary will be dusted off as the incredible years again seek to prove that Colby is having another of his daff days.

Glamour . . . (hold tight) . . . is nothing more nor less than a corrupted spelling of the word **GRAMMAR**. An ancient spelling of grammar was "gramarye," a word that originally meant "grammar; learning." Later, it took on the meaning of "magic learning" or "mysterious knowledge." In the latter sense, gramarye somehow got its spelling dislocated and became the poetic word "glamour."

It's hard to believe that the glamour girls of Beverly Hills are literally beautiful grammarians, but it's true.

A pleasing voice is a valuable social and business asset and vital to success on the stage, screen and radio. My free pamphlet contains many helpful hints on how to cultivate and improve your voice; based on the famous "bel canto" method. Send a stamped (3c), self-addressed envelope to Frank Colby, in care of this paper. Ask for VOICE Pamphlet.

Cousin Otto

By Henry McLemore

U. S. HEAVY BOMBER BASE, SOMEWHERE IN ENGLAND.

THE target for tomorrow had come down from the bomber command. The boys knew where they were going, what they could expect in the way of flak. Seven or eight pilots who would be off with the dawn in Flying Fortresses were lounging in the room. Among them was Capt. Billy Southworth, son of the Billy Southworth who led the Cards to victory over the Yankees in the last world series. The radio was going and BBC was playing its usual sad, melancholy air—something by a composer who apparently had been frustrated in love at least a dozen times. "Turn that damn thing off and get some German music," a pink-cheeked pilot from California said. Someone gave the dials a twist, and from Germany came a swing recording of "Don't Sit Under the Apple Tree."



CAPT. SOUTHWORTH

★ ★ ★
"THAT'S MORE LIKE IT," a jitterbug pilot from Massachusetts said. "The Jerries stink on ice, but at least they give us some music we can listen to without going to sleep." It made you feel funny. Here were boys only a few hours from taking off in the hope of dropping thousand-pounders on Germans, listening to music from that country. It was entirely possible that before another sunset the station they were listening to would be wiped out by their explosives. Southworth laid out his battle dress—a uniform which isn't strictly regulation but which is awfully smart. It cost him better than \$100. "If they get me," Billy said, "they are going to get a well-dressed American. If they shoot me down or I have to bail out, they are going to look at an American who is all dressed up and ready for any party. If I have to spend the night in Berlin, I want them to know that the Southworths are fancy people."

★ ★ ★

"YOU ARE NUTS, BILLY," said Calhoun, from Birmingham. "If they get me, they aren't going to get anything they can salvage. I am going to wear the worst stuff I have, including a pair of socks that haven't been mended since I left Birmingham." "I wonder if we will see Cousin Otto on this trip," said the pilot from Brooklyn. The pilots all speculated on this, and agreed that Cousin Otto probably would be around. Cousin Otto, I learned, is a German pilot who flies a Focke-Wulf and is one of the hottest things in the air. All the boys know him. They swear he has come so close to them that they know he has green eyes, one gold tooth, a little red mustache and speaks very good English. All of them want to get Cousin Otto. It would be a feather in their caps, but they speak of him with what borders on regard and affection. They know he is a hell of a flyer and they have for him that feeling that exists between men who look at death in the skies.

NEW...a CREAM DEODORANT

which safely

STOPS under-arm PERSPIRATION

1. Does not rot dresses or men's shirts. Does not irritate skin.
2. No waiting to dry. Can be used right after shaving.
3. Instantly stops perspiration 1 to 3 days. Removes odors from perspiration, keeps armpits dry.
4. A pure, white, greaseless, stainless vanishing cream.
5. Arrid has been awarded the Approval Seal of The American Institute of Laundering for being harmless to fabric.

Arrid is the largest selling deodorant

...Buy a jar today... at any store which sells toilet goods.

39¢ a jar

Also in 10¢ and 99¢ jars.

ARRID

RE-DYE FADED or ODD NYLON & OTHER STOCKINGS

at home—quickly, perfectly

2¢ a pair or less

All Smart Shades!

Tintex Stocking Dyes make precious stockings last longer, look better! They are real dyes—as good as the original colors. Require no boiling! A few minutes are all you need for professional results! Easy! Simple! A sensation! Used by millions! 10¢ a package (good for 8 pairs or more) at drug, dept. and 10¢ stores.

Re-match Odd Stockings!
 Make your odd stockings useable again! First use Tintex Color Remover on them, keeping solution well under the boil. This removes sufficient old color. Then simply re-dye a matched color with Tintex Stocking Dye. 10¢ or 15¢ a box.

Tintex

STOCKING DYES

PARK & TILFORD PRODUCT

My OPINION

By MARTHA CARR

Dear Martha Carr:

ABOUT a year ago I met a nice fellow and grew very fond of him, and he fell in love with me. Before he went out with me he was very much in love with a girl who had been married before, had a child, and was not yet divorced. Later she asked him if she should return to her husband and he said yes, for the baby's sake. Then he began to grow very fond of me. Three months ago we married. In the past three weeks this woman has been trying to get him interested in her again, and he now seems to have her on his mind. One night he told me he was going out with a fellow who was leaving for the Army. I thought it was nice to show a fellow who was leaving a good time. Later I found out he was not with a man but with this other girl. I am a very jealous person, and when I ask him to explain himself he jumps up and walks out mad. Shall I go to this girl and talk to her, or what shall I do?

It's almost too much to hope that a heartbroken, disillusioned bride of three months will find within herself the strength and maturity to think of her troubled husband, drawn to another woman, as she would of a child in the crisis of an illness. Yet if you can forget your own hurt long enough to appreciate his bewilderment, you'll realize why only a tip-toe patience on your part will save a break. Few newlyweds are called upon so soon after they've shaken the rice from their hair to muster the understanding that a man needs when his heart seems divided. Tell him honestly, "I'm sorry if I seemed angry, sorry if you're mixed up. If there's anything you want to talk to me about, at any time, please do. Beginning right now I want you to know that you've a wife who'll go on trying to make you happy." You'll have to prove that statement, often when you feel like shedding a Lake Erie of tears instead. But the little pride you swallow now, trying to help him through some painful moments, will be no future lump in your throat if you succeed in finding the happy ending.

IN ANSWER TO "M. E.": Don't you really believe that most of the complaints your husband registers are due to other irritations, and that he no more means them than you intend to make harsh replies? It's difficult, but all wives must learn to make allowance for the fact that Mr. Breadwinner is often tired at the end of the day, perhaps worried about business, payments on the house, a dozen other things. Then when he comes home and finds things not just as he would like them, he forgets that you've been nailed to troubles of your own, to household chores, marketing, chasing after active children, and he can't expect the domestic finish of a Samuel Goldwyn production. You must both learn to understand each other's problems, not to vent your irritation on each other, and not think or speak divorce every time a cross word is spoken or a button not sewed on. Each of you has growing up to do. Your suggestion is wise; a few days visiting mother or a nearby relative might clear the atmosphere.

IN ANSWER TO "Teen-Agers": Thirteen is an age as tender as the steaks we can't get anymore, and far too young for being squirmed about by lads a few years older. Mixed parties at your homes, chaperoned picnics and skating parties, are definitely on the list of permissible good times. But rouse and lipstick and boy friends are to be saved for a day when you can manage them all with growing-up discretion.

IN ANSWER TO "O. R.": Issuance of the release has probably slipped your former employer's mind. Call at his office, telephone or write him, and remind him that when you left his employ several weeks ago he promised to send you one. Unless your supervisor does this it may be difficult for you to get another defense job.

IN ANSWER TO Mrs. P. H.: If you will go to the Family Service Department of the Red Cross, I think they will be able to help find your husband, and persuade him to send the proper support for his child.

Table Manners

By Emily Post

CERTAIN uses to which a table knife may be put are acceptable in degree to the use (meaning skill) with which the knife can be manipulated. I refer to the two uses mentioned in the following letter: "Is it proper to use a knife to help fill one's fork with food and also to help get the last few bites of food from one's plate onto the fork?"

The answer depends upon "the how" it is done: The knife is held in the left hand (exactly as it is usually held in the right) and used to barricade last morsels of slide-away foods such as corn and peas, which might otherwise lead the fork to pursue them over the edge of the plate, is the best substitute for the small dry crust of bread, which is likely to get soggy and broken down and look unappetizing. Holding the knife and fork in cutting position and using the point of the knife to help lift a little vegetable on the fork on top of the meat, is also quite all right. But the very real don't here is not to pile too much food too high up against the tines of the fork!

DEAR MRS. POST: A young relative announced her engagement not long ago. She had not intended to marry right away, but her fiancé was called up for foreign duty and so they were married almost before anyone knew it. What shall her relatives and friends do, in the groom's absence, for her? That is, shall we give her parties and showers just the same, and send her wedding presents; or would it be more suitable to wait until after the war when he will be home and they are settled in their own home?

Answer: Intimate gatherings of relatives and friends will be all right for the duration, but any large general parties should be put off for later. Send wedding presents just the same, but why not give them in the form of Victory Bonds, and stamps for bonds, these to serve the double purpose of helping to end the war and to be put away for later, when the bride and groom can spend the money together for whatever they most want?



A HANDSOME TWEED COAT, WITH SHOULDERS CUT IN RAGLAN STYLE.

BUYING a spring coat this year means much more than keeping up with the styles. In fact, the style of a coat counts far less than it has for many years. Such points as durability and functionalism mean much more now, and are the two considerations demanding recognition.

The new fashions that have developed within recent months have come about because of a need rather than because designers thought it was time to change the silhouette or the color chart. For example, many more loose-fitting coats have been featured and the fashion for them has been a highlight of the mode. Models which look casual and fit comfortably over a suit jacket have gained preference over the snug-fitting types. Tailored themes rather than elaborately trimmed ones also have gained greater acceptance because women have greater need for simple than for dressy types.

These loose-fitting coats of the raglan shoulder and the Chesterfield type continue their popularity for spring, and offer the best solution of the coat problem for the woman who wants one model to serve for many purposes and to carry on indefinitely in war times. Sufficient variety is offered in the way of fabric, color and tailoring details to avoid monotony and to give the owner an opportunity to inject bits of her own individuality into her completed ensemble.

Outstanding among the loose-fitting coats are the three-quarter-length or slightly shorter "toppers" which compete with the full-length style for popularity. If a woman insists upon having a coat that looks new in addition to one which fulfills all of the other requirements of today's clothes, then the shorter type should be considered.

NEW SPRING COATS

Designed to Fit Duration Needs, They Are Suitable to Wear With Great Variety of Costumes

By Sylvia Stiles



LEFT, A "BOBTAIL" COAT OF COVERT CLOTH, WITH VELVETEEN COLLAR. CENTER, PLAID COAT IN THE POPULAR "WINDOW-PANE" DESIGN. RIGHT, SAILOR-TYPE COAT OF NAVY BLUE WOOLEN, LINED WITH BRILLIANT RED.

The preferred model is slightly longer than finger-tip length, and usually hits the wearer just above the knees.

The "toppers," like their longer and slightly older rivals, can be worn not only during the spring, but during any season when a medium-weight wrap is needed. They prove a wise investment because of this, and also because they look well with any type of costume from a dinner dress to slacks. You can wear one of these brief coats over a suit and be comfortably and attractively attired, while the same coat is becomingly worn with a crepe frock. For slacks they represent the ideal topper, being much more suitable and becoming than the longer coat.

As many different varieties of these shorter toppers are available as are the styles of the long-

er, casual coat. There is the sailor's pea jacket style and the fly-front covert theme such as sketched, the double-breasted, braided bandmaster style which is slightly dressy, the mandarin coat devoid of collar, and the belted shortie with square shoulders and deep pockets. Bright colors as well as dull ones are represented in the collections. At present, the high shades have preference over the others because women seem more inclined to indulge their liking for color in a short coat than they do in buying a full length one.

Regardless of the length of a topper for spring the content of woolen is an item which attracts the eye. Shoppers have learned to look at labels and consider the fabric in relation to the price. Linings also are studied for quality as well as for appearance. Workmanship and fitting are two other features which attract now that a coat is expected to do duty for many months rather than for a single season.

In buying a coat now, it is well to remember that substitutes often must be accepted because it frequently is impossible to get the style, fabric and color in the size that is needed. Also, if one sees a coat that is acceptable, the best policy is to buy it immediately rather than to start shopping around. Too much looking is likely to result in disappointment.

The coats sketched from St. Louis retail collections represent the types which fit duration needs and which will be suitable for wear with a great variety of costumes. Shown at extreme left is a Wallace tweed coat which has a handsome

well as for appearance. Workmanship and fitting are two other features which attract now that a coat is expected to do duty for many months rather than for a single season.

In buying a coat now, it is well to remember that substitutes often must be accepted because it frequently is impossible to get the style, fabric and color in the size that is needed. Also, if one sees a coat that is acceptable, the best policy is to buy it immediately rather than to start shopping around. Too much looking is likely to result in disappointment.

The coats sketched from St. Louis retail collections represent the types which fit duration needs and which will be suitable for wear with a great variety of costumes. Shown at extreme left is a Wallace tweed coat which has a handsome

TOMORROW'S HOROSCOPE by WYNN

Thursday, March 11.

A FAST-STEPPING day; be alert to the new; exercise ingenuity; meet and deal with progressive people. Double check decisions in p. m. Combine old with new after 2:30 p. m. Evening offers release from recently binding conditions.

Everything Is Symbolic.

Reality is that which we have to symbolize in order to communicate it to other people from our minds to theirs. When we try to list all the ways there are to symbolize the realities of life we soon come to the conclusion that everything in this life is only a symbol. Try to imagine something, anything, that isn't symbolic, representative of something greater behind it, of something more real.

Your Year Ahead.

Your year ahead from birthday today alters domestic pattern, focuses any problems. New goals due. More emotional harmony till September. All year push your ambitions. Danger: May 3-15, Sept. 25-Nov. 14, Feb. 25-March 9.

Friday.

Control recklessness; keep the old keel level.

My Neighbor Says:

To loosen dirt on linoleum, add a few tablespoons of kerosene to the water with which it is to be washed.

Try this some time in your ginjarale—put one tablespoon marshmallow cherry juice and several of the cherries in each glass.

When the children come home from school tired and hungry, serve them peanut butter sandwiches with a tall glass of orange juice.

One of the first outdoor operations in spring is the repairing of established lawns, if they have suffered in the winter, and the sowing of seeds if new lawns were made ready last fall.

MARGARET PINKUS.

Snow and Rain Delay Garden Schedule

WITH a big "X" crossed through this week on our Victory Garden Calendar, we may have to postpone planting dates and change some of our tactics. Until the soil has dried out again there can be no spading. We can use the time to good advantage with some more planning and indoor work. And maybe you will enjoy sharing my thoughts on the possible effects of the snow and rain.

What the Snow Does: "Snow adds to the nitrogen content" (one of the big three of the fertilizers) of the soil—I read somewhere a few months ago. I've tried to find out "how" in the scientific books. Not a word of explanation! Thinking out this "snow question," here are my conclusions: Snow, falling through the city air, picks up dust particles, carbon from the smoke, bacteria, etc.—carries them along with it down onto the soil. Under a microscope that fluffy blanket of frozen water is alive with tiny animals, is full of minerals.

Snow versus Rain: Rain, especially on clay, rushes over the surface and carries down the sewers a good deal of the soil nutrients. But not snow! As it slowly melts, it seeps down, carrying along the micro-organisms and the minerals that mean more food for the plants we want to grow. The snow is also a sort of insulator. Under it, the temperature of the soil, combined with the water seeping down, should be a fine tonic for the bacteria that turn the chemicals in the soil into plant foods.

But Put Off the Digging. Remember the test for the time for soil cultivating? Take up a handful, press it lightly. If water squeezes out—it's too wet. If it forms a compact ball—it's too wet. If, as you open your fingers, the soil breaks apart, or crumbles on slight pressure—start cultivating. Remember, never work the soil at the wrong time. You will ruin its tilth, turn your garden soil into brickish lumps.

A Word About Birds. This wintry spell may be your last chance to prove to the birds that you

want them as allies in the battle to grow food. Feed the birds with dried bread, sunflower seeds, mixed chicken feed or whatever—and maybe they will stay around this summer and join the "volunteer corps" for the attack on insects. With sprays, and all the insecticides rather scarce this year—the birds can help us harvest more vegetables. The robins and the blue birds and the sparrows, competed last spring for the plump white grubs and beetles we uncovered as we cultivated. Later, when some of the insect enemies settled on the stringbeans and cabbages—the birds had fine hunting in the garden. They are my "Air Corps for Insect Extermination"—as well as a joy to have around.

The seriousness of the food problem makes all of us—beginners and experienced gardeners—want to raise bigger crops, have larger gardens than ever. We will have to make the most of our time and of our energy. Good tools and the right tools will be real assets—you can't be a successful gardener without them. You will not need many tools for a small garden so don't try to save money on tools. Here are a few tips on how to select the right "weapons" for our campaign.

Tap a good garden tool and it will ring clear—that means it is made of tempered steel. Look at the wood handle. Is it straight-grained, smoothly finished? Yes? Then your hand will take it up with pleasure many a time; it won't split, splinter or crack. Now notice how the handle fits into the tool. Tool and handle won't stay together long if the tool's shaft isn't made to form a hollow cone into which the wood fits. And the tool's edge won't stay sharp and bright to make your work easier, unless it is of tempered steel.

The big three in tools are: 1. Spading Fork or Spade—the tool for the main muscle work in getting your garden off to a good start. The so-called "English" digging fork, well balanced and with a high shank, is the choice of most

experienced gardeners. Especially in clay soil, it makes the "push" a little easier.

2. "Warren" or Square Hoe—and my choice is the "Warren." Whoever he was, he was a gardener after my own heart—for the "heart-shaped hoe named after him is the only kind I ever use. I find that its sharp point cuts through the clods beautifully, its curved sides make "hilling" simpler, it makes a perfect row for seeds and then, inverted, the "ears" do a perfect cover-up job over the seeds.

3. Curved-tooth Rake—my standby to pulverize the small clods after hoeing and before planting the seeds. I push it back and forth, at first lightly and then almost its full depth as the soil becomes finer—to make a bed any seed will be glad to grow in. Later on, the rake will save some hard work in weeding. Of course, the straight-tooth rake is also an excellent tool—but not for me.

It is not essential to success in the small garden, but garden "rookies" and "generals" will find victory easier with a "Speedy Cultivator." It is a four-tined, rather lightweight tool, easy to use between the rows to keep the top soil loose and get rid of small weeds. A good steel hand trowel (about 7 inches long), kept sharp and shiny, makes transplanting more successful and I couldn't begin to list all the uses I've found for it.

Caring for Tools: It takes but a few seconds to clean and oil a tool just after you have used it. Wipe the mud off with a stick or newspaper, then have handy a rag doused in old crankcase oil to rub over the surfaces (keep it in a can near your tools). Once or twice during the season, you'll want a flat steel file to bring back like-new edges—file at a rather flat bevel (about 45 degrees), for a razor thin edge wears off much too fast. The "Manual of Arms" for the gardener says: "Keep your tools clean and bright and they will do their jobs more easily and last longer."

Humiliating Defeat for Bridge Team

By Ely Culbertson

FEW things in bridge are as humiliating—not to mention costly—as for a team to double a low contract and, by throwing away two tricks on defense, to fulfill said contract for the declarer. Note today's hand:

North, dealer.
Both sides vulnerable.
Match point duplicate.

The bidding:

North 1 heart Pass East 1 no trump Pass South 1 no trump Pass West 1 no trump Pass

West, certain that his partner was "loaded" in hearts and not liking to lead away from his honors in the other three suits, made the unorthodox but not illogical lead of the heart ten. Dummy ducked and East's queen held. East, on the theory that West might have something like the K-J of spades, from which he would be unable to lead, returned the spade eight. Declarer ducked and West's queen forced the ace. Now a low heart was led from Dummy and East was guilty of the first defensive error when he failed to hop up with the king. Declarer's jack won and a diamond was led toward the K-J-10. West ducked and the ten held. Now a club was led toward the closed hand. East played low and when declarer put in the ten spot, West furthered his own and partner's ruin by permitting the ten to hold. As West afterward explained, he was afraid that declarer had a good club suit and that if he, West, were to take the ace on the first round, leaving a club in dummy as a communication card, declarer later would be able to run several club tricks. This reasoning, although not far-fetched, was not good. East hardly would have left in the double to one no trump on nothing but the K-Q of hearts in high cards.

After the club ten held, declarer led another diamond in dummy. West hopped up with the ace and still could have defeated the contract by returning a diamond. Unfortunately, at this point West made still another error by attempting to clear his spade suit. He led the spade king and another spade. Declarer neatly unblocked his spade jack on the king and won the spade continuation in dummy with the ten. Then was able to cash the heart ace and the diamond king for the fulfilling tricks.

Through no effort on his own behalf could declarer have made even six tricks, but through the help of the so-called defenders, he came out with seven tricks and a fulfilled contract.

Write your bridge troubles and problems to Ely Culbertson, care of this paper, inclosing a self-addressed, stamped envelope.

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Guadalcanal Diary

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Based
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Book-of-the-Month

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BY RICHARD TREGASKIS
ILLUSTRATIONS BY I. B. HAZELTON

A LIGHT APPEARED IN THE SKY.



A SHELL WHIZZED OVERHEAD AND CRASHED.



OUR BATTERIES FIRED INCESSANTLY.



"REINFORCEMENTS ARE ON THE WAY UP."

SATURDAY, Sept. 12—When somebody came into our tent at about 9 o'clock last night and shouted, "Get up, fellas, we're moving up the ridge," we did not waste any time, but grabbed our helmets and shoes and dashed out. Only a few minutes later, from the ridge-top, we saw a pinpoint of green light appear in the sky to the north. The light spread into the glow of a flare, and then we heard the mosquito hum of a Jap float plane. It was "Louie, the Louie"—a generic name for any of the Jap planes which come to annoy us at night.

Louie flew leisurely, as he always does, dropping flares. And then we saw flashes of naval gunfire coming from the direction of Kukum. A shell whizzed over our heads and crashed a few hundred

yards back. There was a second's pause, and then more flashes followed, so continuously that the sky seemed to be flickering constantly, and the shells whined overhead almost in column. They kept coming for minutes on end, skimming over the trees under which we were lying. We simply lay there clutching the side of the ridge and hoping the Japs would continue to fire too high.

Our observation posts reported that four Jap warships were swinging back and forth offshore, bombarding the beach line.

The shelling finally stopped, and the small arms fire dwindled. But we did not go back into the valley. I slipped my poncho over my head, put on my mosquito headnet and my helmet, and lay down on the top of the hard ridge to sleep.

Monday, Sept. 14—Shortly after midnight the din of firing became

tremendous. Our batteries were banging incessantly, fire from the direction of the Raider lines swelled into a cascade of sound, and Louie the Louie was flying about the pitch-black sky dropping his flares.

We were drawing up a strong skirmish line on the ridgetop. Reinforcements were on their way up. We knew that the Raiders, Col. Edson's people, out on the ridge, had their hands full, and that a major Jap effort to break through our lines and seize the airport had begun. Snipers were filtering in. Ricocheting bullets whistled among the trees. We plastered ourselves flat on the ground. A stream of tracer bullets arched through the trees from behind us. It seemed now that the Japs were all around.

CONTINUED TOMORROW.

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Beauty and You

By Patricia Lindsay

ONE of our current authors once wrote a cruel couplet about girls who wear glasses and tens of thousands of girls and women promptly decided they would rather be half-blind than devoid of glamour. Much persuasion, propaganda and spectacle styling were needed to bring the female population to its senses about better vision. That was done, thank heaven.

Now the hearing-aid field has the same problem. It seems as if women choose to appear dumb, as well as deaf, rather than equip themselves with a mechanical aid to better hearing. This is too bad for their efficiency is greatly decreased and the pleasure of theater, concert and conversation is terribly limited. The strain they inflict upon themselves adds aging lines and creates nervousness.

I have a motto which I would like women who are hard of hearing to repeat to themselves. It is simply: Good sense pays dividends. It is good sense to try to correct deafness even if it requires the wearing of a mechanical device.

After all, eyeglasses are a mechanical device and legion are the women, beauties and those not so beautiful, who wear them.

How much better to have your face look alive and interested than dumb. Then, too, your mind is kept so much more active if you hear what is going on about you.

Many deaf persons, too, shy from using make-up and from dressing their hair in becoming stylish coiffures. This again is a mistake. Deaf, or slightly deaf women should pay particular attention to eye make-up. Their eyes should be made as attractive and expressive as possible. Brows should be trim, lashes grown long and tinted dark, eyes kept sparkling from frequent eye baths, and lids high-lighted with a bit of eye cream or vaseline.

Because of the strain felt, many women suffer with dry skin. Skin should be pampered every day with massage and a make-up foundation with a little glow in its color should be used beneath the face powder. Simply because the face does not look as alive as normal.

if the ears do not function properly, it should be made to look alive through the use of proper cosmetics and by the wearing of any device which would aid in hearing. I cannot recommend any special hearing device. I am only urging those who find it hard to hear to investigate the market and use an instrument to bring greater joy into their lives and more beauty into their faces.

If you're growing tired of your current make-up pattern, why not try some new tricks? Patricia Lindsay offers "Advanced Make-Up Tricks" in her leaflet No. 79, which she will send you if you will write her in care of this newspaper, P. O. Box 75, Station O, New York, N. Y. Enclose 5 cents, coin preferred, to cover postage and handling costs.

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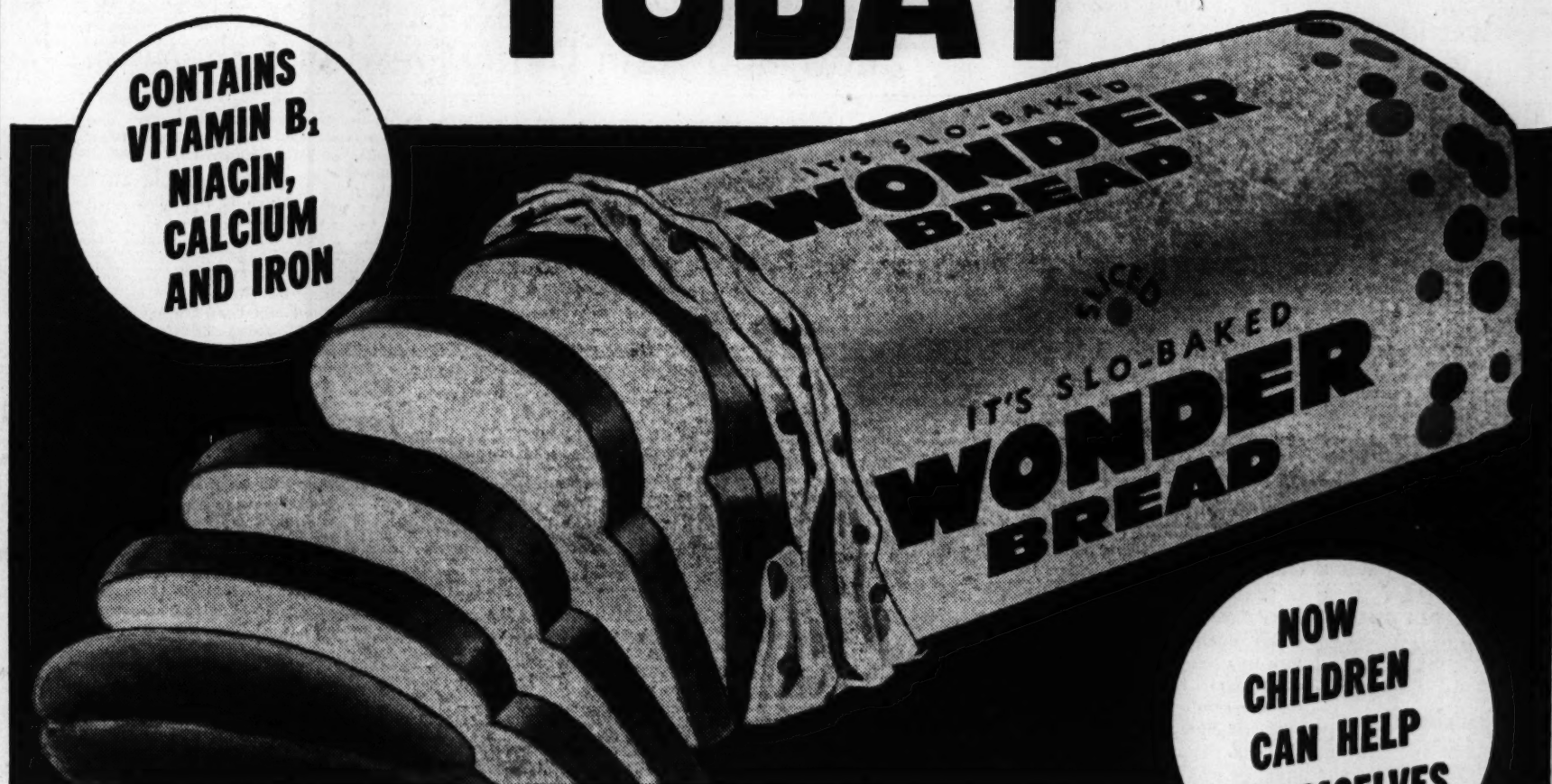


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